KDIGO CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINE FOR ANEMIA IN CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE



KDIGO Online Supplemental Tables August 2012

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS FOR SUPPLEMENTAL TABLES

5D	CKD Stage 5, Dialysis	L	Liter
α	Alfa	LVD	Left ventricular dilation
AE	Adverse event	LVH	Left ventricular hypertrophy
AKI	Acute kidney disease	μg	Microgram
Anti-HT	Antihypertensive	M	Male
AV	Arteriovenous	MACE	Major adverse cardiac event
AVR	Arteriovenous fistula	MAP	Mean arterial pressure
β	Beta	mg	Milligram
BP	Blood pressure	MI	Myocardial infarction
CHD	Coronary heart disease	mL	Milliliter
CHF	Congestive heart failure	NA	Not applicable
Cl	Confidence interval	nd	Not documented
CKD	Chronic kidney disease	ng	Nanogram
CKD:5D	CKD Stage 5-Dialysis	Non-inf	Non-inferior
Cum Fe dose	Cumulative iron dose	NOS	Not otherwise specified
CV	Cardiovascular	NS	Not significant
CV Hosp	Cardiovascular hospitalization	OR	Odds ratio
CVA	Cerebrovascular accident	PD	Peritoneal dialysis
CVD	Cardiovascular disease	pmol	Picomole
DBP	Diastolic blood pressure	PO	Oral
D/C	Discontinued	PP	Per-protocol
dL	Deciliter	pt	Patient
DVT	Deep vein thrombosis	PTH	Parathyroid hormone
eGFR	estimated GFR	QoL	Quality of life
EPO	Epoetin	QW	Once weekly
ERT	Evidence review team	Q2W	Once every 2 weeks
ESA	Erythropoiesis-stimulating	Q4W	Once every 4 weeks
	agent		
ESA vs. Pl	ESA versus Placebo	RBC	Red blood cell
ESRD	End-stage renal disease	rHuEPO	Recombinant human erythropoietin
EU	Europe	RR	Relative risk
F	Female	RRT	Renal replacement therapy
Fe	Iron	SAE	Serious adverse event
g	Gram	SBP	Systolic blood pressure
GFR	Glomerular filtration rate	SC	Subcutaneous
Gl	Gastrointestinal	θ	Theta
H vs. L	High versus Low	Т	Transplant
h	Hour	TIW	Three times per week
Hb	Hemoglobin	TSAT	Transferrin saturation
		U	Unit
Hct	Hematocrit	UI	Unique identifier
HD	Hemodialysis	UK	United Kingdom
HR	Hazards ratio	US	United States
HTN	Hypertension	UTI	Urinary tract infection
HX575	Recombinant human epoetin	wk	Week
	alfa		
ITT	Intention-to-treat	XS	Cross-sectional
IU	International units	y	Year
IV	Intravenous	ζ	Zeta
kg	Kilogram		

All articles can be identified by the PubMed IDs following UI prefix

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Supplemental Table 1. Association between iron status and level of anemia in multivariable analyses Supplemental Table 2. Summary table of RCT examining the effect of IV iron + EPO vs. EPO only in patients with HD-CKD (categorical outcomes) Supplemental Table 3. Summary table of RCT examining the effect of IV iron + EPO vs. EPO only in patients with HD-CKD (continuous outcomes) Supplemental Table 4. Summary table of adverse events in RCT examining the effect of IV iron + EPO vs. EPO only in patients with HD-CKD (continuous outcomes) Supplemental Table 5. Association between cumulative iron dose and clinical outcome in multivariable analyses Supplemental Table 6. Association between iron status and clinical outcome in multivariable analyses Supplemental Table 7. Association between anemia severity (prior to erythropoietin use) and clinical outcome in multivariable analyses Supplemental Table 8. Association between hyperparathyroidism and ESA responsiveness in multivariable analyses Supplemental Table 9. Evidence profile of RCTs comparing higher vs. lower Hb targets/ESA doses in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations Supplemental Table 10. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on key clinical outcomes in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations Supplemental Table 11, Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on quality of life in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations Supplemental Table 12. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on Fatigue, Vitality/Energy, and Physical function in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations Supplemental Table 13. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on non-CVD/mortality adverse event rates in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations Supplemental Table 14. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on exercise capacity in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations Supplemental Table 15. Evidence profile of RCTs comparing different higher vs. lower Hb targets/ESA doses in the ND-CKD populations Supplemental Table 16. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on key clinical outcomes in the ND-CKD population Supplemental Table 17. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on quality of life in the ND-CKD population Supplemental Table 18. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on Fatigue, Vitality/Energy, and Physical function in the ND-CKD population Supplemental Table 19. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on non-CVD/mortality adverse event rates in the ND-CKD population Supplemental Table 20. ESA protocols from the major trials in CKD populations Supplemental Table 21. Evidence profile of RCTs examining IV vs. SC EPO in CKD patients with anemia Supplemental Table 22. Summary table of RCTs examining IV vs. SC ESA in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes) Supplemental Table 23. Summary table of RCTs examining IV vs. SC ESA in CKD patients with anemia (continuous outcomes) Supplemental Table 24. Summary table of adverse events in RCTs examining IV vs. SC EPO in CKD patients with anemia Supplemental Table 25. Evidence profile of RCTs examining different dosing schedules in CKD patients with anemia Supplemental Table 26. Summary table of RCTs examining different dosing schedules in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes)

Supplemental Table 27. Summary table of RCTs examining different dosing schedules in CKD patients with anemia (continuous outcomes) Supplemental Table 28. Summary table of adverse events in RCTs examining different dosing schedules in CKD patients with anemia

Supplemental Table 32. Summary table of adverse events in RCTs examining ESA vs. ESA in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes)

Supplemental Table 30. Summary table of RCTs examining ESA vs. ESA in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes) Supplemental Table 31. Summary table of RCTs examining ESA vs. ESA in CKD patients with anemia (continuous outcomes)

Supplemental Table 29. Evidence profile of RCTs examining ESA vs. ESA in CKD patients with anemia

Supplemental Table 1. Association between iron status and level of anemia in multivariable analyses

Country	N	Ctudu Vaara	Maan Fallow up Duration		Baseline		Duadiatas	Outcome	Accesiation
Country	N	Study Years	Mean Follow-up Duration	Hb (g/dL)	CKD Stage	Fe Status	Predictor	Outcome	Association
US [UI18469314]	1499	2005	XS	12.1	CKD 5D: HD	Fe deficiency 31% ¹	Fe deficiency ²	Hb <11 g/dL	<u> </u>
UK [UI16595586]	878	2004	XS	12.9	CKD Stage1-4 T	Ferritin <100 µg/L: 47%	Lower Ferritin	Lower Hb	<u> </u>
						TSAT 22% ³	TSAT		\leftrightarrow
US [UI9375826	139	1990-1994	1-5 y	Hct 24%	CKD 5D: HD initiation	Ferritin 235 U/L	Ferritin	Hct	\leftrightarrow
						Serum Fe 55 U/L	Serum Fe		\leftrightarrow

Predictor not statistically significantly associated with outcome (p<0.05).

Significant "positive" association between predictor value (as described) and increased likelihood of outcome.

Significant "negative" association between predictor value (as described) and decreased likelihood of outcome.

 $^{^1}$ (1) Ferritin <200 ng/mL or (2) ferritin <800 ng/mL and saturation <20%. Mean ferritin = 628 ng/mL, mean transferrin saturation = 26%, mean transferrin = 176 μ g/dL. 2 Serum transferrin 2.6 , serum iron 20 , TSAT 37%. 3 Total iron binding capacity 254

Supplemental Table 2. Summary table of RCT examining the effect of IV iron + EPO vs. EPO only in patients with HD-CKD (categorical outcomes)

		Outcome		ments yzed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglob	oin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
↑Hb <u>></u> 2g/dL	DRIVE 2007 UI172677140 US	6 wk (6 wk)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 66/68	↑25% EPO 66/66	CKD 5D: HD	18%/759 ng/mL (19%/765 ng/mL)	33498 IU/wk (35128 IU/wk)	10.4 (10.2)	11.9 (11.3)	47% (29%)		0.041	Good

Supplemental Table 3. Summary table of RCT examining the effect of IV iron + EPO vs. EPO only in patients with HD-CKD (continuous outcomes)

		Outcome Assessmen		ments yzed / Enrolled)	-	Baseline TSAT/	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	t Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Hb													
ΔHb, g/dL	DRIVE 2007 UI172677140 US	6 wk (6 wk)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 66/68	↑25% EPO 66/66	CKD 5D: HD	18%/759 ng/mL (19%/765 ng/mL)	33498 IU/wk (35128 IU/wk)	10.4 (10.2)	11.9 (11.3)	10.4 (10.2)	1.6 (1.1)	0.014	Good
∆Hb, g/dL	DRIVE 2008 UI18216316 US	12 wks (6 wks)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 56/ 64	↑25% EPO 56/65	CKD 5D: HD	26%/934 ng/mL (21%/582 ng/mL)	37500 IU/wk (37700 IU/wk)	11.9 (11.4)	12.1 (11.6)	nd	0.2 (0.2)	NS (0.43)	Good
ESA													
Median ∆ESA dose, IU/wk	DRIVE 2008 UI18216316 US	12 wks (6 wks)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 56/ 64	↑25% EPO 56/65	CKD 5D: HD	26%/934 ng/mL (21%/582 ng/mL)	37500 IU/wk (37700 IU/wk)	11.9 (11.4)	12.1 (11.6)	37500 (37700)	-7600 (+700)	0.017	Good
Median ∆ESA dose, IU/kg/wk	DRIVE 2008 UI18216316 US	12 wks (6 wks)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 56/ 64	↑25% EPO 56/65	CKD 5D: HD	26%/934 ng/mL (21%/582 ng/mL)	568 IU/wk (639 IU/wk)	11.9 (11.4)	12.1 (11.6)	568 (639)	-102 (5)	nd	Good
Median∆ ESA dose in patients with a ferritin ≤800, IU/wk	DRIVE 2008 UI18216316 US	12 wks (6 wks)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 33/34	↑25% EPO 31/33	CKD 5D: HD	24%/698 ng/mL (20/453 ng/mL)	548 IU/wk (679 IU/wk)	11.9 (11.4)	12.0 (11.5	548 (679)	445 (671)	nd	Good
Median (IQR) ΔΕΡΟ dose in patients with a ferritin >800 ng/mL, IU/kg/wk	DRIVE 2008 UI18216316 US	12 wks (6 wks)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 22/23	↑25% EPO 22/22	CKD 5D: HD	26%/1139 ng/mL (23%/762 ng/mL)	582 IU/wk (600 IU/wk)	12.0 (11.4)	12.3 (11.7)	582 (600)	605 (500)	nd	Good

Supplemental Table 4. Summary table of adverse events in RCT examining the effect of IV iron + EPO vs. EPO only in patients with HD-CKD (adverse events)

	A 4 la a	Outcome		tments yzed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Results		
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Assessmen t Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
SAEs (patients) since beginning of DRIVE										nd	15 (23%) [20 (30%)]	NS (>0.05)
Cardiac AEs since beginning of DRIVE	•									Cardiac arrest, CHF, cardiorespiratory arrest, endocarditis, MIs, pulmonary edema, and arrhythmias	6 (9%) [9 (14%)]	NS (>0.05)
GI Disorders since beginning of DRIVE		12 wks	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 66/68	↑25% EPO 66/66	CKD 5D: HD		33498 IU/wk	10.4	11.9	Abdominal pain, ischemic colitis, gastric erosions, acute pancreatitis, and peritonitis	1 (2%) [4 (2%)]	NS (>0.05)
Vascular Disorders since beginning of DRIVE	DRIVE 2008 UI18216316	(6 wks)	00/00			18%/759 ng/mL (19%/765	(35128 IU/wk)	(10.2)		Gangrene, hematoma, HTN, hypotension, and TIA	3 (5%) [4 (6%)]	NS (>0.05)
Infections since beginning of DRIVE	- US					ng/mL)				Cellulitis, clostridial gastroenteritis, implant infections, pneumonia, sepsis, and skin and SC abscesses	4 (6%) [10 (15%)]	NS (>0.05)
SAEs (events) since beginning of DRIVE			IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 15/68	↑25% EPO 20/66						nd	22 ⁴ [38]	NS (>0.05)
SAEs since end of DRIVE	_	6 wks (6 wks)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 56/ 64	↑25% EPO 56/65			37500 IU/wk (37700 IU/wk)	11.9 (11.4)	12.1 (11.6)	nd	8 (14%) [13 (23%)]	NS (>0.05)

⁴ Total SAE's were significantly higher in the "no iron" arm over 12 weeks (Kapoian CJASN 2007), and also that those who never received iron during the 12 weeks had the highest rate of SAE's while those randomized to IV iron had the lowest rate of SAE's (Coyne NDT 2011)

	Author	Outcome		ments yzed / Enrolled)		Baseline TSAT/	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Results		
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Assessmen t Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
Blood disorders	DRIVE 2007 UI17267714 0 US	6 wk (6 wk)	IV Ferric gluconate [125 mg X 8] + ↑25% EPO 66/68	↑25% EPO 66/66	CKD 5D: HD	18%/759 ng/mL (19%/765 ng/mL)	33498 IU/wk (35128 IU/wk)	10.4 (10.2)	11.9 (11.3)	Anemia and coagulation disorders	1 (2%) [4 (6%)]	NS (>0.05)

Supplemental Table 5. Association between cumulative iron dose and clinical outcome in multivariable analyses

			Mean Follow-up			Baseline	Predictor			Associa	ation
Country	N	Study Years	Duration	Hb (g/dL)	CKD Stage	Cum Fe Dose (mg)	(Comparator)	Death	CVD	ESRD	Other
							>1800 mg	↑7			
			~1.3 y ⁶				1000-1800 mg	^8			
US [UI15153574	31,095	96-97 ⁵	(6 mo analysis)	<10: 39%	5 HD	>1800: 25%	700-1000 mg	\leftrightarrow			
			(0 mo analysis)				1-700 mg	\leftrightarrow			
							(vs. 0 mg)				
		93				≥19 100-mg vials billed for:	>1000 mg	1			
US [UI11856779]	16,736	(enrollment)	nd	nd	5 HD	2.19 100-111g vials billed for. 7.5%	1-1000 mg	\leftrightarrow			Hospitalization _ ←
		(emonnem)				1.570	(vs. 0 mg)				
							(vs. >455 mg/mo)	9			_
US [UI19245700]	1774	98-07	1-9 y	11.4	5 HD	>455 mg/mo: 59%	202-455 mg/mo	↓10			
03 [0119243700]	1774	90-07	1-9 y	11.4	ง ทบ	2455 Hig/III0. 59%	1-202 mg/mo	↓11			
							0 mg/mo	↔12			
Romania	71										
[UI18677909]	children										

← Predictor not statistically significantly associated with outcome (P<0.05).</p>

↑ and ↓ Predictor associated with <2 times more or less risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio 0.5-2.0), statistically significant.

↑↑ and ↓↓ Predictor associated with 2-5 times more or less risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio 2-5 or 0.2-0.5), statistically significant.

↑↑↑ and ↓↓↓ Predictor associated with >5 times more or less risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio >5 or <0.2), statistically significant.

⁵ Enrollment period

⁶ 39,725 patient-years at risk

⁷ Various time dependent models found no statistically significant associations.

⁸ Various time dependent models found no statistically significant associations.

⁹ Analysis was of survival with the highest doses of iron used as the reference. Results have been inverted for the outcome mortality.

¹⁰ Analysis was of survival with the highest doses of iron used as the reference. Results have been inverted for the outcome mortality.

¹¹ Analysis was of survival with the highest doses of iron used as the reference. Results have been inverted for the outcome mortality.

¹² Analysis was of survival with the highest doses of iron used as the reference. Results have been inverted for the outcome mortality.

Supplemental Table 6. Association between iron status and clinical outcome in multivariable analyses

			Mean		Basel	ine	Predictor			Associa	ation
Country	N	Study Years	Follow-up Duration	Hb (g/dL)	CKD Stage	Fe Status	(Comparator)	Death	CVD	ESRD	Other
							≤16%	\leftrightarrow			
						TSAT 30.6% ¹³	16-20%	\leftrightarrow			
						13A1 30.0 /0 13	_ 20-25%	↑			
							(vs. >25%)				
US [UI19245700]	1774	1998-2007	1-9 y	11.4	CKD 5D: HD		_≤100 μg/L	$\uparrow \uparrow$			
							101-300	$\uparrow \uparrow$			
						Ferritin 594 µg/L	301-600	<u></u>			
							601-1000	\leftrightarrow			
							(vs. >1000)				
110 [11]450405441	4000	2004	4	11.0	CKD ED. HD	Serum Fe 63.6 µg/dL ¹⁴	Lower Fe (continuous)	\uparrow			↑ I le a mite lime tien
US [UI15042544]	1283	2001	1 y	11.9	CKD 5D: HD	Fe saturation ratio 31.2%	Lower Fe saturation ratio (continuous)	1			Hospitalization
							Fe saturation <15 & Ferritin <100	*			
							ng/mL	T			
							Fe saturation <15 & Ferritin ≥100				
US [UI19118116	453	1990-2005	3 y	11.7	CKD Stage	Fe saturation 19%	_ng/mL	\leftrightarrow			
03 [0113110110	400	1990-2000	З у	11.7	2-5	Ferritin 123 ng/mL ¹⁵	Fe saturation ≥15 & Ferritin <100	\leftrightarrow			
							_ng/mL				
							(vs. Fe saturation ≥15 & Ferritin ≥100				
							ng/mL)				
Taiwan	187	2006-2007	1 y	10.1	CKD 5D: HD	TSAT	TSAT <30.6%	\leftrightarrow			
[UI19282675]	101	2000 2001	' y	10.1	CIND OD. TID	Ferritin	Lower Ferritin ¹⁶ (continuous)	\mathbf{V}^{17}			

→ Predictor not statistically significantly associated with outcome (P<0.05).</p>

↑ and ↓ Predictor associated with <2 times more or less risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio 0.5-2.0), statistically significant.

↑↑ and ↓↓ Predictor associated with 2-5 times more or less risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio 2-5 or 0.2-0.5), statistically significant.

↑↑↑ and ↓↓↓ Predictor associated with >5 times more or less risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio >5 or <0.2), statistically significant.

Significant "positive" association between continuous predictor (as described) and increased risk of outcome (e.g., relative risk expressed per ng/dL difference in ferritin)

Significant "negative" association between continuous predictor (as described) and decreased risk of outcome (e.g., relative risk expressed per ng/dL difference in ferritin)

 $^{^{13}}$ Serum iron 15.3 $\mu mol/L,$ total iron binding capacity 44%.

¹⁴ Total iron binding capacity 200 µg/dL; Ferritin 685 ng/mL

 $^{^{15}}$ Serum iron 58 $\mu g/dL,$ Total iron binding capacity 321 $\mu g/dL$

¹⁶ Direction of analysis inverted to be consistent with other studies.

¹⁷ Related largely to infection-related deaths

Supplemental Table 7. Association between anemia severity (prior to erythropoietin use) and clinical outcome in multivariable analyses

Country	NI NI	Study Years	Mean Follow-up	Ba	seline	Predictor			Associa	tion		
Country	N	Study rears	Duration	Hb (g/dL)	CKD Stage ¹⁸	(Comparator)	Death	CVD		ESRD	Other	
US [UI18930570[78,420	2003-200419	10 y	11.8	CKD 5D: HD5 HD	Lower Hb (continuous)	1				Hospitalization	1
110 [11140007000]	F00F	1007 0005	4.0	-10 F. 100/	CKS Stage	Hb <10.5	<u> </u>	O\/ haan		↔		
US [UI19207866]	5885	1997-2005	1-8 y	<10.5: 10%	3-4	Hb 10.5-12.5 (vs. ≥12.5)		CV hosp	<u></u> ↔	T		
US [UI12883982]	1942 children	1992-2001	3 y	Hct <33%: 68%	CKD 5D	Hct <33% (vs. ≥33%)	1					
US [UI15327408]	1513	<2001	3 y	<11.3: 25%	CKD Stage 2-4	Hb <11.3 Hb 11.3-12.5 Hb 12.5-13.8	-			<u>†</u>	ESRD or Death	<u></u>
France ²⁰ [UI7121651]	1453	1972-1978	nd	Hct 23.6%	CKD 5D: HD	(vs. ≥13.8) Hct <21.6% Hct 21.6-25.2%	↑					
US [UI14569102]	1269	1986-1989 ²¹	9 y	13.5	CKD Stage 2-4	(vs. Hct ≥25.2) Hb <12 [F], <13 [M] (vs no anemia)		MI or CHD death	↑↑ ²² ‡			
Hong Kong [UI17065681]	606	1995-2000	3 y	nd	CKD Stage 3-4	Group V ²³ Group IV Group III Group II (vs. Group I)	- - - -	MACE ²⁴	$\begin{array}{c} \longleftrightarrow\\ \longleftrightarrow\\ \longleftrightarrow\\ \longleftrightarrow\\ \end{array}$			

[→] Predictor not statistically significantly associated with outcome (P<0.05).</p>

5 HD, CKD stage 5 on hemodialysis.; 5D, CKD stage 5 on dialysis (hemo- or peritoneal); CHD, coronary heart disease; CV Hosp, cardiovascular hospitalization; CVD, cardiovascular disease (incident); F, female; M, male; MACE, major adverse cardiac event including cardiovascular death or incident myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome, revascularization, heart failure, and stroke.; MI, myocardial infarction; XS, cross-sectional.

Predictor associated with <2 times greater risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio 0.5-2.0), statistically significant.

^{↑↑} Predictor associated with 2-5 times greater risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio 2-5 or 0.2-0.5), statistically significant.

^{↑↑↑} Predictor associated with >5 times greater risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio >5 or <0.2), statistically significant.

Significant association between continuous predictor (as described) and increased risk of outcome (e.g., hazard ratio expressed per g/dL difference in Hb).

¹⁸ 5D: hemo- or peritoneal

¹⁹ Dates of enrollment

²⁰ Univariable analysis. Included because this was the only study found with N≥500 performed prior to the introduction of ESA

²¹ Dates of enrollment

²² Statistical significance not reported

²³ Group I: Hct <39% (male), <32% (female). Group II: ≥39-43% (male), ≥32-36% (female). Group III: ≥43-47% (male), ≥36-40% (female). Group IV: ≥47-50% (male), ≥40-43% (female). Group IV: ≥43% (female).

²⁴ Including cardiovascular death or incident MI, acute coronary syndrome, revascularization, heart failure, and stroke

Supplemental Table 8. Association between hyperparathyroidism and ESA responsiveness in multivariable analyses

Country	N	Study Years	Mean Follow-up		Baseline		Predictor	Outcome	Association
	.,	Otday Todio	Duration	Hb	CKD Stage	PTH	1 Todiotoi	Outdome	7100001411011
US [UI19339087]	38,393	2001-2002	1 y	≤11.4: 25%	CKD 5D: HD	234	Higher PTH ²⁵	Hyporesponsive ²⁶	1
US [UI18469314]	1499	2005	XS	12.1	CKD 5D: HD	423	Higher PTH ²⁷	Treated Hb <11 g/dL ²⁸	1
Canada [UI11199321]	135	<2000	XS	11.0	CKD 5D: HD	2164	Higher PTH ²⁹	EPO U/kg/wk	1
Sweden [UI16183417]	166	1997-2004	XS	10.3	CKD 5D: HD	253	Higher PTH ³⁰	EPO U/kg/wk	1

 [→] Predictor not statistically significantly associated with outcome (p<0.05).
 ↑ Significant "positive" association between higher predictor value and increased risk of outcome (e.g., under Hb target) or higher outcome value (e.g., EPO dose).

²⁵ PTH in pg/mL²⁶ Lowest quartile of Hb slopes over time

²⁷ PTH in pg/mL

²⁸ Target 11-12.5 g/dL ²⁹ PTH in pg/mL

³⁰ PTH in pg/mL

Supplemental Table 9. Evidence profile of RCTs comparing higher vs. lower Hb targets/ESA doses in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations

	# of studies	Total N of	Methodologic	0	Directness of	045		Summary of findings	
Outcome	& study design	patients randomized	quality of studies	Consistency across studies	the evidence, including applicability	Other considerations	Quality of evidence for outcome	Qualitative description of effect	Importance of outcome
Mortality	7 RCTs [5 H vs. L; 3 ESA vs. Pl] (High)	2790	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Some uncertainty (-1)	None (0)	High for patients with CVD Moderate for others	Possible harm in Beserab study with higher risk CVD at Hb 14 g/dL vs. 10 g/dL. No benefit in other studies with other patients.	Critical
Non-fatal CV events	4 RCTs [3 H vs. L; 1 ESA vs. Pl] (High)	2104	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	Moderate	Overall, no benefit. Possible harm for CVA in the Parfrey study of 13.5-14.5 g/dL vs. 9.5-11.5 g/dL.	Critical
QoL	5 RCTs [4 H vs. L; 2 ESA vs. Pl] (High)	2518	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	Moderate	Possible benefit with higher Hb target	High
Transfusion requirement	5 RCTs [3 H vs. L; 3 ESA vs. Pl] (High)	2228	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Some uncertainty ³¹ (-1)	None (0)	Moderate	Benefit with higher Hb target	High
Adverse events	6 RCTs [4 H vs. L; 2 ESA vs. PI] (High)	2741						Significantly increased incidence of access thrombosis in Beserab study with higher risk CVD. Insufficient evidence for AEs in other studies.	Moderate
Total N	7 RCTs (High)	2790							
		nprovement in		nd harms usion requirements r events, and adve				Quality of overall evidence Moderate	

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 $^{^{\}rm 31}$ No trial specified indications for transfusions.

Supplemental Table 10. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on key clinical outcomes in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations

		9	욷	Яп-м. S	Arm 1	Mean Hb		Clinical outcome	es		_
Author Year	N	CKD stage	Baseline Hb (g/dL)	Mean follow-up months	Arm 2	(g/dL) target	CVD event	Mortality	Transfusion	QoL ³²	Quality
		S	Bas (Mear	Arm 3	(achieved)	(%)	(%)	(%)	QUL"	G
ESA v ESA											
Besarab 1998	1233	HD-CKD	10.2	14	ESA High	14.0 (12.7-13.3)	*Non Fatal MI 19 (3%) vs. 14 (2%)	*183 (30%) vs. 150 (24%)	129 (21%) vs. 192 (31%)	See QoL Table	Good
UI9718377 US ³³	1233	HD-CND	10.2	(median)	ESA Low	10.0 (10.0)	NS ³⁴	NS ³⁵	P=0.001	See QUL Table	Guuu
Parfrey 2005 UI15901766, Foley 2008	596				ESA High	13.5 - 14.5 (13.1)	CVA 12 (4%) vs. 4 (1%)	13 (3%) vs. 20 (5%) per	0.26 vs. 0.66 per pt-yr		
UI18922988 & 2009 UI19339412 Canada & UK	36	HD-CKD	11.0	18.5	ESA Low	9.5 - 11.5 (10.8)	P=0.045 Other CVD NS	100 pt-yr NS	<0.0001	See QoL Table	Good
Foley 2000	146	LID CKD	10.4	40	ESA High	13 – 14 (13) ³⁸	10 (14%) vs. 10 (14%)	4 (5%) vs. 3 (4%)		Can Oal Table	Cand
UI10972697 Canada	37	HD-CKD	10.4	12	ESA Low	9.5 - 10.5 (10.5) ³⁹	NS	NS	_	See QoL Table	Good
CanEPO 1990-					ESA High	11.5 - 13 (11.7)			4 (00)		
1991 UI2108751, UI2048574, UI2192412	118	HD-CKD	7.0	6	ESA Low	9.5 – 11 (10.2)	_	0 (0%) vs.0 (0%) vs.1 (3%) NS	1 (2%) vs. 1 (2%) vs. 23 (60%) ESA vs. Placebo P<0.05 ⁴⁰	See QoL Table	Good
Canada					Placebo	(7.4)					
Furuland 2003	416	4-5 PD-CKD	10.9	12	ESA High	13.5–16.0 (13.6)		29 (13%) vs. 27 (14%)		See QoL Table	Poor
UI12543892 Multi	410	HD-CKD ⁴¹	10.9	12	ESA Low	9-12 (11.3-11.7)		29 (13%) VS. 27 (14%) NS		SEE QUE TABLE	P00f

³² Refer to Hb Targets Quality of Life Table for details of quality of life measurements

³³ The data and safety monitoring board recommended that the study be terminated at the time of the third interim analysis because of concern about safety even though the futility boundary corresponding to an overall 5% level of significance had not been crossed.

 $^{^{34}}$ The primary outcome was a composite of non-fatal MI or death. RR 1.3 (95% CI 0.9; 1.8) p> 0.05.

³⁵ The primary outcome was a composite of non-fatal MI or death. RR 1.3 (95% CI 0.9; 1.8) p> 0.05.

³⁶ Of the 596 patients enrolled, 324 remained in the study for 96 weeks and were evaluated for outcomes of LVH and quality of life.

³⁷ 121 patients had follow-up for echocardiographic outcomes. 94 patients were evaluated for the quality of life outcome at week 48.

³⁸ Estimated from graph during maintenance phase

³⁹ Estimated from graph during maintenance phase

⁴⁰ Data at 8 weeks

⁴¹ 294 HD-CKD, 51 PD-CKD, 72 ND-CKD patients

		ge	운	w-up	Arm 1	Mean Hb		Clinical outcome	es		
Author Year	N	D stage	aseline (g/dL)	n follow months	Arm 2	(g/dL) target	CVD event	Mortality	Transfusion	QoL ³²	Quality
		CKD	Bas (Mean	Arm 3	(achieved)	(%)	(%)	(%)	QUL**	G
ESA v Placebo											
Nissanaan 1005	152	PD-CKD	8	6-9	ESA	10.7-12.7 (11.2)	_	2 (3%) vs. 1 (1%) NS	Δ U/pt/4 wk -0.21 vs. +0.42	_	Fair
011100000000					Placebo	(8.0)		140	P=0.04		
Bahlmann 1991	129	HD-CKD	7.7	6	ESA	10-11.7 (10.6-10.9)	5 (8%) vs. 11 (16%)	2 (3%) vs. 2 (3%)	9 (14%) vs. 60 (90%)	_	Fair
UI2040200 Multi					Placebo	(7.8)	NS	NS	P<0.05		
ESA v Placebo ir	Pediat	ric Patients									
Morrie 1003	11	PD-CKD	7.3	6	ESA	10.5 -12 (11.2)	_	_	_	See QoL	Poor
	" "	HD-CKD	7.0	J	Placebo	(7)	-	_	_	Table	1 001

Coding of Outcomes:

Mortality: all cause mortality

CVD event: Includes CHF exacerbation, MI, arrythmias, angina, interventional procedure such as CABG or angioplasty, sudden death, CVA

Annotations:
*Primary Outcome

Supplemental Table 11. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on quality of life in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations

		CKD		Arm 1	Mean Hb		•	Quali	ty of life	•		
Author Year	N	stage Baseline Hb (g/dL)	Follow- up	Arm 2	(g/dL) target (achieved)	Scale/Test (range)	Subscale	Time point	Favors	Net Difference ⁴²	P	Quality
		(3)			40 5 44 5	-		24 wk	ESA High	4.3	<0.01	
	596 ⁴³	5 (HD)		ESA High	13.5-14.5			36 wk	ESA High	3.8	<0.01	
		()	0.4	Ü	(13.1)			48 wk	ESA High	1.9	<0.05	
			- 24 mo -				Energy/Fatigue	60 wk	ESA High	3.4	<0.01	
		11.0		ESA Low	9.5-11.5		-	72 wk	ESA High	5.8	<0.001	_
					(10.8)		-	84 wk	ESA High	3.3	<0.05	
							Quality of social interaction	96 wk	Neither		NS	_
							Burden of kidney disease	72 wk	ESA High	2.7	<0.05	
							Cognitive function	60 wk	ESA High	2.9	<0.01	
							Symptoms/Problems	96 wk	Neither		NS	
							Effects of kidney disease	96 wk	Neither		NS	
							Sexual function	72 wk	ESA High	3.3	<0.05	
						KDOOL	Sleep	96 wk	Neither		NS	<u> </u>
arfrey 2005						KDQOL (0-100)	Social support	96 wk	Neither		NS	•
II15901766,						(0-100)	Work status	96 wk	Neither		NS	
oley 2009 I19339412							Dialysis staff encouragement	96 wk	Neither		NS	Good
anada & UK							Patient satisfaction rating	96 wk	Neither		NS	
							Overall health rating	96 wk	Neither		NS	
								72 wk	ESA High	2.3	<0.05	<u> </u>
							Physical function	84 wk	ESA High	2.9	<0.05	
							Role limitations-physical	84 wk	ESA high	4.9	< 0.05	<u>.</u>
							Pain	96 wk	Neither		NS	<u>.</u>
							General health	72 wk	ESA High	2.2	<0.05	
								48 wk	ESA high	2.1	<0.05	
							Emotional well-being	72 wk	ESA high	2.6	<0.05	
							Role limitations- emotional	96 wk	Neither		NS	_
							Social function	60 wk	ESA High	3.3	<0.05	
								24 wk	ESA High	4.1	0.001	
						SF-36	Vitality	36 wk	ESA High	3.9	0.008	
						(0-100)	Vitality	48 wk	ESA High	3.7	0.014	
							-	60 wk	ESA High	3.5	0.035	

 $^{^{\}rm 42}$ Net difference is not reported when neither intervention is favored and therefore difference is NS $^{\rm 43}$ 324 of the 596 patients were evaluated at 96 weeks for quality of life.

		CKD	.=	Arm 1	Mean Hb	_		Qua	lity of life			<u> </u>
Author Year	N	stage	Follow-	Arm 2	(g/dL)	Scale/Test		Time		Net		Quality
		Baseline Hb (g/dL)	up	Arm 3	target (achieved)	(range)	Subscale	point	Favors	Difference ⁴²	P	
						FACIT (0-52)	Fatigue	24 mo	Neither		NS	
							Fatigue		Neither		NS	
	118	5 (HD)			44.5.40		Physical symptoms	***	Neither		NS	 -
		- ()	•	ESA High	11.5-13	KDQ (1-7)	Relationships	6 mo	Neither		NS	_
			6 mo	- 3	(11.7)	(/ ,	Depression		Neither		NS	
		7.0					Frustration		Neither		NS	
							Global QoL		Neither		NS	
					9.5-11	SIP (0-100)	Physical	6 mo	Neither		NS	
				ESA Low	(10.2)	o (o .oo)	Psychosocial	••	Neither		NS	
CanEPO 1990-					()	TTO (0, 1)	1 oyunoocuu	6 mo	Neither		NS	
1991 UI2108751, UI2048574, UI2192412 Canada					11.5-13		Fatigue ⁴⁴		ESA High or Low	1.6 or 1.4 vs. 0.4	<0.001	Good
				ESA High plus ESA	(11.7) plus	KDQ (1-7)	Physical symptoms ⁴⁵	 6 mo	ESA High or Low	1.1 or 0.9 vs. 0.1	<0.001	_
Callaua				Low	9.5-11		Relationships	***	ESA High or Low	nd	0.001	
					(10.2)		Depression ⁴⁶		ESA High or Low	nd	0.018	
					` ,		Frustration		Neither		NS	
			-			010 (0.400)	Global QoL		ESA High or Low	-7.8 or -5.3 vs. -2.9	0.024	
				Placebo	(7.4)	SIP (0-100)	Physical	6 mo	ESA High or Low	nd	0.005	
					()		Psychosocial	***	Neither		NS	<u> </u>
						TTO (0,1)		6 mo	Neither		NS	
	4000	5 (UD)		E0411: 1	14.0	, ,	Vitality		Neither		NS	
	1233	5 (HD)	4.4	ESA High	(12.7-13.3)		Physical function		ESA High	nd	0.0347	
		40.0	14 mo		10.0		General health		Neither		NS	
Besarab 1998		10.2		ESA Low	(10.0)	05 00 (0 400)	Bodily pain		Neither		NS	
UI9718377 US					,	SF-36 (0-100)	Social functioning	12 mo	Nether		NS	Good
							Emotional Role	***	Nether		NS	
							Mental health		Nether		NS	_
							Physical role		Nether		NS	_
Foley 2000	0.4	F (UD)		E04 111 1	13-14		Fatigue		ESA High	nd	0.009 ⁴⁸	
UI10972697	94	5 (HD)	48 wk	ESA High	(13)	KDQ (1-7)	Physical symptoms	12 mo	Neither		NS	Good
Canada		10.1		ESA Low	9.5-10.5		Depression		ESA High	nd	0.0249	

⁴⁴ A post hoc analysis [Keown 2010] using mixed-model repeated measures at 2, 4 and 6 mo showed consistent results.

45 A post hoc analysis [Keown 2010] using mixed-model repeated measures at 2, 4 and 6 mo found no significance after applying a Bonferroni multiplicity adjustment (p<0.0031).

46 A post hoc analysis [Keown 2010] using mixed-model repeated measures at 2, 4 and 6 mo found no significance after applying a Bonferroni multiplicity adjustment (p<0.0031).

47 The physical-function score on the quality-of-life questionnaire at 12 months increased by 0.6 point for each percentage-point increase in Hct

⁴⁸ Using repeated measures of ANOVA

⁴⁹ Using repeated measures of ANOVA

		CKD		Arm 1	Mean Hb	_		Quali	ty of life			
Author Year	N	stage Baseline Hb (g/dL)	Follow- up	Arm 2 Arm 3	(g/dL) target (achieved)	Scale/Test (range)	Subscale	Time point	Favors	Net Difference ⁴²	P	Quality
			1		(10.5)		Relationships		ESA High	nd	0.00450	
					, ,		Frustration	····	Neither		NS	 -
							Physical function		Neither		NS	
							General health		Neither		NS	
							Vitality		Neither		NS	
							Bodily pain		Neither		NS	
						SF-36 (0-100)	Social functioning	12 mo	Neither		NS	
						35-30 (0-100)	Emotional role	12 1110	Neither		NS	
							Mental health	···	Neither		NS	
						Physical role		Neither		NS		
						HUI (0,1)		12 mo	Neither		NS	
		1 E			12 5 16 0		Fatigue		ESA High	0.49	0.05	
Furuland 2003	117	4-5		ESA High	13.5–16.0		Physical symptoms		ESA High	0.41	0.02	
UI12543892		(PD,HD)	48 wk	-	(13.6)	_ KDQ (1-7)	Relationship	12 mo	Neither		NS	 Fair
Multi		40.0		FOA 1	9-12	_	Depression		ESA High	0.40	0.02	·
		10.9		ESA Low	(11.4)		Frustration		ESA High	0.0	0.05	
Pediatric Patie	nts								-			
	10	5		ESA	10.5 -12		Global QoL		Neither		NS	
Morris 1993		7.0	8 mo	Placebo	(~6.5)	25-part Parental Questionnaire	Physical performance / General health (includes school attendance)	36 wk of	ESA	nd	<0.02	— Fair
UI8257180 UK						51	Sleep	treatment	Neither		NS	 .
						(0-100)	Diet		Neither		NS	
							School performance		Neither		NS	
							Psychosocial		Neither		NS	
							. 5,5,10000lai		110.0101		.10	

KEY to Quality of Life Measurement Scales/Tests:

36-item Medical Outcomes Study Short-Form Health Survey (SF-36): higher scores indicate better health

FACT-Fatigue (Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy-Fatigue): higher scores indicate less fatigue

Health Utilities Index (HUI): 0 (death) and 1 (perfect health).

Kidney Disease Quality of Life (KDQOL): See SF-36

Kidney Diseases Questionnaire (KDQ): increased score reflects better quality of life

Sickness Impact Profile (SIP): lower scores better quality of life.

Time Trade-off (TTO): 1.0 (full health) to 0 (patient is indifferent between life and death)

⁵⁰ Using repeated measures of ANOVA

⁵¹ 25-Part Parental Questionnaire, modified from a previously used questionnaire. [1873-appendix] Questions covered various aspects of the child's wellbeing and behavior including mood and psychological behavior, social interaction, somatic complaints and general health, sleep, diet, school functioning and physical performance. Used a VAS scale of 0-100 cm

Supplemental Table 12. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on Fatigue, Vitality/Energy, and Physical function in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations

		CKD		Arm 1	Mean Hb		accoc on rangue, vic		lity of life			
Author Year	N	Stage Baseline	Follow- up	Arm 2 Arm 3	(g/dL) target (achieved)	Scale/Test (range)	Subscale	Time point	Favors	Net Difference ⁵²	P	Quality
		Hb (g/dL)			(acilievea)			24 wk	ESA High	4.3	<0.01	
								36 wk	ESA High	3.8	<0.01	
						KDQOL		48 wk	ESA High	1.9	<0.05	-
		5 (HD)		ESA High	13.5-14.5	(0-100)	Energy/Fatigue	60 wk	ESA High	3.4	<0.01	
Parfrey 2005		- ()		3	(13.1)	,		72 wk	ESA High	5.8	<0.001	
UI15901766,								84 wk	ESA High	3.3	<0.05	
Foley 2009	596 ⁵³		24 mo					24 wk	ESA High	4.1	0.001	Good
UI19339412			-		•	SF-36		36 wk	ESA High	3.9	0.008	
Canada & UK					9.5-11.5	(0-100)	Vitality	48 wk	ESA High	3.7	0.014	
		11.0		ESA Low	(10.8)			60 wk	ESA High	3.5	0.035	
				(1010)	FACIT (0-52)	Fatigue	24 mo	Neither		NS		
CanEPO 1990-				ESA High ESA Low	11.5-13 (11.7)	KDQ (1-7)	Fatigue	6 mo	Neither		NS	
1991 UI2108751, UI2048574, UI2192412 Canada	118	5 (HD) 	6 mo	ESA High plus ESA Low	11.5-13 (11.7) plus 9.5-11 (10.2)	KDQ (1-7)	Fatigue ⁵⁴	6 mo	ESA High or Low	1.6 or 1.4 vs. 0.4	<0.001	Good
		7.0		Placebo	(7.4)							
Besarab 1998		5 (HD)		ESA High	14.0	***	Vitality		Neither		NS	
UI9718377 US ⁵⁵	1233	10.2	- 14 mo	ESA Low	(12.7-13.3) 10.0 (10.0)	SF-36 (0-100)	Physical function	12 mo	ESA High	nd	0.03 ⁵⁶	Good
Foley 2000	04	5 (HD)	40	ESA High	13-14 (13)	KDQ (1-7)	Fatigue	40	ESA High	nd	0.00957	01
UI10972697 Canada	94	10.1	- 48 wk	ESA Low	9.5-10.5	SF-36 (0-100)	Vitality	12 mo	Neither		NS	Good
Cariada				LOALOW	(10.5)	01-30 (0-100)	Physical role		Neither		NS	
Furuland 2003 UI12543892	117	4-5 (PD,HD)	- 48 wk	ESA High	13.5–16.0 (13.6)	- KDQ (1-7)	Fatigue	12 mo	ESA High	0.49	0.05	Fair
Multi	117	10.9	TO WK	ESA Low	9-12 (11.4)	NDQ (1-1)	i augu c	12 1110	LOATIIGII	U.TJ	0.00	ı alı

 $^{^{52}}$ Net difference is not reported when neither intervention is favored and therefore difference is NS

⁵³ 324 of the 596 patients were evaluated at 96 weeks for quality of life.

⁵⁴ A post hoc analysis [Keown 2010] using mixed-model repeated measures at 2, 4 and 6 mo showed consistent results.

⁵⁵ The data and safety monitoring board recommended that the study be terminated at the time of the third interim analysis because of concern about safety even though the futility boundary corresponding to an overall 5% level of significance had not been crossed.

⁵⁶ The physical-function score on the quality-of-life questionnaire at 12 months increased by 0.6 point for each percentage-point increase in Hct

⁵⁷ Using repeated measures of ANOVA

KEY to Quality of Life Measurement Scales/Tests:

36-item Medical Outcomes Study Short-Form Health Survey (SF-36): higher scores indicate better health FACT-Fatigue (Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy-Fatigue): higher scores indicate less fatigue Kidney Disease Quality of Life (KDQOL): See SF-36 Kidney Diseases Questionnaire (KDQ): increased score reflects better quality of life

Supplemental Table 13. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on non-CVD/mortality adverse event rates in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations

				c	Arm 1	Mean Hb			Advers	e events			o f
Author Year	N	Dialysis modality	Description	Follow-up months	Arm 2	(g/dL)	BP change or h	pertension	Access thr	ombosis (%)	Seizures	Other reported AE	
		Dia	of Intervention	E E	Arm 3	target (achieved)	Definition	Outcome	Definition	Outcome		Description and Results	Total D/C drug
ESA vs. ESA													
Besarab 1998	618	HD - 58	IV or SC ESA 1.5X pre-trial dose; adjusted after 2 weeks	_ 14	ESA High	14.0 (12.7-13.3)	Mean SBP and DBP during the	NS	Both synthetic grafts and	243 (39%) vs. 176 (29%)	NS	_	0
UI9718377 US	615	58	IV or SC ESA adjusted		ESA Low	10.0 (10.0)	study ⁵⁹		natural fistulae	(P= 0.001)			0
Parfrey 2005	284	ш	IV or SC ESA for 24 wks	0.4	ESA High	13.5-14.5 (13.3)	Hypertension not	NO	AV fistulae, permanent	67 (23%) vs. 57		Overall treatment emergent AE in ≥10%	
Canada & UK	JI15901766 ——— HE Canada & UK 281	- HD	to reach target then maintained for 72 wks	24	ESA Low	9.5-11.5 (10.9)	specified	NS	catheter, non site specific embolism	(19%) (NS)	_	of patients: 284 (96%) vs. 281 (94%) ⁶⁰	nd
Furuland 2003	216	HD	SC ESA TIW		ESA High	13.5–16.0 (13.4-14.3)	- ΔMean DBP from	90 vs. 83	Complication in synthetic graft,	7 (5%) vs. 3(2%) in HD patients		Individuals with at least 1 SAE NOS: 110 (51%) vs. 97 (38.5%)	34
UI12543892 Multi	200	PD 61	SC ESA TIW or no treatment	⁻ 12	ESA Low	9-12 (11.3-11.7)	baseline	mmHg (P= 0.02)	fistulae, catheter during study	only (NS)	_	(NS) Thromboembolic event: 56 (26%)vs. 47 (24%) per arm (NS) ⁶²	15
Foley 2000	73	_	SC ESA ESA high arm had a 24		ESA High	13-14 (13)	Mean SBP, DBP,	For LVH: significant		6 (8%) vs. 10			_
UI10972697 Canada	73	HD	wk "ramping" phase. 24 wk maintenance was similar in both arms	11	ESA Low	9.5-10.5 (10.5)	during between groups, and use of Anti-HTN meds	P=0.075 SBP and ↑Anti-HTN For LVD: NS	AV access	(14%) (NS) ⁶³	_	_	nd
ESA vs. Placeb	0												
Abraham 1991	151		IV ESA TIW		ESA	12.5-13.5 (10.8)	Correlation between BP and	No correlation ⁶⁴ ESA arm:			3 (2%) vs. 0 (0%)		
1991 — H UI1751794 78 US	HD	after HD session 100 IU/kg	2-3	Placebo	(7.5)	change in Hb or rate of Hb rise	1 individual withdrawn for severe high BP	_	_	individuals (nd)	_	nd	

⁵⁸ All individuals had evidence of congestive heart failure and ischemic heart disease.

⁵⁹ Pre-study ABP had to be below 160/100 for 4 weeks prior to study. Subgroup analysis [2040]: 31 patients; Mean day & nocturnal BP readings for 24 hr were NS at baseline or at follow-up.

⁶⁰ Of these p>0.05 for all comparisons except headache was greater in the ESA high arm and skeletal pain and surgery were greater in ESA low arm. More patients in the lower target experienced skeletal pain p=0.009, surgery p=0.013, and dizziness p=0.001, and more patients in the higher target group experienced headache p=0.030, and cerebrovascular events p=0.045.

⁶¹ Includes some pre-dialysis patients, stages 4-5.

⁶² Thromboembolic events were defined by WHO classification.

⁶³ Patients with ongoing access problems were specifically excluded. The event rates small and study did not have enough statistical power to detect a moderate impact on access thrombosis; the proportion using natural fistulae in the Besarab study was 23% compared to 76% in this study.

⁶⁴ No significant correlation but clinically important increases in BP appeared dose-related with earlier time to peak and peak BP achieved.

		_			Arm 1	Mean Hb			Adverse	events			
Author Year	N	alysis odality	Description	ow-up	Arm 2	(g/dL)	BP change or hy	pertension	Access thro	ombosis (%)	Seizures	Other reported AE	D/C
	Dia	of Intervention	Follor	Arm 3	target (achieved)	Definition	Outcome	Definition	Outcome		Description and Results	Total d	
Nissenson 1995 UI7703390	78	PD	Self-admin. SC ESA TIW Blinded phase: 4,000 IU/mL; Maintenance phase:	6-9	ESA	10.6-12.6 (11.2)	Increased DBP and anti-HTN	55% vs. 20%	_	_	_	Mild and SAE:	
US 74 [Crossover]		2,000, 4,000, or 10,000 IU/mL		Placebo	(8.0)	regimen	(nd)				325 AE in 63 patients ⁶⁵ (nd)		

Coding of Outcomes: (Variable per Column Description)
Hypertension: includes mean changes in SBP, DBP, MAP, increase in use of anti-HTN medications, difficult to control hypertension
Access Thrombosis: synthetic grafts and fistulae

⁶⁵ Mild and severe reactions not otherwise specified. Of 408 events such in ESA group, 37% (N=149) considered mild severity but possibly related to study medication, 1% (N=5) were considered severe or life threatening possibly or definitely related to study medication. In the placebo group 26% (N=85) were considered mild severity but possibly related to study medication, <1% (N=2) were considered severe or life threatening possibly or definitely related to study medication.

Supplemental Table 14. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on exercise capacity in the HD-CKD and PD-CKD populations

		CKD	Follow-	Arm1	Mean Hb			Quality of life		
Author	N	stade		Arm 2	(g/dL)	Primary outcome of				Quality
Year		Baseline Hb (g/dL)	months	Arm 3	target (achieved)	study	Scale/Test	Description	Results	4
Parfrey 2005 UI15901766	204	5 (HD)	0.4	ESA High	13.5-14.5 (13.1)	Left ventricular volume		Patients are asked to cover as much		
Canada & UK	11.0	24 -	ESA Low	9.5-11.5 (10.8)	index	6-min walk test	distance in an enclosed corridor as they can in 6 minutes	NS	Good	
	5 (HD)		ESA High	11.5 -13 (11.7)	Oal and for all and	Naughton stress test		NS		
	7.0	6	ESA Low	9.5-11 (10.2)	QoL and functional capacity ⁶⁶	6-min walk test	Patients are asked to cover as much distance in an enclosed corridor as they	NS	Good	
Canada				Placebo	(7.4)			can in 6 minutes		
Pediatric Pat	ients									
Morris 1993 UI8257180 10	5 (PD,HD)	8 _	ESA	10.5 -12 (11.2)	QoL, diet, exercise tolerance, and PD	Exercise tolerance	2-min walking	NS ⁶⁷	_ Poor	
UK		7.0		Placebo	(~6.5)	efficiency	test	Treadmill	NS ⁶⁸	_

 ⁶⁶ Data shown for ESA arms vs. placebo. All statistical comparisons for ESA high vs. ESA low were not significant.
 67 Not a significant improvement but did improve over study time
 68 Only 3 children completed the treadmill test.

Supplemental Table 15. Evidence profile of RCTs comparing different higher vs. lower Hb targets/ESA doses in the ND-CKD populations

	# of studies	Total N of	Methodologic		Directness of the			Summary of findings	
Outcome	& study design	patients randomized	quality of	Consistency across studies	evidence including applicability	Other considerations	Quality of evidence for outcome	Qualitative description of effect size	Importance of outcome
Mortality	6 RCTs (High)	6832	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	High	No difference	Critical
CVD (including mortality)	7 RCTs (High)	6962	No limitations (0)	Some inconsistency (-1)	Direct (0)	None (0)	High	No benefit. Possible harm with higher Hb target based on the CHOIR study. ⁶⁹	Critical
QoL	6 RCTs (High)	6790	No limitations S	Some inconsistency (-1)	Direct (0)	None (0)	Moderate	Possible benefit of higher Hb	High
Transfusion requirement	2 RCTs (High)	4641	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Some uncertainty ⁷⁰ (-1)	None (0)	Low	Possible benefit	High
Kidney disease progression	7 RCTs (High)	6614	No limitations § (0)	Some inconsistency (-1)	Some uncertainty ⁷¹ (-1)	None (0)	Moderate	No difference ⁷²	High
Adverse events	8 RCTs (High)	7132						Possible harm with increased hypertension incidence associated with high Hb targets. Insufficient evidence for other adverse event incidence.	Moderate
Total N of patients	8 RCTs (High)	7132							
		Balan	ce of benefit a	and harm					
I				and transfusion ease and adverse			Quality of overall evidence Moderate		

⁶⁹ In Singh study, statistical significance of the primary outcome is lost after multivariate adjustment for CHF, atrial fibrillation/flutter, serum albumin, reticulocyte count, and age [HR 1.24 (95% CI: 0.95;1.62), p=0.111].

⁷⁰ Indications for transfusions were not per protocol.

⁷¹ Different degrees of blood pressure control and dietary modifications as concomitant therapies.

⁷² Shorter time to dialysis in CREATE

Supplemental Table 16. Summary table of PCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on key clinical outcomes in the ND-CKD population

Country	ents	ge	9	dn-w	Arm 1	Mean Hb			ical outcomes Kidney Disease Progression	on		
Author Year Country	N of patients randomized	CKD stage	Baseline Hb (g/dL)	Mean follow-up (mo)	Arm 2	(g/dL) target (achieved)	CVD event	Mortality	Events	Trans- fusions	QoL ⁷³	Quality
					ESA High	13.0 (12.5)			Death or ESRD 652 vs. 618 HR 1.06		At 25 wk: ↑≥3 points ⁷⁵ FACT- Fatigue 963 vs. 875 RR 1.10 ⁷⁶ (1.04-1.18) P=0.002 ↑≥5 points ⁷⁷ SF-36	
TREAT 2009 2010 UI19880844 CJASN in press Multi	4038	3-4	10.5	29	ESA Low	<9 (10.6)	632 vs. 602 HR 1.05 (0.94; 1.17) NS ⁷⁴	412 vs. 395 HR 1.05 (0.94; 1.17) NS	(0.95; 1.19) ESRD 338 vs. 330 HR 1.02 (0.87; 1.18) NS	297 vs. 496 HR 0.56 (0.49; 0.65) P<0.001	Energy 611 vs. 569 RR 1.67 ⁷⁸ (1.53-1.82) P=0.027 ↑≥5 points ⁷⁹ SF-36 Physical function 557 vs. 546 RR 1.59 ⁸⁰ (1.45-1.74) NS	Good

⁷³ Global Scores, if documented, are provided here. Refer to Hb Targets Quality of Life Table for details of quality of life measurements.

74 Includes Death or non-fatal CVD. MI: 124 vs. 129 [HR 0.96 (0.75; 1.22)] p=NS; Heart failure: 205 vs. 229 [HR 0.89 (0.74; 1.08)] p=NS; Myocardial ischemia: 41 vs. 49 [HR 0.84 (0.55; 1.27)] p=NS; Cardiac revascularization 84 vs. 117 [HR: 0.71 (0.54; 0.94)] p=0.02; Stroke 101 vs. 53 [HR 1.92 (1.38; 2.68)] p<0.001

⁷⁵ Considered clinically meaningful

⁷⁶ Calculated by ERT

⁷⁷ Considered clinically meaningful

⁷⁸ Calculated by ERT

⁷⁹ Considered clinically meaningful

⁸⁰ Calculated by ERT

Country	ents ized	age	윤	dn-w	Arm 1	Mean Hb		С	linical outcomes Kidney Disease Progression			>-
Author Year Country	N of patients randomized	CKD stage	Baseline Hb (g/dL)	Mean follow-up (mo)	Arm 2	_ (g/dL) target (achieved)	CVD event	Mortality	Events	Trans- fusions	QoL ⁷³	Quality
CHOIR 2006	1422	3-4	10.1	16 -	ESA High	13.5 (12.7 ⁸²)	*125 vs. 97 ⁸³ HR 1.34	52 vs. 36 HR 1.48	RRT 155 vs. 134 HR 1.19		See QoL	Fair
UI17108343 US ⁸¹ 1432	1432	J -4	10.1	10 -	ESA Low	11.3 (11.4 ⁸⁴)	(1.03 ; 1.74) P=0.03	(0.9; 2.27) NS	(0.94; 1.49) NS	_	Table	Fall
CREATE 2006	603	3-4	11.6	36 ⁸⁵ -	ESA High	13-15 (13.4 ⁸⁶)	*58 vs. 47 ⁸⁷ HR 1.28	31 vs. 21 HR1.51	RRT 127 vs. 111 Shorter time to dialysis with	26 vs. 33	See QoL	Good
UI17108342 Multi	003	J -4	11.0	3000 -	ESA Low	10.5-11.5 (11.6 ⁸⁹)	(0.69; 1.89) NS	(0.87; 2.63) ⁸⁸ NS	high Hb target P=0.03	(nd)	Table	Good
Ritz 2007	172	1-3	11.9	15 -	ESA High	13-15 (13.5)	6 vs. 6 ⁹⁰		RRT 2 vs. 3		See QoL	Good
Ritz 2007 UI17261422 Multi	172	1-0	11.3	13	ESA Low	10.5-11.5 (12.1)	(nd)		(nd)		Table	G00u
Levin 2005 UI16253719 Multi	172	3-4	11.8	22.6	ESA High	12-14 (12.8)	1 vs. 1	1 vs. 3	RRT 8 vs. 11			Good
	112	J -4	11.0	(median)	ESA Low	9-10.5 (11.5)	NS	NS ⁹¹	NS NS	_	_	Good

⁸¹ The data and safety monitoring board recommended that the study be terminated in May 2005 at the time of the second interim analysis, even though neither the efficacy nor the futility boundaries had been crossed, because the conditional power for demonstrating a benefit for the high-Hb group by the scheduled end of study was less than 5% for all plausible values of the true effect for the remaining data. Other factors that the board considered included an examination of differences between the treatment groups in adverse events, biochemical data, and QoL data.

⁸² From graph. Averaged over all measurements.

⁸³ End point was a composite of death, myocardial infarction, hospitalization for congestive heart failure (excluding renal replacement therapy), and stroke. There was statistically significant imbalance at baseline with more individuals with CABG and HTN in higher Hb target arm. Statistical significance of the primary outcome is lost after multivariate adjustment for CHF, atrial fibrillation/flutter, serum albumin, reticulocyte count, and age [HR 1.24 (95% CI: 0.95; 1.62), p=0.111].

⁸⁴ From graph. Averaged over all measurements

⁸⁵ Follow-up in Arm 1 was 35 months; Arm 2 was 36 months.

⁸⁶ From graph. Averaged over all measurements

⁸⁷ End point was a composite of a first cardiovascular event including sudden death, myocardial infarction, acute heart failure, stroke, transient ischemic attack, angina pectoris resulting in hospitalization for 24 hours or more or prolongation of hospitalization, complication of peripheral vascular disease (amputation or necrosis), or cardiac arrhythmia resulting in hospitalization for 24 hours or more.

⁸⁸ For HR inverse was taken of those reported in the article to convert to HR of higher versus lower Hb target

⁸⁹ From graph. Averaged over all measurements

⁹⁰ 6 vs. 5 patients for cardiac adverse events and 0 vs. 1 patient for ischemic stroke.

⁹¹ All adverse events leading to death were determined to be unrelated to the study drug.

Country	ents zed	ge	웊	dn-w	Arm 1	Mean Hb		(Clinical outcomes Kidney Disease Progression			
Author Year Country	N of patients randomized	CKD stage	Baseline (g/dL)	Mean follow (mo)	Arm 2	_ (g/dL) target (achieved)	CVD event	Mortality	Events	Trans- fusions	QoL ⁷³	Quality
Roger 2004 UI14694167	155	3-4	11.2	24 -	ESA High	12-13 (12.1)	0 vs.0			_	NS	Good
Australia & New Zealand	100	0 1	11.2	21	ESA Low	9-10 (10.8)	NS				110	
Rossert 2006	390 ⁹²	3-4	11.6	11.8 ⁹³ -	ESA High	13-15 ⁹⁴ (14.0 ^{d,n})	3 vs. 4	1 vs. 6			See QoL	Poor
UI16632012 Multi	390	J -4	11.0	11.0	ESA Low	11-12 (12.0 ⁹⁵)	(NS)	NS	_	_	Table	FUUI
Macdougall 2006	197	2-5	10.9	22 ⁹⁷ -	ESA Early	11 (11)	nd	1 vs. 6 ⁹⁸	RRT 30 vs. 63			Poor
UI16968726 UK ⁹⁶	197	2-0	10.9	2201	ESA Late	11 (10.5)	nd	NS	Mean time to dialysis or death NS	_	_	FUUI

Annotations:

⁹² Because of safety concerns in late 2002 related to the risk for EPO-induced pure red cell aplasia and subsequent labeling changes for SC administration of Eprex, the study was terminated prematurely by the sponsor. Thus GFR decline over 1 year could only be assessed in 163 patients (75 in Arm 1 and 88 in Arm 2) and quality of life follow-up was assessed in 177 patients with a median duration of 5.8 months between assessments.

^{*} Primary outcome

^{93.} Intended 36 months, but study stopped early. Therefore, study duration was 4 months of stabilization phase and a median of 7 months in the High Hb and 8.6 months in the Low Hb group of maintenance phase.

⁹⁴ Hemoglobin target was 14-15 g/dL for men and 13-14 g/dL in women.

⁹⁵ In the High Hb group, the achieved Hb for men was 14.2 g/dL and for women was 13.6 g/dl. In the low Hb group, the achieved Hb for men was 12.1 g/dl and for women was 11.5 g/dl. From graph. Averaged over all measurements

⁹⁶ The study, which began in 1997, was stopped early (December 2002) by the sponsor due to contraindication of the SC route of administration for EPO. Patients were followed-up for reasons of safety after their discontinuation, and were subsequently continued on a different EPO preparation to maintain their well-being. The results presented here provide some of the final available trial data in CKD patients administered EPO by the SC route before discontinuation of the study.

⁹⁷ Follow-up in Arm 1 was 24 months; Arm 2 was 21 months.

⁹⁸ Group B results include one death that occurred after dialysis started.

Supplemental Table 17. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on quality of life in the ND-CKD population

Author Year		CKD stage	Follow-up	Arm 1	Mean Hb (g/dL)			Quality (of life			
Country	N	Baseline Hb (g/dL)	months	Arm 2	target (achieved)	Scale (range)	Subscale	Timepoint	Favors	Net difference (or % improved)	Р	 Quality
TREAT 2009	4038	3-4		ESA High	13.0	FACT (0-52)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.4	<0.0001	
2010	7000	0 1		LO/TTIIgit	(12.5)		≥3 point increase ⁹⁹	- 13 wk	ESA High	55% vs. 49% ¹⁰⁰	<0.05	~-
UI19880844 CJASN in		10.5	29	ESA Low	<9 (10.6)	EQ-5D (0-100)	VAS	10 111	ESA High	1.9	<0.0001	Good
press						FACT (0-52)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.4	<0.001	
Multi						FACT (0-52)	≥3 point increase ¹⁰¹		ESA High	55% vs. 49%	0.002	
						Energy	-	Neither		NS	_	
						≥5 point increase ¹⁰²		ESA High	54% vs. 49%	0.03		
							Physical function		Neither		NS	•
							≥5 point increase ¹⁰³		Neither	49% vs. 48%	NS	
						CE 36 (0.100)	Role physical	25 wk	Neither		NS	
						SF-36 (0-100)	Bodily pain		Neither		NS	•
							General health		Neither		NS	-
							Social function		Neither		NS	_
							Role emotional		Neither		NS	-
							Mental health		Neither		NS	
						EQ-5D (0-100)	VAS	-	ESA High	1.6 1.2	<0.05	_
						FACT (0.50)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.2	<0.05	_
						FACT (0-52)	≥3 point increase ¹⁰⁴		ESA High	52% vs. 47% ¹⁰⁵	< 0.05	
							Energy		Neither		NS	
							≥5 point increase ¹⁰⁶		Neither	53% vs. 50% ¹⁰⁷	NS	
							Physical function		Neither		NS	
							≥5 point increase ¹⁰⁸	49 wk	Neither	49% vs. 46% ¹⁰⁹	NS	_
						SF-36 (0-100)	Role physical		ESA High	2.3	<0.001	
							Bodily pain		Neither		NS	
							General health	_	Neither		NS	
						Social function		Neither		NS		
							Role emotional		Neither		NS	

⁹⁹ Considered clinically meaningful.

<sup>Gonsidered clinically meaningful.
Estimated from figure
Considered clinically meaningful.
Considered clinically meaningful.
Considered clinically meaningful.
Considered clinically meaningful.
Estimated from figure
Sonsidered clinically meaningful.
Estimated from figure</sup>

¹⁰⁹ Estimated from figure

Author Year		CKD stage Fo	llow-up	Arm 1	Mean Hb (g/dL)			Quality	of life			
Country	N		nonths	Arm 2	target (achieved)	Scale (range)	Subscale	Timepoint	Favors	Net difference (or % improved)	Р	Quality
							Mental health		Neither		NS	
						EQ-5D (0-100)	VAS		ESA High	1.9	<0.05	_
						FACT (0-52)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.2	<0.05	
						FACT (0-32)	≥3 point increase ¹¹⁰	73 wk	Neither	51% vs. 49% ¹¹¹	NS	
						EQ-5D (0-100)	VAS		ESA High	1.5	<0.05	
						FACT (0 F2)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.5	<0.001	
						FACT (0-52)	≥3 point increase ¹¹²		ESA High	51% vs. 45% ¹¹³	< 0.05	
							Energy		ESA High	1.5	<0.001	-
							≥5 point increase ¹¹⁴		ESA High	54% vs. 48% ¹¹⁵	<0.05	
							Physical function	97 wk	ESA High	2.9	<0.05	-
							≥5 point increase ¹¹⁶		ESA High	48% vs. 42% ¹¹⁷	< 0.05	
						CE 36 (0.400)	Role physical		ESA High	3.6	<0.001	-
						SF-36 (0-100)	Bodily pain		Neither		NS	-
							General health		Neither		NS	-
							Social function		Neither	-	NS	-
							Role emotional		Neither	-	NS	•
							Mental health		Neither		NS	•
						EQ-5D (0-100)	VAS		ESA High	1.6	<0.05	
	603	3-4		ESA High	13-15		Vitality		ESA High	4.3118	<0.001	
	003	3-4	26	ESA HIGH	(13.4)		General health	_	ESA High	3.9 ¹¹⁹	0.003	_
CREATE		11.6	36	COA Law	10.5-11.5		Mental health	1	ESA High	4.8120	<0.001	-
2006		11.0		ESA Low	(11.6)	CE 36 (0 100)	Physical function	- 1 y —	ESA High	5.6 ¹²¹	<0.001	Cood
UI17108342						SF-36 (0-100)	Physical role		ESA High	7.8122	0.01	Good
Multi							Social function		ESA High	4.2123	0.006	-
							Vitality	2.4	ESA High	nd	0.01	
							General health	2 y —	ESA High	nd	0.008	

¹¹⁰ Considered clinically meaningful.
111 Estimated from figure
112 Considered clinically meaningful.
113 Estimated from figure
114 Considered clinically meaningful.
115 Estimated from figure
116 Considered clinically meaningful.
117 Estimated from figure
118 Estimated from figure
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121 Estimated from figure
122 Estimated from figure
123 Estimated from figure
124 Estimated from figure
125 Estimated from figure
126 Estimated from figure
127 Estimated from figure

Author Year		CKD stage	Follow-up	Arm 1	Mean Hb (g/dL)			Quality	of life			
Country	N	Baseline Hb (g/dL)	months	Arm 2	target (achieved)	Scale (range)	Subscale	Timepoint	Favors	Net difference (or % improved)	Р	— Quality
			_		-		Mental health		Neither		NS	_
							Physical function		Neither		NS	
							Physical role		Neither		NS	
							Social function		Neither		NS	_
Ritz 2007 UI17261422	172	1-3	· 15 ··	ESA High	13-15 (13.5)	SF-36 (0-100)	General health	15 mo	ESA High	5.0	0.04	Good
Multi	172	11.9	· 13 ··	ESA Low	10.5-11.5 (12.1)	SF-30 (0-100)	General nealth	15 1110	ESA FIIGII	5.0	0.04	Good
Roger 2004	155 ¹²⁴	3-4	24	ESA High	12-13 (12.1)	SF-36 (0-100)	Physical health	— 24 mo —	Neither		NS	
UI14694167 Australia & New Zealand	ı	11.2	24	ESA Low	9-10 (10.8)	SF-30 (0-100)	Mental health	24 1110	Neither		NS	Good
New Zealand	1					RQoLP (nd)	Global QoL (nd)	24 mo	Neither		NS	
	1432	3-4		ESA High	13.5	LASA (0-100)		nd	Neither		NS	
		•	16	_0, g	(12.7)	KDQ (4-35)	Fatigue	nd	Neither		NS	
		10.1		ESA Low	11.3 (11.4)	Vitality		Neither		NS		
CHOIR 2006	;				,		Physical function	_	Neither		NS	_
UI17108343							General health	_	Neither		NS	— Fair
US						SF-36 (0-100)	Bodily pain	nd	Neither		NS	
							Social functioning		Neither		NS	-
							Emotional role		ESA Low	-5.1	0.01	_
							Mental health		Neither		NS	-
							Physical role		Neither		NS	-
	390 ¹²⁵	3-4		ESA High	13-15		Vitality		ESA High	6	0.042	
	390.2	3-4	7.8	ESA FIGIT	(14.0)		Physical function		Neither		NS	
Rossert 2006		11.6	7.0	ESA Low	11-12		General health	_	Neither		NS	— Poor
UI16632012	,	11.0		LOA LOW	(12.0)	SF-36 (0-100)	Bodily pain	4 mo	Neither		NS	
Multi						31-30 (0-100)	Social functioning	4 1110	Neither		NS	
iviulti							Emotional role		Neither		NS	_
							Mental health		Neither		NS	
							Physical role		Neither		NS	

Key for QOL Scales

36-item Medical Outcomes Study Short-Form Health Survey (SF-36): higher scores indicate better health Kidney Diseases Questionnaire (KDQ): higher scores indicate better health Linear Analogue Self-Assessment (LASA): higher scores indicate better function

124 Excluded patients with unstable or poorly controlled angina, severe congestive heart failure (grade III-IV), severe chronic respiratory disease, symptomatic peripheral vascular disease, or a created arteriovenous fistula.

¹²⁵ Quality of life follow-up was assessed in 177 patients with a median duration of 5.8 months between assessments.

Renal Quality of Life Profile (RQoLP): nd
FACT-Fatigue (Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy-Fatigue): higher scores indicate less fatigue
EQ-5D (EuroQoL): higher scores indicate better health)

Supplemental Table 18. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on Fatigue, Vitality/Energy, and Physical function in the ND-CKD population

Author Year		CKD stage	Follow-up	Arm 1	Mean Hb (g/dL) target (achieved)	-		Quality of	of life			
Country	N	Baseline Hb (g/dL)	months	Arm 2		Scale (range)	Subscale	Timepoint	Favors	Net difference	Р	Quality
	4038	3-4	29	ESA High	13.0 (12.5)	FACT (0-52)	Fatigue	- 13 wk	ESA High	1.4	<0.001	
	4030	10.5	29	ESA Low	<9 (10.6)	FACT (0-32)	≥3 point increase ¹²⁶		ESA High	55% vs. 49% ¹²⁷	<0.05	
						FACT (0-52)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.4	<0.001	
							≥3 point increase ¹²⁸		ESA High	55% vs. 49%	0.002	
							Energy	25 wk	Neither	<u></u>	NS	
						SF-36 (0-100)	≥5 point increase ¹²⁹	25 WK	ESA High	54% vs. 49%	0.03	
TDEAT 2000							Physical functioning		Neither		NS	
TREAT 2009 2010							≥5 point increase ¹³⁰		Neither	49% vs. 48%	NS	
UI19880844						FACT (0-52)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.2	<0.05	
CJASN in							≥3 point increase ¹³¹	49 wk	ESA High	52% vs. 47% ¹³²	<0.05	Good
press							Energy		Neither		NS	
Multi						SF-36 (0-100)	≥5 point increase ¹³³		Neither	53% vs. 50% ¹³⁴	NS	_
						01 00 (0 100)	Physical function		Neither		NS	
							≥5 point increase ¹³⁵		Neither	49% vs. 46% ¹³⁶	NS	
						EACT (0.52)	Fatigue	- 72 wh	ESA High	1.2	<0.05	
						FACT (0-52)	≥3 point increase ¹³⁷	73 wk	Neither	51% vs. 49% ¹³⁸	NS	
						FACT (0-52)	Fatigue		ESA High	1.5	<0.001	
						FACT (0-52)	≥3 point increase ¹³⁹	97 wk	ESA High	51% vs. 45% ¹⁴⁰	<0.05	
						SF-36 (0-100)	Energy		ESA High	1.5	<0.001	

¹²⁶ Considered clinically meaningful.
127 Estimated from figure
128 Considered clinically meaningful.
129 Considered clinically meaningful.
130 Considered clinically meaningful.
131 Considered clinically meaningful.
132 Estimated from figure
133 Considered clinically meaningful.
134 Estimated from figure

¹³⁴ Estimated from figure 135 Considered clinically meaningful.

¹³⁶ Estimated from figure
137 Considered clinically meaningful.

¹³⁸ Estimated from figure

¹³⁹ Considered clinically meaningful.

¹⁴⁰ Estimated from figure

Author Year		CKD stage	Follow-up	Arm 1	Mean Hb (g/dL)			Quality	of life			
Country	N	Baseline Hb (g/dL)	months	Arm 2	target (achieved)	Scale (range)	Subscale	Timepoint	Favors	Net difference	P	Quality
-							≥5 point increase ¹⁴¹		ESA High	54% vs. 48% ¹⁴²	<0.05	
							Physical function		ESA High	2.9	<0.05	-
							≥5 point increase ¹⁴³		ESA High	48% vs. 42% ¹⁴⁴	<0.05	
CREATE 2006 UI17108342 Multi		3-4		ESA High	13-15		Vitality	_ 1 y	ESA High	4.3145	<0.001	_
	603		36	- 3	(13.4)	SF-36 (0-100)	Physical function		ESA High	5.6 ¹⁴⁶	<0.001	- Good
	003	11.0	30	ESA Low	10.5-11.5	31-30 (0-100)	Vitality	0	ESA High	nd	0.01	G000
		11.6		ESA LOW	(11.6)		Physical function	– 2 y –	Neither		NS	
Ritz 2007		1-3		ESA High	13-15 (13.5)							
UI17261422 Multi	172	11.9	- 15 -	ESA Low	10.5-11.5	SF-36 (0-100)	General health	15 mo	ESA High	5.0	0.04	Good
		11.5		LOALOW	(12.1)							
Roger 2004 UI14694167	155 ¹⁴⁷	3-4	ESA High	12-13 (12.1)	OF 30 (0 400)	Physical health	- 24 mo —	Neither		NS	- Good	
Australia & New Zealand		11.2	24	ESA Low	9-10 (10.8)	SF-36 (0-100)	Mental health	24 1110	Neither		NS	- G000
CHOIR 2006		3-4		ESA High	13.5	KDQ (4-35)	Fatigue	nd	Neither		NS	
UI17108343	1432	J -4	16	LOATIIGII	(12.7)		Vitality	nd	Neither		NS	 Fair
US		10.1		ESA Low	11.3 (11.4)	SF-36 (0-100)	Physical function		Neither		NS	-
Rossert 2006		3-4		ESA High	13-15 (14.0)		Vitality		ESA High	6	P=0.042	
UI16632012 Multi	390148	11.6	7.8	ESA Low	11-12 (12.0)	SF-36 (0-100)	Physical function	4 mo	Neither		NS	Poor

Key for QOL Scales

36-item Medical Outcomes Study Short-Form Health Survey (SF-36): higher scores indicate better health Kidney Diseases Questionnaire (KDQ): higher scores indicate better health

Linear Analogue Self-Assessment (LASA): higher scores indicate better function

Renal Quality of Life Profile (RQoLP): nd

FACT-Fatigue (Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy-Fatigue): higher scores indicate less fatigue

¹⁴¹ Considered clinically meaningful.

¹⁴² Estimated from figure

¹⁴³ Considered clinically meaningful.

¹⁴⁴ Estimated from figure

¹⁴⁵ Estimated from figure

¹⁴⁶ Estimated from figure

¹⁴⁷ Excluded patients with unstable or poorly controlled angina, severe congestive heart failure (grade III-IV), severe chronic respiratory disease, symptomatic peripheral vascular disease, or a created arteriovenous fistula.

¹⁴⁸ Quality of life follow-up was assessed in 177 patients with a median duration of 5.8 months between assessments.

Supplemental Table 19. Summary table of RCTs comparing different Hb targets/ESA doses on non-CVD/mortality adverse event rates in the ND-CKD population

		-			A 4)			Adverse even	ts		
Author Year		age	Description of	٠ ((Arm 1)	Mean Hb - (g/dL)	BP change or hype	ertension	Any non-CVE	/mortality AE ¹⁴⁹	
Country	N	CKD stage	intervention	Follow-up (mo)	Arm 2	target (achieved)	Definition	Outcome	D/C of drug or withdraw (N/arm)	Reason for D/C or withdraw	
TREAT 2009 UI19880844	2004		Initial dose of DA was 0.75 μ g/kg Q2W. ESA extended to 1.50	29	ESA High	13.0 (12.5)	Reported by investigators and	491 vs. 446			
Multi	2009		μg/kg /mo if 2 consecutive Hb levels within 12.0-13.5 g/dL		ESA Low	<9 (10.6)	not defined	(NS)			
CHOIR 2006 UI17108343	715	- 3-4	Initially received10,000 U ESA SC QW for 3 weeks;	16	ESA High	13.5 (12.7)	Mean SBP from baseline to the	↓2.3 mm Hg vs. ↓2.6 mm Hg	147 (21%) vs. 160 (22%)	nd	
US	717	J- 1	Subsequent ESA permitted Q2W if Hb level was stable	10	ESA Low	11.3 (11.4)	end of the study	(NS)	(nd)	(not for RRT)	
CREATE 2006 UI17108342	301	3-4	Initial dose of ESA 2000 IU SC QW. Dose adjustments to	36	ESA High	13-15 (13.4)	- HTN	89 (30%) vs. 59 (20%)	17 vs.10	nd150	
Multi	302	J -4	achieve target were permitted	30	ESA Low	10.5-11.5 (11.6)	THIN	P=0.005	NS	iiu **	
Ritz 2007 UI17261422	88151	1-3	SC ESA 2000 IU QW	15	ESA High	13-15 (13.5)	· HTN	15 (17%) vs. 9 (11%)	0		
Multi	82 ¹⁵²	1-3	SC ESA 2000 IU QW if Hb <10.5 g/dL	15	ESA Low	10.5-11.5 (12.1)	HIN	(nd)	0		
Levin 2005	85	0.4	SC ESA 2000 IU once weekly	24	ESA High	12-14 (12.8)	Individuals with at least 1	51% vs. 54%			
UI16253719 Multi	87	3-4	SC ESA 2000 IU QW if Hb <9.0 g/dL	24	ESA Low	9-10.5 (11.5)	recorded BP > 140/90 ¹⁵³	NS	nd		
Roger 2004 UI14694167	75	2.4	SC ESA	040	ESA High	12-13 (12.1)	2 yr adjusted Mean SBP and	Systolic: NS Diastolic: 81 vs. 78	0 vs. 3	- 4	
Australia & New Zealand	80	3-4	SC ESA if Hb <9 g/dL	24e	ESA Low	9-10 (10.8)	DBP between high and low ESA arms	mmHg P=0.009	(NS)	nd	
Rossert 2006 UI16632012 Multi	195	0.4	Initial dose of ESA was 25- 100 IU/kg. Therapy was given in SC doses QW. Dose adjustments were permitted	36	ESA High	13-15 (13.0)		26 (13%) vs. 22 (11%)	6 vs.6	PRCA (N=2 in ESA	
	195	3-4	in steps of 4 wks as needed to achieve target Hb level, with a permitted \(\psi \) weekly dose of 25 IU/kg.		ESA Low	11-12 (11.8)	- HTN	NS NS	(NS)	high group), angina, pruritus	

[.]

¹⁴⁹ Any non-CVD/mortality related adverse event that required discontinue of drug or resulted in withdraw from study.

^{150 12} of the 127 (9%) renal replacement therapy patients in the high ESA group and 8 of the 111 (7%) renal replacement therapy patients in the Low ESA group experienced a thrombotic event.

¹⁵¹ Two patients from a single center were randomly assigned, but were excluded from all analysis because the center was closed due to major violation of Good Clinical Practice guidelines.

¹⁵² Two patients from a single center were randomly assigned, but were excluded from all analysis because the center was closed due to major violation of Good Clinical Practice guidelines

¹⁵³ Statistically significant difference in ΔDBP between arms (p=0.027). However, baseline DBP was higher in Late ESA group. There were 4 episodes of hypertension as an adverse event. None were attributed to the study drug and all were resolved.

		•		_	A 4\	Mean Hb — (g/dL) —	Adverse events					
Author Year Country		tage	Description of	đ (Arm 1)		BP change or	hypertension	Any non-CVD/mortality AE ¹⁴⁹			
	N	CKD s	intervention	Follow (mo	Arm 2	target (achieved)	Definition	Outcome	D/C of drug or withdraw (N/arm)	Reason for D/C or withdraw		
Macdougall 2006	65	0.5	SC ESA 1000U Q2W	20	ESA High	11 (11)	LITAL	14 (22%) vs. 9 (7%)				
UI16968726 UK	132	- 2-5 –	SC ESA 2000 U thrice weekly if Hb <9.0 g/dL	— 36 —	ESA Low	9-11 (10.5)	HTN	nd				

Supplemental Table 20. ESA protocols from the major trials in CKD populations

Trial, Year	Population	-	Hb Target, g/dL (Achieved)		Initial Dose	Initial Timing of Changes	Maximum Doses Used	
Country	r opulation	Low Target	High Target	Drug	miliai 2000	militar rinning or oriangeo	Low Target	High Target
CanEPO 1990-1991 UI2108751, UI2048574, UI2192412 Canada	CKD 5D: HD	9.5-11 (10.2)	11.5-13 (11.7)	Epoetin alfa	100 U/kg	12 wk (high target) 8 wk (low target)	??	
CHOIR 2006 UI17108343 US	CKD Stage 3-4	11.3 (11.4)	13.5 (12.7)	Epoetin alfa	10,000 U/wk	2 wk	20,000 U/wk (per protocol)	20,000 U/wk (per protocol)
Parfrey 2005 UI15901766 Canada & UK	CKD 5D: HD	9.5-11.5 (10.8)	13.5-14.5 (13.1)	Epoetin alfa	150 IU/kg/wk	2 wk ¹⁵⁴	??	
Besarab 1998 UI9718377 US	CKD 5D: HD	10.0±1.0 (10.0)	14.0±1.0 (12.7-13.3)	Epoetin alfa	Low: ~150 U/kg/wk ¹⁵⁵ High: ~225 U/kg/wk ¹⁵⁶	2 wk	500 U/Kg/wk (per protocol)	500 U/Kg/wk (per protocol)
CREATE 2006 UI17108342 Multiple	CKD Stage 3-4	10.5-11.5 (11.6)	13-15 (13.4)	Epoetin beta	2000 IU/wk	4 wk	20,000 U/wk (per protocol)	20,000 U/wk (per protocol)
TREAT 2009 U119880844 Multiple	CKD Stage 3-4, DM	<9 (10.6)	13.0 (12.5)	Darbepoetin alfa	0.75 μg/kg	2 wk	1.5 µg/kg	600 µg/mo (per protocol)

Some of these data are from personal communications with the study authors.

154 Discretionary

¹⁵⁵ Low Hb group started on baseline epoetin dose (coming into the trial), which was 153±119 U/Kg/wk. High Hb group was started at 1.5 times their baseline epoetin dose, which was 146±103 U/kg/wk.

¹⁵⁶ Low Hb group started on baseline epoetin dose (coming into the trial), which was 153±119 U/Kg/wk. High Hb group was started at 1.5 times their baseline epoetin dose, which was 146±103 U/kg/wk.

Supplemental Table 21. Evidence profile of RCTs examining IV vs. SC EPO in CKD patients with anemia

	# of studies		Methodological		Directness of			Summary of findings	
Outcome	and study design	Total N (treatment)	quality of studies per outcome	Consistency across studies	the evidence generalizability/ applicability	Other considerations	Quality of evidence for outcome	Qualitative and quantitative description of effect	Importance of outcome
Mortality	4 RCTs (High)	599 (276)	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Low	Insufficient evidence	Critical
CV mortality	1 RCT (High)	114 (53)	No limitations (0)	NA	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1) Imprecision (-1)	Low	Insufficient evidence	Critical
CV events	0 RCTs								Critical
ESRD	0 RCTs		-	-					Critical
Transfusion	2 RCTs (High)	252 (128)	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1) Imprecision (-1)	Very low	Insufficient evidence	High
QoL	1 RCT (High)	83 (45)	Some limitations (-1)	NA	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1)	Low	No difference	High
Hb (categorical)	3 RCTs (High)	394 (200)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1)	Moderate	No difference ¹⁵⁷	Moderate
Hb (continuous)	4 RCTs (High)	559 (276)	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	Moderate	No difference	Moderate
ESA dose (categorical)	0 RCTs								Moderate
ESA dose (continuous)	4 RCTs (High)	559 (276)	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	Moderate	Benefit with SC EPO. No difference for darbepoetin.	Moderate
Adverse events	3 RCTs (High)	351 (175)		, ,				Possible harm with SC, especially in regards to pain (SC 18% vs. IV 0%)	Moderate
Total	4 RCTs	599 (276)	utial havafita and						

Balance of potential benefits and harms:

Insufficient evidence for important clinical outcomes
No difference in Hb response
Benefit for decreasing ESA dose with SC EPO

Quality of overall evidence:

Low

¹⁵⁷ In one study, more patients are out of range with SC.

Supplemental Table 22. Summary table of RCTs¹⁵⁸ examining IV vs. SC ESA in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes)

		Outcome		ments yzed / Enrolled)	-	Baseline	Mean	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	ESA dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Mortality													
All cause mortality	Bommer 2008	48 wk	IV Darbepoetin α	SC Darbepoetin α		502 pg/mL	31.1 µg	11.6	11.6	3 (6%) [5 (8%)]	RR 0.69 ¹⁵⁹ (0.16; 2.75)	NS	Good
Cerebral bleeding death	UI18676350 Germany	(52 wk)	53/53	61/61	CKD 5D	(556 pg/mL)	(26.9 µg)	(12.0)	(11.7)	0 (%) [1 (2%)]	nd	nd	Good
Death ¹⁶⁰	Muirhead, 1992 UI2192414 Canada	48 wk (48 wk)	SC rHuEPO 45/64	IV rHuEPO 38/64	CKD 5D: HD	nd	147 U/kg/wk (184 U/kg/wk)	8.0 (7.7)	10.9 (11.2)	3 (5%) [12 (13%)]	RR 0.34 ¹⁶¹ (0.09; 1.36)	NS	Good
All cause mortality	Chazot 2009 Ul19407262 France	6 mo (6 mo)	SC direct switch to IV Darbepoetin a 77/77	SC indirect switch to IV Darbepoetin a after 2 mo of SC darbepoetin 77/77	CKD 5D: HD	34%/418 µg/L (35%/479 µg/L)	0.44 µg/kg/wk (0.46 µg/kg/wk)	11.6 (11.5)	11.7 (12.0)	3 (4%) [8 (10%)]	RR 0.38 (0.10; 1.36)	NS	Fair
Death	Kaufman 1998 Ul9718376 US	26 wk (26 wk)	IV EPO 101/101	SC EPO 107/107	CKD 5D: HD	28%/305 ng/mL (29%/297 ng/mL)	122 U/kg/wk (117 U/kg/wk)	Hct 32% (Hct 32%)	Hct 31% (Hct 31%)	8 (8%) [11 (10%)]	RR 0.77 (0.32; 1.84) ¹⁶²	NS	Fair
CV Mortality													
Cardiac death	Bommer 2008 UI18676350 Germany	48 wk (52 wk)	IV Darbepoetin α 53/53	SC Darbepoetin α 61/61	CKD 5D	502 pg/mL (556 pg/mL)	31.1 µg (26.9 µg)	11.6 (12.0)	11.6 (11.7)	2 (4%) [2 (3%)]	RR 1.15 ¹⁶³ (0.17; 7.89)	NS	Good
Transfusions	·												
Blood transfusion	Bommer 2008 UI18676350 Germany	48 wk (52 wk)	IV Darbepoetin α 53/53	SC Darbepoetin α 61/61	CKD 5D	502 pg/mL (556 pg/mL)	31.1 µg (26.9 µg)	11.6 (12.0)	11.6 (11.7)	4 (8%) [4 (7%)]	RR1.15 ¹⁶⁴ (0.30; 4.38)	NS	Good

¹⁵⁸ Kaufman and Muirhead were known older studies but were not part of a systematic review.

¹⁵⁹ Calculated by ERT
160 Includes those who died during 1 month placebo run-in period and after withdrawal from the study (cessation of therapy).
161 Calculated by ERT
162 Calculated by ERT
163 Calculated by ERT
164 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Mean	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	ESA dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Transfusion	Kaufman 1998 UI9718376 US	26 wk (26 wk)	IV EPO 101/101	SC EPO 107/107	CKD 5D: HD	28%/305 ng/mL (29%/297 ng/mL)	122 U/kg/wk (117 U/kg/wk)	Hct 32% (Hct 32%)	Hct 31% (Hct 31%)	9 (12%) [7 (9%)]	RR 1.36 (0.53; 3.52) ¹⁶⁵	NS (0.61)	Fair
Hb													
ΔHb ≥1 g/dL										69 (88%) [72 (91%)]	RR 0.97 ¹⁶⁶ (0.87; 1.08)	NS	Good
ΔHb >1.5 g/dL										40 (51%) [44 (56%)]	RR 0.92 ¹⁶⁷ (0.69; 1.23)	NS	Good
ΔHb 2 g/dL										25 (32%) [27 (34%)]	RR 0.94 ¹⁶⁸ (0.60; 1.46)	NS	Good
↑Hb >3.0 g/dL										1 (1%) [4 (5%)]	RR 0.25 ¹⁶⁹ (0.03; 2.22)	NS	Good
↓Hb >3.0 g/dL	Patel 2009					28%/315	49.99 U/kg/sess			3 (4%) [6 (8%)]	RR 0.51 ¹⁷⁰ (0.13; 1.95)	NS	Good
Mean number of weeks with Hb >11g/dL or <10 g/dL	UI19088467 US	4 wks (24 wks)	IV EPO 78/78	SC EPO 79/79	CKD 5D: HD	ng/mL (27%/293 ng/mL)	ion (36 U/kg/sess ion)	10.38 (10.37)	nd	12.45 (13.92)		0.04	Good
Mean number of ΔHb ≥1 g/dL	•						·		-	3.44 (4.03)		NS (0.08)	Good
Mean number of ΔHb>1.5 g/dL										1.27 (1.49)		NS (0.22)	Good
Number of ΔHb of 2 g/pt	··									0.63 (0.71)	nd	NS (0.42)	Good

¹⁶⁵ Calculated by ERT 166 Calculated by ERT 167 Calculated by ERT 168 Calculated by ERT 169 Calculated by ERT 170 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Mean	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	ults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Number of ↑Hb >3.0 g/dL	_									0.01 (0.05)	nd	NS (0.17)	Good
Number of ↓Hb >3.0 g/dL										0.04 (0.08)	nd	NS (0.18)	Good
Failure to achieve or maintain Hb target	Muirhead, 1992 UI2192414 Canada	48 wk (48 wk)	SC rHuEPO 45/64	IV rHuEPO 38/64	CKD 5D: HD	nd	147 U/kg/wk (184 U/kg/wk)	8.0 (7.7)	10.9 (11.2)	6 ¹⁷¹ (9.4%) [12 (19%)]	RR 0.45 ¹⁷² (0.16; 1.28)	NS ¹⁷³	Good
Patients with stable Hb levels	Chazot 2009 UI19407262 France	6 mo (6 mo)	SC direct switch to IV Darbepoetin a 77/77	SC indirect switch to IV Darbepoetin α after 2 mo of SC darbepoetin 77/77	CKD 5D: HD	34%/418.3 µg/L (35.4%/479. 4µg/L)	0.44 µg/kg/wk (0.46 µg/kg/wk)	11.6 (11.5)	11.7 (12.0)	64 (83% ¹⁷⁴) [63 (82%)]	RD -1.0 (-12.7; 10.7) ¹⁷⁵	Non- inf ¹⁷⁶	Fair

 $^{^{171}}$ Includes 1 patient who was kept below target by physician. 172 Calculated by ERT

¹⁷³ Without 1 patient kept below target OR=0.37 (95% CI 0.12, 1.13) p=0.08.

¹⁷⁴ Calculated by ERT

¹⁷⁵ 90% CI

¹⁷⁶ This study shows equivalence between groups 1 and 2 in terms of percentage of patients with Hb stability. Moreover, equivalence between groups 1 and 2 in terms of proportions of patients with Hb stability at month 3 was shown. At the end of the study, the mean intravenous darbepoetin dosages were similar between the 3 treatment groups, whatever the initial route of administration.

Supplemental Table 23. Summary table of RCTs¹⁷⁷ examining IV vs. SC ESA in CKD patients with anemia (continuous outcomes)

		Outcome Assessment		ments yzed / Enrolled)		Baseline TSAT/	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
QoL													
KDQ Physical										4.3 (4.3)	+0.9 (+1.0)	NS	
KDQ Fatigue										4.5 (4.3)	+0.5 (+0.8)	NS	
KDQ Relation- ships	Muirhead, 1992	40	00 414500	11/ -LL-EDO			147	0.0	40.0	5.2 (4.9)	+0.2 (+0.5)	NS	
KDQ Depression	UI2192414 (48 Canada I	48 wk (48 wk)	SC rHuEPO 45/64	IV rHuEPO 38/64	CKD 5D: HD	nd	U/kg/wk (184 U/kg/wk)	8.0 (7.7)	10.9 (11.2)	5.1 (5.0)	+0.3 (+0.4)	NS	Fair
KDQ Frustration							U/kg/wk)			5.3 (4.9)	+0.1 (+0.3)	NS	
KDQ Global Physical										4.5 (4.4)	+0.6 (+0.7)	NS	•
KDQ Global Emotional	•									5.2 (4.9)	+0.2 (+0.4)	NS	
Hb/Hct													
ΔHb, g/dL	Bommer 2008 UI18676350 Germany	48 wk (52 wk)	IV Darbepoetin α 53/53	SC Darbepoetin α 61/61	CKD 5D	502 pg/mL (556 pg/mL)	31.1 µg (26.9 µg)	11.6 (12.0)	11.6 (11.7)	11.6 (12.0)	+0.36 -0.04 ,0.76 (range)	NS (0.073)	Good
Hb, g/dL	Muirhead, 1992 UI2192414 Canada	48 wk (48 wk)	SC rHuEPO 45/64	IV rHuEPO 38/64	CKD 5D: HD	nd	147 U/kg/wk (184 U/kg/wk)	8.0 (7.7)	10.9 (11.2)	8.0 (7.7)	+2.9 (+3.5)	NS	Good
Hb, g/dL	Chazot 2009 UI19407262 France	6 mo (6 mo)	SC direct switch to IV Darbepoetin a 77/77	SC indirect switch to IV Darbepoetin a after 2 mo of SC darbepoetin 77/77	CKD 5D: HD	34%/418 µg/L (35%/479 µg/L)	0.44 µg/kg/wk (0.46 µg/kg/wk)	11.6 (11.5)	11.7 (12.0)	11.6 (11.5)	+0.1 (+0.5)	nd	Fair
ΔHct, %	Kaufman 1998 Ul9718376 US	26 wk (26 wk)	IV EPO 101/101	SC EPO 107/107	CKD 5D: HD	28%/305 ng/mL (29%/297 ng/mL)	122 U/kg/wk (117 U/kg/wk)	Hct 32% (Hct 32%)	Hct 31% (Hct 31%)	32% (32%)	-0.9% (-0.7%)	NS (0.60)	Fair

 $^{^{177}}$ Kaufman and Muirhead were known older studies but were not part of a systematic review.

	Author Voor	Outcome Assessment		ments yzed / Enrolled)		Baseline TSAT/	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	sults	- P-	
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	value	Quality
ESA dose								-					
ΔDarbepoetin doses, μg/wk	Bommer 2008 UI18676350 Germany	48 wk (52 wk)	IV Darbepoetin α 53/53	SC Darbepoetin α 61/61	CKD 5D	502 pg/mL (556 pg/mL)	31.1 µg (26.9 µg)	11.6 (12.0)	11.6 (11.7)	31.7 (25.8)	Net Δ -1.25	NS (0.67)	Good
EPO dose (U/kg/wk)	- Muirhood	48 wk (48 wk)					147			0	147 (184)	NS	
EPO dose (U/kg/wk)	Muirhead, - 1992 UI2192414	Stabilization	SC rHuEPO 45/64	IV rHuEPO 38/64	CKD 5D: HD	nd	U/kg/wk (184	8.0 (7.7)	10.9 (11.2)	0	206 (274)	0.02	Good
Time to stabilization (wk)	Canada	Stabilization (32-48 wk)	40/04	30/04			U/kg/wk)	(1.1)	(11.2)		14.9 (17.3)	0.006	
Darbepoetin dose, µg/kg/wk	Chazot 2009 Ul19407262 France	6 mo (6 mo)	SC direct switch to IV Darbepoetin a 77/77	SC indirect switch to IV Darbepoetin a after 2 mo of SC darbepoetin 77/77	CKD 5D: HD	34%/418 µg/L (35.4%/4 79 µg/L)	0.44 µg/kg/wk (0.46 µg/kg/wk)	11.6 (11.5)	11.7 (12.0)	0.45 (0.46)	-0.01 (0)	nd	Fair
ΔWeekly EPO dose, U/kg/wk	Kaufman 1998 Ul9718376 US	26 wk (26 wk)	IV EPO 101/101	SC EPO 107/107	CKD 5D: HD	28%/305 ng/mL (29%/297 ng/mL)	122 U/kg/wk (117 U/kg/wk)	Hct 32% (Hct 32%)	Hct 31% (Hct 31%)	122 (117)	+18.3 (-21.9)	<0.001	Fair

Supplemental Table 24. Summary table of adverse events in RCTs¹⁷⁸ examining IV vs. SC EPO in CKD patients with anemia

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemogl	obin (g/dL)	Results	i	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
Total	- Pommor									All	18 (34%) [38 (62%)]	0.005179
SAEs	- Bommer 2008 - UI18676350	48 wk	IV Darbepoetin α	SC Darbepoetin α	CKD 5D	502 pg/mL	31.1 µg	11.6	11.6	Including death	6 (11%) [24 (39%)]	0.003180
Related to darbepoeitin	Germany	` ,	53/53	61/61		(556 pg/mL)	(26.9 µg)	(12.0)	(11.7)	Classified as related to by the investigators	5 (9%) [4 (7%)]	NS ¹⁸¹
Total AE	Chazot 2009 Ul19407262 France	6 mo (6 mo)	SC direct switch to IV Darbepoetin α 77/77	SC indirect switch to IV Darbepoetin α after 2 mo of SC darbepoetin 77/77	CKD 5D: HD	34%/418 μg/L (35.4%/479 μg/L)	0.44 µg/kg/wk (0.46 µg/kg/wk)	11.6 (11.5)	11.7 (12.0)	Mild or moderate	25 (32%) [22 (29%)]	NS
Seizure										nd (none HTN)	4 (7%) [1 (2%)]	nd
Serious HTN	M. dula a a d									PreHD DBP>110 or HTN seizure	18 (30%) [22 (36%)]	nd
Thrombotic events	Muirhead, 1992 UI2192414 Canada	48 wk (48 wk)	SC rHuEPO 45/64	IV rHuEPO 38/64	CKD 5D: HD	nd	147 U/kg/wk (184 U/kg/wk)	8.0 (7.7)	10.9 (11.2)	Dialysis access or extracorporeal circuit	24 (39%) [30 (48%)]	nd
Failure of access										nd	21% [18%]	nd
SC pain										nd	11 (18%) [0 (0%)]	nd

¹⁷⁸ Kaufman and Muirhead were known older studies but were not part of a systematic review.
179 Calculated by ERT
180 Calculated by ERT
181 Calculated by ERT

Supplemental Table 25. Evidence profile of RCTs examining different dosing schedules in CKD patients with anemia

	# of studies		Methodological		Directness of			Summary of findings	
Outcome	and study design	Total N (treatment)	quality of studies per outcome	Consistency across studies	the evidence generalizability/ applicability	Other considerations	Quality of evidence for outcome	Qualitative and quantitative description of effect	Importance of outcome
Mortality	7 RCTs (High)	2803 (1884)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Moderate	Insufficient evidence	Critical
CV mortality	2 RCTs (High)	803 (570)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Moderate	Insufficient evidence	Critical
CV events	2 RCTs (High)	949 (711)	No limitations (0)	NA	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Moderate	Insufficient evidence	Critical
ESRD	1 RCT (High)	644 (322)	Some limitations (-1)	NA	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1) Imprecision (-1)	Very low	Insufficient evidence	Critical
Transfusion	5 RCTs (High)	2003 (1282)	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Low	Insufficient evidence	High
QoL	1 RCT (High)	519 (489)	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1)	Moderate	No difference	High
Hb (categorical)	3 RCTs (High)	1257 (739)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	High	No difference	Moderate
Hb (continuous)	8 RCTs (High)	3006 (2086)	No limitations (0)	Important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	Moderate	No difference ¹⁸²	Moderate
ESA dose (categorical)	0 RCTs			-	-				Moderate
ESA dose (continuous)	4 RCTs (High)	1003 (638)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	High	Benefit of C.E.R.A every two weeks vs. once every month and epoetin every week vs. IV darbepoetin every week or epoetin three times per week	Moderate
Adverse events	6 RCTs (High)	2803 (1984)						No difference in major adverse events	Moderate
Total	8 RCTs	3006 (2086)							

¹⁸² In one study, there was a benefit for IV darbepoetin alfa every week or epoetin alfa three times per week over epoetin alfa every week in dialysis patients.

		# of studies		Methodological		Directness of			Summary of findings	
Οι 	ıtcome	and study design	Total N (treatment)	quality of studies per outcome	Consistency across studies	the evidence generalizability/ applicability	Other considerations	Quality of evidence for outcome	Qualitative and quantitative description of effect	Importance of outcome
		Bala	nce of poter	ntial benefits and	harms:					_
		Insufficie	nt evidence f	or important clinica	al outcomes.			Quality	y of overall evidence:	
			No differer	nce in Hb response) .				Very low	
	Be	nefit for more t	frequent ESA	A administration for	cumulative dos	e. ¹⁸³				

¹⁸³ Varies by preparation

Supplemental Table 26. Summary table of RCTs examining different dosing schedules in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes)

	Ath. a.u	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Q2W vs. Q4	W												
Mortality													
All cause mortality	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 223/223	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	CKD 5D	27%/453 μg/L (28%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (175 µg/4 wk)	119.7 g/L (118.5 g/L)	118.0 g/L (116.1 g/L)	19 (9%) [15 (7%)]	RR 1.26 ¹⁸⁴ (0.66;2.42)	NS	Fair
Total death	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO Q4W 215/215	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	519 pmol/L (559 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (5423 IU/w k)	11.12 (11.17)	11.0 (11.0)	3 (3%) [9 (4%)]	RR 0.33 ¹⁸⁵ (0.09; 1.20)	NS	Good
Deaths	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476 Multi	36 wk (36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	C.E.R.A Q4W 191/191	CKD 5D: HD & PD	30%/418 ng/mL (28%/427 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (150 μg/4wk)	11.70 (11.66)	11.70 (11.46)	13 (7%) [18 (10%)]	RR 0.73 ¹⁸⁶ (0.37;1.44)	NS	Fair
Death [safety]	Kessler 2010 Ul19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3-4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.22 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	2 (2%) [1 (1%)]	RR 1.97 (0.18, 21.28) ¹⁸⁷	NS (0.576)	Fair
Death	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 20,000 units Q2W 131/131	EPO α 40,000 units Q4W 126/126	nd	26% /179 (25%/227)	9,681 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.4)	1 (1%) [2 (2%)]	RR 0.96 (0.06, 15.21) ¹⁸⁸	NS	Fair
CV mortality													
Sudden cardiac death	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO Q4W 215/215	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol/L (558.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (5423 IU/w k)	11.12 (11.17)	11.0 (11.0)	0 (0%) [0 (0%)]			Good

¹⁸⁴ Calculated by ERT 185 Calculated by ERT 186 Calculated by ERT 187 Calculated by ERT 188 Calculated by ERT

	A sattle a se	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analy)		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
ESRD													
Dialysis	Pergola, 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO Q4W 215/215	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol/L (558.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (5423 IU/w k)	11.12 (11.17)	11.0 (11.0)	2 (2%) [4 (2%)]	RR 1.00 ¹⁸⁹ (0.19; 5.40)	NS	Fair
CV events													
Cardiac arrest	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO Q4W 215/215	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol/L (558.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (5423 IU/w k)	11.12 (11.17)	11.0 (11.0)	0 (0%) [1 (1%)]			Good
Thrombosis	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 20,000 units Q2W 131/131	EPO α 40,000 units Q4W 126/126	nd	26% /179 (25%/227)	9,681 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.4)	3 (2%) [3 (2%)]	RR 0.96 (0.20, 4.68) ¹⁹⁰	NS	Fair
Transfusion													
Transfusion	Levin, 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 223/223	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	CKD 5D	27%/453 μg/L (28%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (175 µg/4 wks)	119.7 g/L (118.5 g/L)	118.0 g/L (116.1 g/L)	21 (10%) [16 (7%)]	RR 1.31 ¹⁹¹ (0.70; 2.44)	NS	Fair
Transfusion	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO Q4W 215/215	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol/L (558.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (5423 IU/w k)	11.12 (11.17)	11.0 (11.0)	6 (6%) [14 (7%)]	RR 0.86 ¹⁹² (0.34; 2.18)	NS	Fair
Transfusion	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476 Multi	36 wk (36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	C.E.R.A Q4W 191/191	CKD 5D: HD & PD	30%/418 ng/mL (28%/427 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (150 μg/4wk)	11.70 (11.66)	11.70 (11.46)	6% [11%]			Good

¹⁸⁹ Calculated by ERT 190 Calculated by ERT 191 Calculated by ERT 192 Calculated by ERT

	A celle a ce	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Transfusions [safety]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3-4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.22 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	2 (3%) [0 (0%)]	nd	nd	Fair
Hb													
Hb maintained within 10 g/L	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 223/223	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	CKD 5D	27%/453 μg/L (28%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (175 µg/4 wks)	119.7 g/L (118.5 g/L)	118.0 g/L (116.1 g/L)	133 (68%) [127 (68%)]	RR 1.00 ¹⁹³ (0.87; 1.15)	NS	Fair
Hb maintained within ±1.0 g/dL	Sulowicz 2007	36 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W	C.E.R.A Q4W	CKD 5D: HD	30%/418 ng/mL	56 μg/2wk (150	11.70	11.70	76% [66%]			Good
Hb maintained within 10- 13.5 g/dL	UI17699476 Multi	(36 wk)	190/190	191/191	& PD	(28%/427 ng/mL)	μg/4wk)	(11.66)	(11.46)	92% [88%]			Good
Hb levels maintained within ±1 g/dL of the response value [ITT]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3-4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.22 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	55 (76%) [50 (70%)]	RR 1.08 (0.89, 1.33) ¹⁹⁴	NS (0.428)	Fair
Q2W vs. Q3V	N												
Mortality													
Death	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 20,000 units Q2W 131/131	Epoetin α 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	nd	26% /179 (26%/205)	9,681 U (9,489 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.2)	2 (2%) [3 (2%)]	RR 1.01 (0.21, 4.90) ¹⁹⁵	NS	Fair

¹⁹³ Calculated by ERT 194 Calculated by ERT 195 Calculated by ERT

	Author	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
CV events													
Thrombosis	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 20,000 units Q2W 131/131	Epoetin α 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	nd	26% /179 (26%/205)	9,681 U (9,489 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.2)	3 (2%) [5 (4%)]	RR 0.60 (0.15, 2.48) ¹⁹⁶	NS	Fair
Q3W vs. Q4	W												
Mortality													
Death	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	Epoetin α 40,000 units Q4W 126/126	nd	26%/205 (25%/227)	9,489 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (11.4)	1 (1%) [2 (2%)]	RR 0.48 (0.04, 5.20) ¹⁹⁷	NS	Fair
CV event													
Thrombosis	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	Epoetin α 40,000 units Q4W 126/126	nd	26%/205 (25%/227)	9,489 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (11.4)	5 (4%) [3 (2%)]	RR 1.59 (0.39, 6.52) ¹⁹⁸	NS	Fair
Q4W vs. QW	/-TIW												
Mortality													
All cause mortality	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	EPO α or β QW-TIW 226/226	CKD 5D	28%/453 µg/L (31%/522 µg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	118.5 g/L (119.1 g/L)	116.1 g/L (118.2 g/L)	15 (7%) [17 (8%)]	RR 0.90 ¹⁹⁹ (0.46; 1.76)	NS	Fair
Transfusion													
Transfusion	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	EPO α or β QW-TIW 226/226	CKD 5D	28%/453 µg/L (31%/522 µg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	118.5 g/L (119.1 g/L)	116.1 g/L (118.2 g/L)	16 (7%) [17 (8%)]	RR 0.96 ²⁰⁰ (0.50; 1.86)	NS	Fair

¹⁹⁶ Calculated by ERT 197 Calculated by ERT 198 Calculated by ERT 199 Calculated by ERT 200 Calculated by ERT

	Author	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Hb										_			
Hb maintained within 10 g/L	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	EPO α or β QW-TIW 226/226	CKD 5D	28%/453 μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	118.5 g/L (119.1 g/L)	116.1 g/L (118.2 g/L)	127 (68%) [138 (67%)]	RR 1.00 ²⁰¹ (0.87; 1.15)	NS	Fair
Q2W vs. QV	V-TIW												
Mortality													
All cause mortality	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q2W 223/223	EPO α or β QW-TIW 226/226	CKD 5D	27%/453 μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	119.7 g/L (119.1 g/L)	118.0 g/L (118.2 g/L)	19 (9%) [17 (8%)]	RR 1.14 ²⁰² (0.61; 2.13)	NS	Fair
Total death	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	29 mL/min (31 mL/min)	553pmol/L (510 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.63)	11.1 (11.4)	4 (3%) [4 (3%)]	RR 0.98 ²⁰³ (0.25; 3.85)	NS	Good
CV mortality													
Cardiac death	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	29 mL/min (31 mL/min)	553pmol/L (510 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.63)	11.1 (11.4)	0 (0%) [0 (0%)]			Good
Transfusion													
Transfusion	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q2W 223/223	EPO α or β QW-TIW 226/226	CKD 5D	27%/453 μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	119.7 g/L (119.1 g/L)	118.0 g/L (118.2 g/L)	21 (10%) [17 (8%)]	RR 1.26 ²⁰⁴ (0.69; 2.33)	NS	Fair

²⁰¹ Calculated by ERT 202 Calculated by ERT 203 Calculated by ERT 204 Calculated by ERT

	Author,	Outcome Assessme	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Year, Country	nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Transfusion	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	29 mL/min (31 mL/min)	553pmol/L (510 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.63)	11.1 (11.4)	14 (11%) [37 ²⁰⁵ (3%)]	RR 0.37 ²⁰⁶ (0.21; 0.65)	0.002 207	Fair
Hb													
Hb maintained within 10 g/L	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q2W 223/223	EPO α or β QW-TIW 226/226	CKD 5D	27%/453 μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	119.7 g/L (119.1 g/L)	118.0 g/L (118.2 g/L)	133 (68%) [138 (67%)]	RR 1.01 ²⁰⁸ (0.88; 1.15)	NS	Fair
QW vs. QW	or TIW												
Mortality													
Death	Locatelli 2008 UI18587731 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	EPO α QW 213/217	IV Darbepoetin α QW or EPO α TIW 68/70	CKD 5D: HD	31%/402 ng/mL (32%/402 ng/mL)	6.791 IU/wk (6.210 IU/wk)	11.57 (11.57)	10.92 (11.64)	1 (5%) [0 (0%)]			Good
Total death	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α QW 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	30 mL/min (31 mL/min)	573.81 pmol/L (510.23 pmol/L)	5035 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.71 (9.63)	11.3 (11.4)	6 (5%) [4 (3%)]	RR 1.48 ²⁰⁹ (0.43; 5.10)	NS ²¹⁰	Good
Death	Locatelli 2002 UI12087569 EU	24 wks (24 wks)	SC EPO β QW 75/84	SC EPO β TIW 71/89	5D: HD	26%/422 ng/mL (27%/461 ng/mL)	81 IU/kg (78 IU/kg)	Hct 33.1% (33.3%)	Hct 33% (33.2%) ²¹¹	1 (1%) [5 (7%)]	RR 0.19 ²¹² (0.02; 1.58)	NS	Good

²⁰⁵ Calculated by ERT 206 Calculated by ERT 207 Calculated by ERT 208 Calculated by ERT 209 Calculated by ERT 210 Calculated by ERT 211 Estimated from graph 212 Calculated by ERT

	Author	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
CV mortality													
Cardiac death	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α QW 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	30 mL/min (31 mL/min)	573.81 pmol/L (510.23 pmol/L)	5035 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.71 (9.63)	11.3 (11.4)	1 (1%) [0 (0%)]			Good
Transfusion													
Transfusion	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α QW 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	30 mL/min (31 mL/min)	573.81 pmol/L (510.23 pmol/L)	5035 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.71 (9.63)	11.3 (11.4)	88 (7%) [37 (3%)] ²¹³	RR 2.34 ²¹⁴ (1.75; 3.14)	0.000 215	Fair
Transfusion	Locatelli 2002 UI12087569 EU	24 wks (24 wks)	SC EPO β QW 75/84	SC EPO β TIW 71/89	5D: HD	26%/422 ng/mL (27%/461 ng/mL)	81 IU/kg (78 IU/kg)	Hct 33.1% (33.3%)	Hct 33% (33.2%) ²¹⁶	6 (8%) [8 (11%)]	RR 0.71 (0.26; 1.94)	NS	Fair
Q4W vs. QW	V												
Mortality													
Total death	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q4W 215/215	EPO QW 108/108	28 mL/min (28 mL/min)	558.97 pmol/L (513.97 pmol/L)	5423 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.17 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	9 (4%) [4 (4%)]	RR 1.13 ²¹⁷ (0.36; 3.59)	NS	Good
Death	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO a 40,000 units Q4W 126/126	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	25%/227 (25%/198)	9,748 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.4 (12.2)	1 (1%) [1 (1%)]	RR 1.04 (0.07, 16.44) ²¹⁸	NS	Fair
CV mortality													
Sudden cardiac death	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q4W 215/215	EPO QW 108/108	28 mL/min (28 mL/min)	558.97 pmol/L (513.97 pmol/L)	5423 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.17 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	0 (0%) [2 (2%)]			Good

²¹³ Calculated by ERT
214 Calculated by ERT
215 Calculated by ERT
216 Estimated from graph
217 Calculated by ERT
218 Calculated by ERT

	Author	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
ESRD													
Dialysis	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q4W 215/215	EPO QW 108/108	28 mL/min (28 mL/min)	558.97 pmol/L (513.97 pmol/L)	5423 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.17 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	4 (2%) [2 (2%)]	RR 1.00 ²¹⁹ (0.19; 5.40)	NS	Fair
CV events													
Cardiac arrest	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q4W 215/215	EPO QW 108/108	28 mL/min (28 mL/min)	558.97 pmol/L (513.97 pmol/L)	5423 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.17 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	0 (0%) [0 (0%)]			Good
Thrombosis	Provenzano, 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 40,000 units Q4W 126/126	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	25%/227 (25%/198)	9,748 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.4 (12.2)	3 (2%) [2 (2%)]	RR 1.55 (0.26, 9.11) ²²⁰	NS	Fair
Transfusion													
Transfusion	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q4W 215/215	EPO QW 108/108	28 mL/min (28 mL/min)	558.97 pmol/L (513.97 pmol/L)	5423 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.17 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	14 (7%) [4 (4%)]	RR 1.76 ²²¹ (0.59; 5.21)	NS	Fair
Q3W vs. QV	V												
Mortality													
Death	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO a 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	26%/205 (25%/198)	9, 489 U (9, 265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (12.2)	3 (2%) [1 (1%)]	RR 02.95 (0.31, 28.04) ²²²	NS	Fair
CV event													
Thrombosis	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO a 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	26%/205 (25%/198)	9, 489 U (9, 265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (12.2)	5 (4%) [2 (2%)]	RR 2.48 (0.49, 12.56) ²²³	NS	Fair

²¹⁹ Calculated by ERT 220 Calculated by ERT 221 Calculated by ERT 222 Calculated by ERT 223 Calculated by ERT

	Andhan	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemogl	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Q2W vs. QV	N												
Mortality													
Total death	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α QW 125/125	29 mL/min (30 mL/min)	552.74 pmol/L (573.81 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5035 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.71)	11.1 (11.3)	4 (3%) [6 (5%)]	RR 0.67 ²²⁴ (0.19; 2.31)	NS ²²⁵	Good
Total death	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO QW 108/108	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol./L (513.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	3 (3%) [4 (4%)]	RR 0.76 ²²⁶ (0.17; 3.30)	NS	Good
Death	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 20,000 units Q2W 131/131	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	26%/179 (25% /198)	9,681 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (12.2)	2 (2%) [1 (1%)]	RR 1.98 (0.18, 21.62) ²²⁷	NS	Fair
CV mortality													
Cardiac death	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α QW 125/125	29 mL/min (30 mL/min)	552.74 pmol/L (573.81 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5035 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.71)	11.1 (11.3)	0 (0%) [1 (1%)]			Good
Sudden cardiac death	Pergola, 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO QW 108/108	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol./L (513.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	0 (0%) [2 (2%)]			Good
ESRD													
Dialysis	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO QW 108/108	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol./L (513.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	2 (2%) [2 (2%)]	RR 1.01 ²²⁸ (0.14; 7.04)	NS	Fair

²²⁴ Calculated by ERT 225 Calculated by ERT 226 Calculated by ERT 227 Calculated by ERT 228 Calculated by ERT

	Author,	Outcome Assessme	Treatm (Number Analyz		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemogle	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Year, Country	nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
CV events										-			
Cardiac arrest	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO QW 108/108	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol./L (513.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	0 (0%) [0 (0%)]			Good
Thrombosis	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 20,000 units Q2W 131/131	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	26%/179 (25% /198)	9,681 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (12.2)	3 (2%) [2 (2%)]	RR 1.49 (0.25, 8.76) ²²⁹	NS	Fair
Transfusion													
Transfusion	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α QW 125/125	29 mL/min (30 mL/min)	552.74 pmol/L (573.81 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5035 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.71)	11.1 (11.3)	14 (11%) [8 (7%)] ²³⁰	RR 1.75 ²³¹ (0.76; 4.02)	NS ²³²	Fair
Transfusion	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO QW 108/108	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol./L (513.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	6 (6%) [4 (4%)]	RR 1.51 ²³³ (0.44; 5.21)	NS	Fair
Hb													
Target Hb >10 g/dL maintained without ↑EPO >60%	Mircescu 2006	12 wk	EPO β Q2W	EPO β QW	CKD 5D: HD	36%/333 ng/mL	67.8 IU/kg	11.4	11.41	73% [62%]			Good
Target Hb >10 g/dL maintained without ↑EPO >60%	UI16931218 Romania	(24 wk)	102/104	101/103	טח: חם		(71.8 IU/kg)	(11.4)	(11.38)	75% [69%]			Good

²²⁹ Calculated by ERT ²³⁰ Calculated by ERT ²³¹ Calculated by ERT ²³² Calculated by ERT ²³³ Calculated by ERT

	A41	Outcome	Treatm (Number Analy)		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemogl	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessme nt Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparato r)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Target Hb													
>10 g/dL													
maintained										66%			Good
without										[62%]			
↑EPO >60%													
Target Hb													
>10 g/dL													
maintained										66%			
without										[64%]			Good
↑EPO										[/•]			
>60%													

	A (1 V	Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country,	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Q2W vs. Q	4W							,	,	,	,		
QoL													
Mean ∆LASA										52.9	2.7	nd	Fair
energy score	•									(49.1)	(6.1)		
Mean ∆LASA activity score		16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin a 20,000 units Q2W	Epoetin a 40,000 units Q4W	nd	26% /179 (25%/227)	9,681 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.4)	53.3 (52.2)	3.5 (5.0)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆LASA overall QOL score		(10 Wild)	94/131	93/126		(2576/221)	(0,140 0)	(11.3)	(11.4)	62.9 (59.5)	0.7 (1.6)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆total KDQ score										22.7 (22.8)	0.1 (-0.2)	nd	Fair
Mb, g/L [PP]	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 223/223	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	CKD 5D	27%/453 µg/L (28%/522 µg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (175 µg/4 wk)	119.7 g/L (118.5 g/L)	118.0 g/L (116.1 g/L)	119.7 (118.5)	-0.71 (-2.20; 0.77) [-0.25 (-1.79; 1.29)] ²³⁴		Fair
ΔHb g/dL	Percola 2010									11.12 (11.17)	-0.10 (-0.19)		Good
Difference of least squares means	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO Q4W 215/215	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	519 pmol/L (559 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (5423 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.17)	11.0 (11.0)	11.12 (11.17)	-0.03 (-0.09)		Good
ΔHb, g/dL [PP]	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476 Multi	36 wk (36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	C.E.R.A Q4W 191/191	CKD 5D: HD & PD	30%/418 ng/mL (28%/427 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (150 μg/4wk)	11.70 (11.66)	11.70 (11.46)	11.70 (11.66)	0.032 (-0.131)		Good

²³⁴ After adjusting for covariates

	A41 V	Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country,	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Hb, g/dL [ITT]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3-4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.22 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8- 11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	8-11 g/dL (8- 11g/dL)	+0.92 to +3.92 (+0.7 to 3.7) ²³⁵	nd	Fair
Mean ΔHb g/dL	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 20,000 units Q2W 114/131	Epoetin α 40,000 units Q4W 104/126	nd	26% /179 (25%/227)	9,681 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.4)	11.9 (11.9)	0.0 (-0.5)	nd	Fair
ESA dose													
Median doses	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476 Multi	36 wk (36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	C.E.R.A Q4W 191/191	CKD 5D: HD & PD	30%/418 ng/mL (28%/427 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (150 μg/4wk)	11.70 (11.66)	11.70 (11.46)	60 µg/2wk (120 µg/4wk)	-4 μg/2wk (+30 μg/4wk)		Good
Q2W vs., C	Q3W												
QoL													
Mean ∆LASA energy score	Provenzano 2005									52.9 (51.3)	2.7 (5.9)	nd	Fair
Mean ΔLASA activity score		16 wks	Epoetin a 20,000 units	Epoetin a 30,000 units	nd	26% /179	9,681 U	11.9	11.9	53.3 (53.4)	3.5 (6.0)	nd	Fair
Mean ΔLASA overall QOL score	- UI16114787 US	(16 wks)	Q2W 94/131	Q3W 101/132		(26%/205)	(9,489 U)	(11.9)	(11.2)	62.9 (63.5)	0.7 (1.3)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆total KDQ score										22.7 (23.0)	0.1 (-0.4)	nd	Fair
Hb													
Mean ΔHb g/dL	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 20,000 units Q2W 114/131	Epoetin α 30,000 units Q3W 114/132	nd	26% /179 (26%/205)	9,681 U (9,489 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.2)	11.9 (11.9)	0.0 (-0.7)	nd	Fair
Q3W vs., C													
QoL													

²³⁵ The Hb was given in a range at baseline (taken from the inclusion criteria). Therefore the achieved Hb is also given in a range of what the difference could be.

		Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country,	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Mean ∆LASA energy score										51.3 (49.1)	5.9 (6.1)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆LASA activity score	Provenzano 2005	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 30,000 units Q3W	Epoetin α 40,000 units Q4W	nd	26%/205 (25%/227)	9,489 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (11.4)	53.4 (52.2)	6.0 (5.0)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆LASA overall QOL score		(10 WKS)	101/132	93/126		(23%/221)	(9,740 0)	(11.9)	(11.4)	63.5 (59.5)	1.3 (1.6)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆total KDQ score										23.0 (22.8)	-0.4 (-0.2)	nd	Fair
Hb													
Mean ΔHb g/dL	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	Epoetin α 30,000 units Q3W 114/132	Epoetin a 40,000 units Q4W 104/126	nd	26%/205 (25%/227)	9,489 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (11.4)	11.9 (11.9)	-0.7 (-0.5)	nd	Fair
Q4W vs. Q													
Hb	•												
ΔHb, g/L [PP]	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W	EPO α or β 1- 3X/wk 226/226	CKD 5D	28%/453 μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800	118.5 g/L (119.1 g/L)	116.1 g/L (118.2 g/L)	118.5 (119.1)	-0.25 (-1.79; 1.29) [-0.75 (-2.26; 0.75)] ²³⁶		Fair
Difference ∆Hb [ITT]			224/224			10 /	IU/wk)	3	3 ,		0.025 (-2.20; 2.70)	Non- inf ²³⁷	Fair
Q2W vs. Q	W-TIW												
Hb													
∆Hb, g/L [PP]	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q2W 223/223	EPO α or β 1- 3X/wk 226/226	CKD 5D	27%/453 μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	Median 57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	119.7 g/L (119.1 g/L)	118.0 g/L (118.2 g/L)	119.7 (119.1)	-0.71 (-2.20; 0.77) [-0.75 (-2.26; 0.75)] ²³⁸		Fair

²³⁶ After adjusting for covariates
²³⁷ The lower limit of 97.5% CI was > pre-defined -7.5g/L non-inferiority threshold indicating that methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin is non-inferior to epoetin (p<0.0001)
²³⁸ After adjusting for covariates

		Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	R	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country,	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Difference ∆Hb [ITT]										119.7 (119.1)	-0.31 (-2.13; 2.76)	Non- inf ²³⁹	Fair
ΔHb g/dL	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	29 mL/min (31 mL/min)	553pmol/L (510 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.63)	11.1 (11.4)	9.81 (9.63)	1.27 (1.81)	Non- inf ²⁴⁰	Good
QW vs. QV	V or TIW												
Hb													
ΔHb, g/dL	Locatelli 2008 UI18587731 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	EPO α QW 213/217	IV Darbepoetin α QW or EPO α TIW 68/70	CKD 5D: HD	31%/402 ng/mL (32%/402 ng/mL)	6.791 IU/wk (6.210 IU/wk)	11.57 (11.57)	10.92 (11.64)	11.57 (11.57)	-0.65 (+0.07)	<0.001	Good
ΔHb g/dL	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α QW 125/125	EPO α TIW (22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	30 ml/min (31 ml/min)	573.81 pmol/L (510.23 pmol/L)	5035 IU/wk (5039 IU/wk)	9.71 (9.63)	11.3 (11.4)	9.71 (9.63)	1.59 (1.81)	Non- inf ²⁴¹	Good
ΔHct% [PP]	Locatelli 2002 UI12087569 EU	24 wks (24 wks)	SC EPO β QW 75/84	SC EPO β TIW 71/89	5D: HD	26%/422 ng/mL (27%/461 ng/mL)	81 IU/kg (78 IU/kg)	Hct 33.1% (33.3%)	Hct 33% (33.2%) ²⁴²	33.1% (33.3%)	-0.1 (-0.1)	nd ²⁴³	Fair
ESA dose													
ESA dose, IU/week	***									6,791 (6,210)	1,636 (-133)	<0.001	Good
Normalized ESA dose, IU/kg/g	Locatelli 2008 UI18587731	28 wks	EPO α QW	IV Darbepoetin α QW or EPO α	CKD 5D: HD	31%/402 ng/mL	6.791 IU/wk	11.57	10.92	6,791 (6,210)	+24.9 (-2.9)	<0.001	Good
Normalized ESA dose, IU/kg/g Hb/wk		(28 wks)	213/217	TIW 68/70		(32%/402 ng/mL)	(6.210 IU/wk)	(11.57)	(11.64)	6,791 (6,210)	+3.1 (-0.2)	<0.001	Good

²³⁹ The lower limit of 97.5% CI was > pre-defined -7.5g/L non-inferiority threshold indicating that methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin is non-inferior to epoetin (p<0.0001)
240 The lower limit of the 95% CI for the estimated treatment difference for both comparisons QW versus TIW (-0.380; 0.0037) and Q2W vs. TIW (-0.641; -0.221) was above the prespecified noninferiority margin

²⁴¹ The lower limit of the 95% CI for the estimated treatment difference for both comparisons QW vs. TIW (-0.380; 0.0037) and Q2W vs. TIW (-0.641; -0.221) was above the prespecified noninferiority margin of -1 g/dL.

²⁴² Estimated from graph

²⁴³ The difference in mean time-adjusted AUC for hematocrit between the two treatment groups was -0.54 volume%. The mean value and 90% CI (-1.27; 0.19) were within the pre-specified range.

		Outcome Assessment		ments rzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country,	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Median ΔΕΡΟ dose IU/kg/wk [PP]	Locatelli 2002 UI12087569 EU	24 wks (24 wks)	SC EPO β QW 75/84	SC EPO β TIW 71/89	5D: HD	26%/422 ng/mL (27%/461 ng/mL)	81 IU/kg (78 IU/kg)	Hct 33.1% (33.3%)	Hct 33% (33.2%) ²⁴⁴	81 (78)	1.0 (0.0)	nd ²⁴⁵	Fair
Q3W vs. Q	W												
QoL													
Mean ∆LASA energy score										51.3 (48.3)	5.9 (6.8)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆LASA activity score	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 30,000 units Q3W	EPO α 10,000 units QW	nd	26%/205 (25%/198)	9, 489 U (9, 265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (12.2)	53.4 (49.1)	6.0 (4.6)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆LASA overall QOL score	US	(10 WKS)	132/132	130/130		(2070/130)	(0, 200 0)	(11.0)	(12.2)	63.5 (58.7)	1.3 (3.3)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆total KDQ score										23.0 (21.7)	-0.4 (1.1)	nd	Fair
Hb	Provenzano												
Mean ΔHb g/dL	2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	26%/205 (25%/198)	9, 489 U (9, 265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (12.2)	11.9 (11.9)	-0.7 (0.3)	nd	Fair
Q2W vs. Q	W												
QoL Mean													
ΔLASA energy score	Provenzano 2005	16 wks	EPO α 20,000 units Q2W	EPO α 10,000	nd	26%/179	9,681 U	11.9	11.9	52.9 (48.3)	2.7 (6.8)	nd	Fair
Mean ΔLASA activity score	UI16114787 US	(16 wks)	units Q2W 131/131	units QW 130/130	nd	(25% /198)	(9,265 U)	(11.9)	(12.2)	53.3 (49.1)	3.5 (4.6)	nd	Fair

²⁴⁴ Estimated from graph ²⁴⁵ The ratio of mean weekly epoetin beta doses was 1.11. This value and the 90% CI of the ratio (0.99; 1.23) were within the pre-specified range.

	A (1)	Outcome Assessment		ments zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country,	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Mean ∆LASA overall QOL score										32.9 (58.7)	0.7 (3.3)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆total KDQ score	-									22.7 (21.7)	0.1 (1.1)	nd	Fair
Hb Mean Hb levels, g/dL	Mircescu					36%/333				11.38 (11.32)	+0.04 (+0.06)	Non- inf ²⁴⁶	Good
Difference between groups in mean Hb, g/dL	2006 UI16931218 Romania	12 wk (24 wk)	EPO β Q2W 102/104	EPO β QW 101/103	CKD 5D: HD	ng/mL (36%/339 ng/mL)	67.8 IU/kg (71.8 IU/kg)	11.4 (11.4)	11.41 (11.38)	11.4 (11.4)	0.028 (-0.21; 0.26)		Good
ΔHb g/dL	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α QW 125/125	29 mL/min (30 mL/min)	552.74 pmol/L (573.81 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5035 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.71)	11.1 (11.3)	9.81 (9.71)	1.27 (1.59)		Good
Difference of least squares means	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO α Q2W 125/125	EPO α QW 125/125	29 mL/min (30 mL/min)	552.74 pmol/L (573.81 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5035 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.71)	11.1 (11.3)	9.81 (9.71)	-0.43 (-0.17)		Good
ΔHb g/dL	Pergola 2010 Ul20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO QW 108/108	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol./L (513.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	11.12 (11.03)	-0.10 (-0.02)	Non- inf ²⁴⁷	Good
Difference in Hb at 16 wks, g/dL	Provenzano 2005	16 wks	EPO α 20,000 units Q2W	EPO α 10,000 units QW	nd	26%/179	9,681 U	11.9	11.9	11.9	+0.3 (-0.6, 0.1)	0.001 ²⁴⁸	Fair
Mean ΔHb g/dL	UI16114787 US	(16 wks)	131/131	130/130		(25% /198)	(9,265 U)	(11.9)	(12.2)	(11.9)	0.0 (0.3)	nd	Fair

The 2 treatment schedules were considered to have similar efficacy if mean Hb level in group 2w did not differ by more than +/-0.5 g/dL compared with group 1w during the assessment period

The lower limit of the 95% CI for the estimated treatment difference for both comparisons, Q2W (-0.208; 0.153) vs. QW, and Q4W (-0.249; 0.063) vs. QW, was above the prespecified noninferiority margin of 1 g/dL. These analyses were adjusted for the baseline Hb level.

		Outcome Assessment		ments rzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	esults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country,	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT/Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P-value	Quality
Mean cumulative EPO doses/wk	Mircescu	40 .	550.0.0014	550 A OW		36%/333	07.0 11.11	44.4	44.44	70.8 (72.5)	+0.957 (+0.991)		Good
Ratio of Q2W to QW mean cumulative EPO doses	- 2006 UI16931218 Romania	12 wk (24 wk)	EPO β Q2W 102/104	EPO β QW 101/103	CKD 5D: HD	ng/mL (36%/339 ng/mL)	67.8 IU/kg (71.8 IU/kg)	11.4 (11.4)	11.41 (11.38)	70.8 (72.5)	0.94 (0.81; 1.08)	Non- inf ²⁴⁹	Good
Q4W vs. Q	W												
QoL													
Mean ∆LASA energy score										49.1 (48.3)	6.1 (6.8)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆LASA activity score	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 40,000 units Q4W	EPO α 10,000 units QW	nd	25%/227 (25%/198)	9,748 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.4 (12.2)	52.2 (49.1)	5.0 (4.6)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆LASA overall QOL score	US	(10 WKS)	126/126	130/130		(23 % 190)	(9,203 0)	(11.9)	(12.2)	59.5 (58.7)	1.6 (3.3)	nd	Fair
Mean ∆total KDQ score										22.8 (21.7)	-0.2 (1.1)	nd	Fair
Hb						550.07							
ΔHb g/dL	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q4W 215/215	EPO QW 108/108	28 mL/min (28 mL/min)	558.97 pmol/L (513.97 pmol/L)	5423 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.17 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	11.17 (11.03)	-0.19 (-0.02)	Non- inf ²⁵⁰	Good
Difference in Hb at 16 wks, g/dL	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 40,000 units Q4W	EPO α 10,000 units QW	nd	25%/227 (25%/198)	9,748 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.4 (12.2)	11.9 (11.9)	+0.8 (-1.2, -0.5)	0.008 ²⁵¹	Fair
Mean ΔHb g/dL	US	(10 WKS)	126/126	130/130		(20/0/190)	(3,200 0)	(11.9)	(12.2)	(11.9)	-0.5 (0.3)	nd	Fair

A range of 0.8 to 1.25 for the ratio is considered sufficient to define bioequivalence. Equivalence of drug use in the 2 arms was accepted if the entire 95% CI for this ratio was within these limits

250 The lower limit of the 95% CI for the estimated treatment difference for both comparisons, Q2W (-0.208; 0.153) vs. QW, and Q4W (-0.249; 0.063) vs. QW, was above the prespecified noninferiority margin of

-1 g/dL. These analyses were adjusted for the baseline Hb level.

251 One-sided p-value testing non-inferiority from QW

Supplemental Table 28, Summary table of adverse events in RCTs examining different dosing schedules in CKD patients with anemia

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Resul	ts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Q2W vs. Q4W												
Any AE			Methoxy	Methoxy		27%/453	Median	119.7		Diarrhea, nasopharyngitis HTN, AV graft thrombosis, upper respiratory tract infection, headache, fluid overload, muscle spasms	203 (92%) [202 (92%)]	NS ²⁵²
SAEs	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 223/223	polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	CKD 5D	μg/L (28%/522 μg/L)	57µg/2 wk (175 µg/4 wk)	g/L (118.5 g/L)	118.0 g/L (116.1 g/L)	Sepsis, pneumonia, AV graft thrombosis	5 (2%) [6 (3%)]	NS ²⁵³
AEs leading to D/C										Adverse events leading to withdrawal	9 (4%) [6 (3%)]	NS ²⁵⁴
AEs related to treatment										Judged to be related to treatment	12 (5%) [10 (5%)]	NS ²⁵⁵
SAEs related to treatment										Judged to be related to treatment	3 (1%) [2 (1%)]	NS ²⁵⁶
Thromboembolic vascular events	Pergola 2010	37 wks	EPO Q2W	EPO Q4W	29 mL/min	519 pmol/L	4529 IU/wk	11.12	11.0	Clinical safety events	5 (5%) [7 (3%)]	NS ²⁵⁷
Treatment emergent AEs	UI20185602 US	(37 wks)	107/107	215/215	(28 mL/min)	(559 pmol/L)	(5423 IU/wk)	(11.17)	(11.0)	HTN, UTI, edema, and hyperkalemia	77 (72%) [170 (79%)]	NS ²⁵⁸

²⁵² Calculated by ERT 253 Calculated by ERT 254 Calculated by ERT 255 Calculated by ERT 256 Calculated by ERT 257 Calculated by ERT 258 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Resul	ts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
SAEs	-									Most commonly reported: CHF, acute renal failure, chest pain, and anemia	28 (26%) [56 (26%)]	NS ²⁵⁹
D/C	•									D/C from the study	15 (14%) [41 (19%)]	NS ²⁶⁰
AEs leading to study D/C										D/C from the study because of an AE	4 (4%) [11 (5%)]	NS ²⁶¹
Hypertension											27 (14%) [30 (16%)]	
Procedural hypertension											17 (9%) [29 (15%)]	
Any AE	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476 Multi	36 wk (36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	C.E.R.A Q4W 191/191	CKD 5D: HD & PD	30%/418 ng/mL (28%/427	56 μg/2wk (150 μg/4wk)	11.70 (11.66)	11.70 (11.46)		171 (90%) [177 (93%)]	
Serious AE	· WUILI					ng/mL)	,				70 (37%) [73 (38%)]	
AE leading to D/C	•										1 (1%)	
SAE [safety]	Kessler 2010	53 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W	C.E.R.A.	CKD Stage 3-	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL	Median IQR range 0.17	8-11 g/dL	11.92	None considered to be treatment related	11 ²⁶² (15%) [11 (15%)]	NS (0.972)
AE related to study medication [safety]	· UI19888948 Multi	(53 wk)	Q2W 73/73	Q4W 72/72	4	(≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	μg/kg/wk (0.22 μg/kg/wk)	(8- 11g/dL)	(11.70)	Related to study medication	1 (1%) [0 (0%)] ²⁶³	nd

²⁵⁹ Calculated by ERT 260 Calculated by ERT 261 Calculated by ERT 262 Event rate calculated by ERT 263 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Resu	lts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Any AE [safety]	•				•					At least 1 AE mild or moderate in intensity	48 (67%) [46 (64%)] ²⁶⁴	NS (0.814)
HTN [safety]										nd	1 (1%) [3 (4%)] ²⁶⁵	NS (0.330)
HTN			Epoetin α	Epoetin α						nd	8 (6%) [9 (7%)]	NS
Drug D/C	Provenzano 2005 US UI16114787	16 wks (16 wks)	20,000 units Q2W 130/131	40,000 units Q4W 124/126	nd	26% /179 (25%/227)	9,681 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.4)	Withdrew from the study due to adverse events	3 (2%) [5 (4%)]	NS
Q2W vs. Q3W												
HTN	Provenzano		Epoetin α	Epoetin α						nd	8 (6%) [9 (7%)]	NS
Drug D/C	2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	20,000 units Q2W 130/131	30,000 units Q3W 131/132	nd	26% /179 (26%/205)	9,681 U (9,489 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (11.2)	Withdrew from the study due to adverse events	3 (2%) [5 (4%)]	NS
Q3W vs. Q4W												
HTN	Provenzano		Epoetin α	Epoetin α						nd	9 (7%) [9 (7%)]	NS
Drug D/C	2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	30,000 units Q3W 131/132	40,000 units Q4W 124/126	nd	26%/205 (25%/227)	9,489 U (9,748 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (11.4)	Withdrew from the study due to adverse events	5 (4%) [5 (4%)]	NS

²⁶⁴ Calculated by ERT ²⁶⁵ Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Resul	ts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Any AE			Methoxy			28%/453	Median	118.5		Diarrhea, nasopharyngitis HTN, AV graft thrombosis, upper respiratory tract infection, headache, fluid overload, muscle spasms	202 (92%) [214 (95%)]	NS ²⁶⁶
SAEs	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q4W 224/224	EPO α or β 1- 3X/wk 226/226	CKD 5D	μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	g/L (119.1 g/L)	116.1 g/L (118.2 g/L)	Sepsis, pneumonia, AV graft thrombosis	6 (3%) [9 (4%)]	NS ²⁶⁷
AEs leading to withdrawal										Adverse events leading to withdrawal	6 (3%) [1 (0.4%)]	NS ²⁶⁸
AEs related to treatment										Judged to be related to treatment	10 (5%) [4 (2%)]	NS ²⁶⁹
SAEs related to treatment										Judged to be related to treatment	2 (1%) [1 (0.4%)]	NS ²⁷⁰

²⁶⁶ Calculated by ERT 267 Calculated by ERT 268 Calculated by ERT 269 Calculated by ERT 270 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Resul	ts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Any AE			Methoxy			27%/453	Median	119.7		Diarrhea, nasopharyngitis HTN, AV graft thrombosis, upper respiratory tract infection, headache, fluid overload, muscle spasms	203 (92%) [214 (95%)]	NS ²⁷¹
SAEs	Levin 2007 UI17950856 Multi	52 wks (52 wks)	polyethylene glycol- EPO β Q2W 223/223	EPO α or β 1- 3X/wk 226/226	CKD 5D	μg/L (31%/522 μg/L)	57µg/2 wk (10,800 IU/wk)	g/L (119.1 g/L)	118.0 g/L (118.2 g/L)	Sepsis, pneumonia, AV graft thrombosis	5 (2%) [9 (4%)]	NS ²⁷²
AEs leading to withdrawal										Adverse events leading to withdrawal	9 (4%) [1 (0.4%)]	NS ²⁷³
AEs related to treatment										Judged to be related to treatment	12 (5%) [4 (2%)]	NS ²⁷⁴
SAEs related to treatment										Judged to be related to treatment	3 (1%) [1 (0.4%)]	NS ²⁷⁵
Total AEs	Pergola 2009	44 wks	EPO α Q2W	EPO α TIW (22wk), then	29 mL/min	553pmol/L	6662 IU/wk	9.81	11.1	AEs that occurred after the first dose of study drug	107 (86%) [98 (80%)	NS ²⁷⁶
Drug related AEs	UI19808215 US	(44 wks)	125/125	QW (22wk) 123/123	(31 mL/min)	(510 pmol/L)	(5039 IU/wk)	(9.63)	(11.4)	Possible, probable, or very likely related to study drug	15 (12%) [11 (9%)	NS ²⁷⁷

²⁷¹ Calculated by ERT 272 Calculated by ERT 273 Calculated by ERT 274 Calculated by ERT 275 Calculated by ERT 276 Calculated by ERT 277 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Resu	lts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
SAEs										Cardiac failure congestive, CRF, hypoglycemia, MI, AKI, pneumonia, GI heme, hip fracture, dehydration, syncope, UTI, anemia, chest pain, DVT, dyspnea, fall, diarrhea, osteoarthritis, upper GI heme	42 (34%) [36 (29%)	NS ²⁷⁸
Confirmed thromboembolic vascular events											8 (6%) [2 (2%)	NS ²⁷⁹
AEs leading to study D/C											5 (4%) [3 (2%)	NS ²⁸⁰
QW vs. QW or 1	ΓIW											
Total AEs				IV							157 (72%) [50 (71%)]	NS
Mild events	Locatelli 2008 UI18587731	28 wks (28 wks)	EPO α QW 213/217	Darbepoetin α QW or EPO α	CKD 5D: HD	31%/402 ng/mL (32%/402	6.791 IU/wk (6.210	11.57 (11.57)	10.92 (11.64)		109 ²⁸¹ (51%) [34 (50%)]	NS ²⁸²
Moderate events	Multi	, ,		TIW 68/70		`ng/mL)	ľU/wk)	,	,		89 ²⁸³ (42%) [23 (34%)]	NS ²⁸⁴

²⁷⁸ Calculated by ERT 279 Calculated by ERT 280 Calculated by ERT 281 Calculated by ERT 282 Calculated by ERT 283 Calculated by ERT 284 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Resul	lts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Marked events	-				-						32 ²⁸⁵ (15%) [11 (16%)]	NS ²⁸⁶
AEs considered possibly related to study treatment											0 (0%) [1 (2%)]	
AEs considered possibly related to study treatment										Hb >14 g/dL, anemia, reduction in Hb, increase in Hb and asthenia	11/402 3/123	NS ²⁸⁷
SAEs										nd	54 (25%) [16 (23%)]	NS ²⁸⁸
Total AEs	Pergola 2009	44 wks	EPO α QW	EPO α TIW	20 ml /min	573.81	5035 IU/wk	9.71	11.3	AEs that occurred after the first dose of study drug	98 (78%) [98 (80%)	NS ²⁸⁹
UI1	UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	125/125	(22wk), then QW (22wk) 123/123	30 mL/min (31 mL/min)	pmol/L (510.23 pmol/L)	5035 IU/wk) (5039 IU/wk)	(9.63)	(11.4)	Possible, probable, or very likely related to study drug	11 (9%) [11 (9%)	NS ²⁹⁰

²⁸⁵ Calculated by ERT
²⁸⁶ Calculated by ERT
²⁸⁷ Calculated by ERT
²⁸⁸ Calculated by ERT
²⁸⁹ Calculated by ERT
²⁹⁰ Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treati (Number Analy		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Resu	lts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
SAEs										Cardiac failure congestive, CRF, hypoglycemia, MI, AKI, pneumonia, GI heme, hip fracture, dehydration, syncope, UTI, anemia, chest pain, DVT, dyspnea, fall, diarrhea, osteoarthritis, upper GI heme	41 (33%) [36 (29%)	NS ²⁹¹
Confirmed thromboembolic vascular events											5 (4%) [2 (2%)	NS ²⁹²
AEs leading to study D/C											3 (2%) [3 (2%)	NS ²⁹³
SAEs										nd	22 (27%) [30 (34%)]	NS ²⁹⁵
AEs	Locatelli 2002 UI12087569 EU	24 wks (24 wks)	SC EPO β QW 75/84	SC EPO β TIW 71/89	5D: HD	26%/422 ng/mL (27%/461 ng/mL)	81 IU/kg (78 IU/kg)	Hct 33.1% (33.3%)	Hct 33% (33.2%) ²⁹⁴	Hypotension, HTN, pain in extremity, diarrhea, cough, muscle cramps, headache, pruritis, upper respiratory tract infection	46 (55%) [47 (53%)]	NS ²⁹⁶

²⁹¹ Calculated by ERT ²⁹² Calculated by ERT ²⁹³ Calculated by ERT ²⁹⁴ Estimated from graph ²⁹⁵ Calculated by ERT ²⁹⁶ Calculated by ERT

Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Outcome Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Treatments (Number Analyzed / Enrolled)		Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglobin (g/dL)		Results		
			Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Q3W vs. QW												
HTN	Provenzano 2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 30,000 units Q3W 132/132	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	26%/205 (25%/198)	9, 489 U (9, 265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.2 (12.2)	nd	9 (7%) [9 (7%)]	NS
Drug D/C										Withdrew from the study due to adverse events	5 (4%) [3 (2%)]	NS
Q2W vs. QW												
Total AEs	Pergola 2009 UI19808215 US	44 wks (44 wks)	EPO a Q2W 125/125	EPO α QW 125/125	29 mL/min (30 mL/min)	552.74 pmol/L (573.81 pmol/L)	6662 IU/wk (5035 IU/wk)	9.81 (9.71)	11.1 (11.3)	AEs that occurred after the first dose of study drug	107 (86%) [98 (78%)	NS ²⁹⁷
Drug related AEs										Possible, probable, or very likely related to study drug	15 (12%) [11 (9%)	NS ²⁹⁸
SAEs										Cardiac failure congestive, CRF, hypoglycemia, MI, AKI, pneumonia, GI heme, hip fracture, dehydration, syncope, UTI, anemia, chest pain, DVT, dyspnea, fall, diarrhea, osteoarthritis, upper GI heme	42 (34%) [41 (33%)	NS ²⁹⁹

²⁹⁷ Calculated by ERT ²⁹⁸ Calculated by ERT ²⁹⁹ Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Resul	ts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Confirmed thromboembolic vascular events											8 (6%) [5 (4%)	NS ⁱ³⁰⁰
AEs leading to study D/C											5 (4%) [3 (2%)	NS ³⁰¹
Thromboembolic vascular events										Clinical safety events	5 (5%) [3 (3%)]	NS ³⁰²
Treatment emergent AEs										HTN, UTI, edema, and hyperkalemia	77 (72%) [84 (78%)]	NS ³⁰³
SAEs	Pergola 2010 UI20185602 US	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q2W 107/107	EPO QW 108/108	29 mL/min (28 mL/min)	518.60 pmol./L (513.97 pmol/L)	4529 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.12 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	Most commonly reported: CHF, acute renal failure, chest pain, and anemia	28 (26%) [24 (22%)]	NS ³⁰⁴
D/Cs										D/C from the study	15 (14%) [13 (12%)]	NS ³⁰⁵
AEs leading to study D/C										D/C from the study because of an AE	4 (4%) [3 (3%)]	NS ³⁰⁶
HTN	Provenzano		EDO ~ 20 000	EDO ~ 10 000						nd	8 (6%) [9 (7%)]	NS
Drug D/C	2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 20,000 units Q2W 131/131	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	26%/179 (25% /198)	9,681 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.9 (12.2)	Withdrew from the study due to adverse events	5 (4%) [3 (2%)]	NS
Q4W vs. QW												
Thromboembolic vascular events	Pergola 2010 UI20185602	37 wks (37 wks)	EPO Q4W 215/215	EPO QW 108/108	28 mL/min (28 mL/min)	558.97 pmol/L	5423 IU/wk (2967 IU/wk)	11.17 (11.03)	11.0 (11.0)	Clinical safety events	7 (3%) [3 (3%)]	NS ³⁰⁷

³⁰⁰ Calculated by ERT
301 Calculated by ERT
302 Calculated by ERT
303 Calculated by ERT
304 Calculated by ERT
305 Calculated by ERT
306 Calculated by ERT
307 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Resul	ts	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country,	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Stat / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P- value
Treatment emergent AEs	US				•	(513.97 pmol/L)				HTN, UTI, edema, and hyperkalemia	170 (79%) [84 (78%)]	NS ³⁰⁸
SAEs										Most commonly reported: CHF, acute renal failure, chest pain, and anemia	56 (26%) [24 (22%)]	NS ³⁰⁹
D/C										D/C from the study	41 (19%) [13 (12%)]	NS ³¹⁰
AEs leading to study D/C	•									D/C from the study because of an AE	11 (5%) [3 (3%)]	NS ³¹¹
HTN	Provenzano		EDO ~ 40 000	FDO = 10 000						nd	9 (7%) [9 (7%)]	NS
Drug D/C	2005 UI16114787 US	16 wks (16 wks)	EPO α 40,000 units Q4W 126/126	EPO α 10,000 units QW 130/130	nd	25%/227 (25%/198)	9,748 U (9,265 U)	11.9 (11.9)	11.4 (12.2)	Withdrew from the study due to adverse events	5 (4%) [3 (2%)]	NS

³⁰⁸ Calculated by ERT 309 Calculated by ERT 310 Calculated by ERT 311 Calculated by ERT

Supplemental Table 29. Evidence profile of RCTs examining ESA vs. ESA in CKD patients with anemia

	# of studies		Mathadalagiaal		Directness of			Summary of findings	
Outcome	and study design	Total N (treatment)	Methodological quality of studies per outcome	Consistency across studies	the evidence generalizability/ applicability	Other considerations	Quality of evidence for outcome	Qualitative and quantitative description of effect	Importance of outcome
Mortality	15 RCTs (High)	5719 (3000)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Moderate	Insufficient evidence	Critical
CV mortality	1 RCT (High)	324 (162)	No limitations (0)	NA	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1) Imprecision (-1)	Low	Insufficient evidence	Critical
CV events	1 RCT (High)	522 (347)	Serious limitations (-2)	NA	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Very Low	Insufficient evidence	Critical
ESRD	0 RCTs		-						Critical
Transfusion	17 RCTs (High)	6590 (3527)	Some limitations (-1)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	Imprecision (-1)	Low	Insufficient evidence	High
QoL	1 RCT (High)	324 (162)	Some limitations (-1)	NA	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1)	Low	Possible benefit for darbepoetin alfa for Physical Role and Vitality vs. C.E.R.A. ³¹²	High
Hb (categorical)	13 RCTs (High)	5006 (2786)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	High	No difference	Moderate
Hb (continuous)	16 RCTs (High)	5763 (3099)	No limitations (0)	No important inconsistencies (0)	Direct (0)	None (0)	High	No difference	Moderate
ESA dose (categorical)	4 RCT (High)	1608 (715)	No limitations (0)	NA	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1)	Moderate	No difference	Moderate
ESA dose (continuous)	7 RCTs (High)	3102 (1796)	No limitations (0)	NA	Direct (0)	Sparse (-1)	Moderate	No difference ³¹³	Moderate
Adverse events	16 RCTs (High)	6285 (3514)						No difference in major adverse events	Moderate
Total	18 RCTs	7032 (3807)							

Balance of potential benefits and harms:
Insufficient evidence for important clinical outcomes.
No difference for Hb response.

Quality of overall evidence:

Low

³¹² Statistical comparisons were not performed.313 EPO is better if C.E.R.A. is given every four weeks but not for C.E.R.A given every two weeks.

Supplemental Table 30. Summary table of RCTs examining FSA vs. FSA in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes)

		Outcome	Treatn (Number Analy			Baseline TSAT/	Median ESA	Hemoglol	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Darbepoetin v	vs. EPO												
Mortality													
Death	Nissenson 2002 UI12087569 US & Canada	28 wks (28 wks)	IV Darbepoetin α QW + placebo 169/169	IV EPO TIW+ placebo 335/335	5D: HD	32%/411ng/ mL (32%/425 ng/mL)	14,177 U/wk (13,576 U/wk)	11.2 (11.2)	11.36 (12.8)	9 (5%) [23 (7%)]	RR 0.78 ³¹⁴ (0.37; 1.64)	NS	Fair
Death	Tolman 2005 UI15788469 UK	9 mo (9 mo)	SC Darbepoetin α QW 112/112	SC EPO β TIW 105/105	5D: HD	478 μg/L (499 μg/L)	Median 91 IU/kg/wk (79 IU/kg/wk)	11.86 (11.73)	11.9 (11.5)	13 (12%) [11 (10%)]	RR 1.11 (0.52; 2.36)	NS	Fair
Death	Vanrenterghe	52 wk (52 wk)	-				<u> </u>			41 12%) [11 (6%)]	RR 1.86 ³¹⁵ (0.98;3.53)	NS (0.062)	Fair
	m 2002 UI12427142	2 y	Darbepoetin α 347/347	rHuEPO 175/175	5D: HD, PD	305.8 μg/L (288.7 μg/L)	6000 IU/wk (6000 IU/wk)	11.0 (11.0)	11.5 (11.0)	25% [21%]		nd	Fair
Annualized death rate	Multi	(52 wk)								13% [11%]		NS	Fair
CV events										00/			
Cerebrovascul ar disorder	Vanrenterghe									2% (1%)		nd	Poor
MI	m 2002 UI12427142	52 wk (52 wk)	Darbepoetin α 347/347	rHuEPO 175/175	5D: HD, PD	305.8 μg/L (288.7 μg/L)	6000 IU/wk (6000 IU/wk)	11.0 (11.0)	11.5 (11.0)	2% (1%)		nd	Poor
Transient ischemic attack	Multi	(==)			· -	(====)	(**************************************	(****)	(****)	0% (1%)		nd	Poor
Transfusion													
Transfusions	Nissenson 2002 UI12087569 US & Canada	28 wks (28 wks)	IV Darbepoetin α QW + placebo 169/169	IV EPO TIW+ placebo 335/335	5D: HD	32%/411ng/ mL (32%/425 ng/mL)	14,177 U/wk (13,576 U/wk)	11.2 (11.2)	11.36 (12.8)	16 (10%) [37 (11%)]	RR 0.86 ³¹⁶ (0.49; 1.50)	NS	Fair
Transfusions	Tolman 2005 UI15788469 UK	9 mo (9 mo)	SC Darbepoetin α QW 112/112	SC EPO β TIW 105/105	5D: HD	478 μg/L (499 μg/L)	Median 91 IU/kg/wk (79 IU/kg/wk)	11.86 (11.73)	11.9 (11.5)	8 (10%) [11 (14%)]	RR 0.73 (0.31; 1.71)	NS	Fair
Transfusions	Vanrenterghe m 2002 UI12427142 Multi	2 y (52 wk)	Darbepoetin α 347/347	rHuEPO 175/175	5D: HD, PD	305.8 µg/L (288.7 µg/L)	6000 IU/wk (6000 IU/wk)	11.0 (11.0)	11.5 (11.0)	4% [5%]		nd	Fair

³¹⁴ Calculated by ERT 315 Calculated by ERT 316 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treatr (Number Analy			Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglo	oin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
ESA dose										•			
%Dose changes	Nissenson 2002 UI12087569 US & Canada	28 wks (28 wks)	IV Darbepoetin α QW + placebo 169/169	IV EPO TIW+ placebo 335/335	5D: HD	32%/411ng/ mL (32%/425 ng/mL)	14,177 U/wk (13,576 U/wk)	11.2 (11.2)	11.36 (12.8)	74 (44%) [164 (49%)]	RR 0.89 (0.73; 1.10)	NS	Fair
EPO ζ vs. EPO	Ο α												
Mortality Total all cause mortality	Krivoshiev - 2008	24 wks	ΕΡΟ ζ	ΕΡΟ α	CKD 5D:		182.20 IU/kg/w k	8.07	11.60	13 (4%) [16 (5%)]	RR 0.81 ³¹⁷ (0.40;1.65)	NS	Good
Mortality possibly related to drug	UI18394266 EU	(24 wks)	300/305	298/304	HD		(166.14 IU/kg/ wk)	(8.04)	(11.61)	1 (0.3%) [0 (0%)]			Good
Death [safety]	Krivoshiev 2010 UI20369312 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	EPO ζ 232/232	EPO α 230/230	CKD 5D: HD	nd	97.0 IU/kg/wk (86.0 IU/kg/wk)	10.56 (10.40)	10.94 (11.02)	16 (7%) [7 (3%)]	RR 2.27 (0.95, 5.40) ³¹⁸	NS (0.065)	Good
Transfusion													
Transfusion	Krivoshiev 2008 UI18394266 EU	24 wks (24 wks)	EPO ζ 273/305	EPO α 268/304	CKD 5D: HD		182.20 IU/kg/w k (166.14 IU/kg/ wk)	8.07 (8.04)	11.60 (11.61)	10 (4%) [13 (5%)]	RR 0.76 ³¹⁹ (0.34;1.69)	NS	Good
Transfusion	Wizemann 2008 UI18208642 Germany & Poland	24 wk (24 wk)	EPO ζ 239/313	EPO α 239/313	CKD 5D: HD			11.6 (11.7)	11.35 (11.54)	3 (1%) [2 (1%)]	RR 1.50 ³²⁰ (0.25; 8.90)	NS	Good
Transfusions [PP]	Krivoshiev 2010 UI20369312 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	EPO ζ 154/232	EPO α 165/230	CKD 5D: HD	nd	97.0 IU/kg/wk (86.0 IU/kg/wk)	10.56 (10.40)	10.94 (11.02)	2 (1%) [1 (1%)]	RR 2.14 (0.20, 23.40) ³²¹	NS (0.532)	Good

³¹⁷ Calculated by ERT 318 Calculated by ERT 319 Calculated by ERT 320 Calculated by ERT 321 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treatr (Number Analy			Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglo	oin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Hb											050/ 01		
Hb maintenance success ³²²	Krivoshiev 2008 UI18394266	24 wks (24 wks)	EPO ζ 273/305	EPO α 268/304	CKD 5D: HD		182.20 IU/kg/w k (166.14 IU/kg/	8.07 (8.04)	11.60 (11.61)	236 (86%) [227 (85%)]	95% CI [test- reference] (-4.2%; 7.7%)	NS	Good
Hb treatment success ³²³	ent g/dLWizomann						wk)			230 (84%) [230 (86%)]	RR 0.98 ³²⁴ (0.91; 1.05)	NS	Good
Permanent ∆Hb >1 g/dL										11% [11%]		NS	Good
Transient ∆Hb >1g/dL	UI18208642	24 wk	ΕΡΟ ζ	ΕΡΟ α	CKD 5D:			11.6	11.35	132 (55%) [134 (56%)]	RR 0.99 ³²⁵ (0.84; 1.16)	NS	Good
Patients with Hb values outside the target range	2008 24 wk	(24 wk)	239/313	239/313	HD			(11.7)	(11.54)	161 (67%) [152 (64%)]	RR 1.06 ³²⁶ (0.91; 1.24)	NS	Good
Hb values outside the target range										134 (87%) [143 (87%)]	RR 1.00 (0.92, 1.09) ³²⁷	NS (0.927)	Good
Permanent ΔHb >1 g/dL [PP]		28 wks	EPO ζ 154/232	EPO α 165/230	CKD 5D:	nd	97.0 IU/kg/wk	10.56	10.94	66 (43%) [59 (36%)]	RR 1.18 (0.90, 1.56) ³²⁸	NS (0.238)	Good
Transient ∆Hb >1 g/dL [PP]		(28 wks)			HD	nd	(86.0 IU/kg/wk)	(10.40)	(11.02)	131 (85%) [148 (90%)]	RR 0.95 (0.87, 1.03) ³²⁹	NS (0.216)	Good
Hb>13 g/dL [safety]			EPO ζ 232/232	EPO α 230/230	-					180 (78%) [174 (76%)]	RR 1.03 (0.93, 1.13) ³³⁰	NS (0.624)	Good

78

³²² Hb concentration of ≥11.0 ±1.0 g/dL for at least 4 consecutive weeks
323 Hb concentration of ≥11.0-12.0 g/dL for 2 consecutive weeks without any blood transfusion within the preceding 3 months
324 Calculated by ERT
325 Calculated by ERT
326 Calculated by ERT
327 Calculated by ERT
328 Calculated by ERT
329 Calculated by ERT
330 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treatr (Number Analy			Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
ESA dose													
Permanent ∆EPO dose	Wizemann 2008	24 wk	ΕΡΟ ζ	ΕΡΟ α	CKD 5D:			11.6	11.35	94 (39%) [98 (41%)]	RR 0.96 ³³¹ (0.77; 1.19)	NS	Good
Transient ∆EPO dose	UI18208642 Germany & Poland	(24 wk)	239/313	239/313	HD			(11.7)	(11.54)	141 (59%) [155 (65%)]	RR 0.91 ³³² (0.75; 1.05)	NS	Good
Permanent dosage changes [PP]	Krivoshiev 2010	28 wks	ΕΡΟ ζ	ΕΡΟ α	CKD 5D:		97.0 IU/kg/wk	10.56	10.94	135 (88%) [136 (82%)]	RR 1.06 (0.97, 1.17) ³³³	NS (0.190)	Good
Transient dosage changes [PP]	UI20369312 Multi	(28 wks)	154/232	165/230	HD	nd	(86.0 IU/kg/wk)	(10.40)	(11.02)	139 (90%) [141 (86%)]	RR 1.06 (0.97, 1.15) ³³⁴	NS (0.189)	Good
EPO θ vs. EPO	β												
Mortality													
All cause mortality [ITT]	Gertz, 2010 UI20812790 Multi	13-24 wk (24 wk)	EPO θ 180/180	EPO β 90/90	CKD 5D: HD	nd	102.5 IU/kg (97.5 IU/kg)	10.87 (10.87)	10.60 (10.66)	10 (6%) [7 (8%)]	RR 0.71 (0.28, 1.81)	NS	Good
Transfusion													
Transfusion requirement [ITT]	Gertz, 2010 UI20812790 Multi	13-24 wk (24 wk)	EPO θ 180/180	EPO β 90/90	CKD 5D: HD	nd	102.5 IU/kg (97.5 IU/kg)	10.87 (10.87)	10.60 (10.66)	7 (4%) [4 (4%)]	RR 0.88 (0.26, 2.91)	NS	Good
Hb													
%Hb values w/in range (baseline ±1 g/dL and 9.5- 12.0 g/dL), per pt [PP]	Gertz, 2010 UI20812790 Multi	13-24 wk (24 wk)	EPO θ 150/180	EPO β 74/90	CKD 5D: HD	nd	102.5 IU/kg (97.5 IU/kg)	10.87 (10.87)	10.60 (10.66)	66% [67%]	Ratio 0.99 (0.87, 1.13)	NS	Good

³³¹ Calculated by ERT 332 Calculated by ERT 333 Calculated by ERT 334 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treati (Number Analy			Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Hb values w/in range (baseline ±1 g/dL and 9.5-12.0 g/dL), % pts/wk [PP]										59-72%, (60-74%)		NS	Fair
HX575 vs. EP	Ο α												
Transfusion													
Transfusions	HaagWeber 2009 UI19863881 Germany & Austria	24-28 wk (≥ 54 wk)	HX575 203/314	EPO α 114/164	CKD 5D: HD	25%/677 ng/mL (26%/672 ng/mL)	6906 IU/wk (6477 IU/wk)	11.7 (12.0)	11.7 (11.9)	15 (7%) [8 (7%)]	RR 0.99 (0.43; 2.29)	NS	Fair
Hb													
Responders definition I ³³⁵	HaagWeber 2009	24-28 wk	HX575	ΕΡΟ α	CKD 5D:	25%/677 ng/mL	6906 IU/wk	11.7	11.7	81% [84%]			Fair
Responders definition II ³³⁶	UI19863881 Germany & Austria	(≥24 wk)	304/314	161/164	HD	(26%/672 ng/mL)	(6477 IU/wk)	(12.0)	(11.9)	70% [64%]			Fair
C.E.R.A. vs. E	PO												
Mortality													
Death	Spinowitz 2009 UI18004064 Multi	36 wks (36 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 123/168	EPO QW-TIW 133/168	CKD 5D: HD & PD	29%/515 ng/mL (30%/482 ng/mL)	60 µg/2wk (7,310 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.83)	11.99 (11.82)	7 (4%) [10 (6%)]	RR 0.76 (0.30; 1.93) ³³⁷	NS	Good
Dootho	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476	36 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191	CKD 5D:	30%/418 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)	13 (7%) [12 (6%)]	RR 1.09 ³³⁸ (0.51; 2.33)		Fair
Deaths UI1	Multi	(36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191	HD & PD	28%/427 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)	18 (10%) [12 (6%)]	RR 1.50 ³³⁹ (0.74; 3.03)		- Fair

³³⁵ Patients with mean Hb value during the baseline and evaluation periods within the target range of 10.0–13.0 g/dL
336 Responders according to Definition I with mean weekly epoetin dosages during baseline and evaluation periods differing by ≤ 25%
337 Calculated by ERT
338 Calculated by ERT
339 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
D. II	Levin 2007	52 wk	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	CKD 5D:	27%/453 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	19 (9%) [17 (8%)]	RR 1.14 ³⁴⁰ (0.61; 2.13)	NS	0 1
Deaths	UI17950856 Multi	(52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	HD & PD	28%/522 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	15 (7%) [17 (8%)]	RR 0.90 (0.46; 1.76)	NS	Good
Transfusion													
RBC transfusion	Spinowitz 2009 UI18004064 Multi	36 wks (36 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 123/168	EPO QW to TIW 133/168	CKD 5D: HD & PD	29%/515 ng/mL (30%/482 ng/mL)	60 µg/2wk (7,310 IU/week)	11.85 (11.83)	11.99 (11.82)	34 (28%) [59 (44%)]	RR 0.62 ³⁴¹ (0.44; 0.88) ³⁴²	NS	Fair
RBC	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476	36 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191	CKD 5D:	30%/418 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)	6% [10%]			Good
transfusion	Multi	(36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191	HD & PD	28%/427 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)	11% [10%]			G000
RBC	Levin 2007	EQ.ude	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	CKD 5D: HD & PD	27%/453 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	21 (10%) [17 (8%)]	RR 1.26 ³⁴³ (0.69; 2.33)	NS	
transfusions	UI17950856 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	16 (7%) [17 (8%)]	RR 0.96 ³⁴⁴ (0.50; 1.86)	NS	Good

³⁴⁰ Calculated by ERT 341 Calculated by ERT 342 Calculated by ERT 343 Calculated by ERT 344 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treati (Number Analy	ments zed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Hb													
Hb within ±1.0 g/dL of baseline value	Spinowitz 2009 UI18004064 Multi	36 wks (36 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 123/168	EPO QW-TIW 133/168	CKD 5D: HD & PD	29%/515 ng/mL (30%/482 ng/mL)	60 µg/2wk (7,310 IU/week)	11.85 (11.83)	11.99 (11.82)	86 ³⁴⁵ (69%) [90 (68%)]	RR 1.03 (0.88; 1.22) ³⁴⁶	NS	Good
Hb within ±1.0 g/dL of			C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		30%/418 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)	76% [72%]			
baseline value	Sulowicz 2007 - UI17699476	36 wk	C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191	CKD 5D:	28%/427 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)	66% [72%]			Good
Maintained Hb	Multi	(36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191	HD & PD	30%/418 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)	92% [88%]			Good
10-13.5 g/dL			C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		28%/427 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)	88% [88%]			
Hb within 10 g/dL of	Levin 2007 Ul17950856	52 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 196/223	EPO QW-TIW 205/226	CKD 5D: HD & PD	27%/453 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	133 (68%) [138 (67%)]	RR 1.01 ³⁴⁷ (0.88; 1.15)	NS	Good
baseline value	Multi	V- /	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 188/224	EPO QW-TIW 205/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	127 (68%) [138 (67%)]	RR 1.00 ³⁴⁸ (0.87; 1.15)	NS	

³⁴⁵ Calculated by ERT 346 Calculated by ERT 347 Calculated by ERT 348 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treati (Number Analy			Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglob	in (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
C.E.R.A. vs. D	arbepoetin α									•			
Mortality													
All cause mortality	Canaud 2008 UI18586762 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	C.E.R.A. 157/157	Darbepoetin α 156/156	CKD 5D	28%/nd (28%/nd)	0.35 µg/kg/wk (0.44 µg/kg/wk)	12.0 (11.9)	12.1 (11.8)	13 (9%) [12 (8%)]	RR 1.08 ³⁴⁹ (0.51; 2.28)	NS	Fair
All cause death	Macdougall 2008 UI18287255 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 162/162	Darbepoetin α QW 162/162	CKD Stage 3- 4	24%/175 μg/L (24%/186 μg/L)	0.34 μg/kg (0.19 μg/kg)	10.2 (10.2)	12.18 (12.01)	8 (5%) [9 (6%)]	RR 0.89 ³⁵⁰ (0.35; 2.26)	NS	Good
Death	Kessler 2010 UI19888948	53 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W	CKD	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL	11.92 (11.89)	2 (2%) [6 (4%)]	RR 0.69 (0.14, 3.33) ³⁵¹	NS (0.644)	Fair
[safety]	Multi	(53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	151/151	Stage 3- 4	(≥20 ⁻ %/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	(8-11g/dL)	11.70 (11.89)	1 (1%) [6 (4%)]	RR 0.35 (0.04, 2.85) ³⁵²	NS (0.326)	Fair
Death (safety)	Carrera 2010 UI20522670 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 245/245	Darbepoetin α Q2W 244/245	CKD 5D: HD	27%/427 µg/L (27%/446 µg/L)	Median 30.0 μg/wk (20.0 μg/wk)	12.09 g/dL (12.07 g/dL)	11.8 (10.7) ³⁵³	14 (6%) [14 (6%)]	RR 1.00 (0.49, 2.04) ³⁵⁴	NS	Good
Death (safety)	Roger 2011 UI21505096 Multi	28 wk (20 wk)	C.E.R.A Q4W 153/153	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W 154/154	CKD Stage 3- 4	24%/186 μg/L (23.8%/207 μg/L)	Median 80 μg/4wk (110 μg/4wk) ³⁵⁵	9.53 g/dL (9.53 g/dL)	11.3 g/dL (11.5 g/dL ³⁵⁶)	4 (3%) [7 (5%)]	RR 0.58 (0.17, 1.92) ³⁵⁷	NS	Good

³⁴⁹ Calculated by ERT 350 Calculated by ERT 351 Calculated by ERT 352 Calculated by ERT 353 Estimated from figure 354 Calculated by ERT 355 Estimated from figure 356 Estimated from figure 357 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treati (Number Analy			Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglob	in (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
CV mortality										•			
CV death	Macdougall 2008 UI18287255 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 162/162	Darbepoetin α QW 162/162	CKD Stage 3- 4	24%/175 μg/L (24%/186 μg/L)	0.34 μg/kg (0.19 μg/kg)	10.2 (10.2)	12.18 (12.01)	7 (4%) [5 (3%)]	RR 1.41 ³⁵⁸ (0.46; 4.35)	NS	Good
Transfusion													
Transfusion ³⁵⁹	Canaud 2008 UI18586762 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	C.E.R.A. 157/157	Darbepoetin α 156/156	CKD 5D	28.4%/nd (28.0%/nd)	0.35 µg/kg/wk (0.44 µg/kg/wk)	12.0 (11.9)	12.1 (11.8)	19 (12%) [16 (10%)]	RR1.18 ³⁶⁰ (0.63; 2.21)	NS	Fair
Transfusion	Macdougall 2008 UI18287255 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 162/162	Darbepoetin α QW 162/162	CKD Stage 3- 4	24%/175 μg/L (24%/186 μg/L)	0.34 μg/kg (0.19 μg/kg)	10.2 (10.2)	12.18 (12.01)	5 ³⁶¹ (3%) [11 ³⁶² (7%)	RR 0.45 ³⁶³ (0.16; 1.28)	NS	Fair
Transfusions	Kessler 2010 UI19888948	53 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W	CKD	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL	11.92 (11.89)	2 (3%) [4 (3%)]	RR 1.03 (0.19, 5.52) ³⁶⁴	NS (0.969)	Fair
[safety]	Multi	(53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	151/151	Stage 3- 4	(≥20 ⁻ %/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	(8-11g/dL)	11.70 (11.89)	0 (0%) [4 (3%)]	nd	nd	Fair
Transfusions	Carrera 2010 UI20522670 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 245/245	Darbepoetin α Q2W 244/245	CKD 5D: HD	27%/427 µg/L (27%/446 µg/L)	Median 30.0 μg/wk (20.0 μg/wk)	12.09 g/dL (12.07 g/dL)	11.8 (10.7) ³⁶⁵	39 (16%) [32 (13%)]	RR 1.21 ³⁶⁶ (0.79, 1.87)	NS	Good

³⁵⁸ Calculated by ERT
359 At least one RBC transfusion during the dose-titration and evaluation period)
360 Calculated by ERT
361 Calculated by ERT
362 Calculated by ERT
363 Calculated by ERT
364 Calculated by ERT
365 Estimated from figure
366 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome		ments /zed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglob	in (g/dL)	Res	ults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Transfusions	Roger 2011 UI21505096 Multi	28 wk (20 wk)	C.E.R.A Q4W 153/153	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W 154/154	CKD Stage 3- 4	24%/186 μg/L (23.8%/207 μg/L)	Median 80 μg/4wk (110 μg/4wk) ³⁶⁷	9.53 g/dL (9.53 g/dL)	11.3 g/dL (11.5 g/dL ³⁶⁸)	5 (3%) [10 (7%)]	RR.0.50 (0.18, 1.44) ³⁶⁹	NS	Good
Hb													
Hb response rate	Macdougall 2008 UI18287255 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 162/162	Darbepoetin α QW 162/162	CKD Stage 3- 4	24%/175 μg/L (24%/186 μg/L)	0.34 μg/kg (0.19 μg/kg)	10.2 (10.2)	12.18 (12.01)	159 ³⁷⁰ (98%) [156 ³⁷¹ (96%)	Response rate 95% CI (93.80; 99.32) ³⁷²	Non-inf	Good
Hb levels maintained within ±1 g/dL of the response value [ITT]	Kessler 2010	53 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	Darbepoetin α	CKD	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL	11.92 (11.89)	55 (76%) [103 (68%)]	RR 1.10 (0.93, 1.31) ³⁷⁴	NS (0.253)	Fair
Hb levels maintained within ±1 g/dL of the response value [ITT]	UI19888948 Multi	(53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	- QW/Q2W 151/151	Stage 3- 4	(≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	(8-11g/dL)	11.70 (11.89)	50 (70%) [103 (68%)]	RR 1.12 (0.95, 1.33) ³⁷⁵	NS (0.188)	Fair
Hb response rate	Carrera 2010 Ul20522670	52 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene	Darbepoetin α Q2W	CKD 5D: HD	27%/427 µg/L	Median 30.0 μg/wk	12.09 g/dL (12.07 g/dL)	11.8 (10.7) ³⁷⁶	157 (64%) [99 (40%)]	RR 1.59 (1.33, 1.90)	<0.000 1	Good

³⁶⁷ Estimated from figure
368 Estimated from figure
369 Calculated by ERT
370 Calculated by ERT
371 Calculated by ERT
372 The 95% CI for the C.E.R.A. response rate was 93.80 to 99.32%
373 The lower limit was greater than the predefined 60% response (p<0.0001), it could be concluded that C.E.R.A. once every 2 wk effectively corrected anemia.
374 Calculated by ERT
375 Calculated by ERT
376 Estimated from figure

		Outcome	Treate (Number Analy	ments zed / Enrolled)		Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglob	oin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
Proportion of patients without Hb response when treated with	- Multi		glycol-EPO β Q4W 245/245	245/245		(27%/446 µg/L)	(20.0 μg/wk)			24% (50%)	nd	<0.000	
darbepoetin Hb response in all patients who completed the study	-		Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 187/245	Darbepoetin α Q2W 148/245						148 (79%) [91 (62%)]	RR 1.29 (1.11, 1.49) ³⁷⁷	<0.000	
Hb response in subset of patients entering 2 nd treatment period		26 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 216/245	Darbepoetin α Q2W 222/245						157 (73%) [99 (45%)]	RR 1.63 ³⁷⁸ (1.39, 1.93)	<0.000 1	
Hb response rate										144 (94%) [144 (94%)]	RR 1.01 (0.95, 1.07) ³⁸¹	NS	
Median time to Hb response, days	-	28 wk (20 wk)		-	01/2	24%/186	Median 80			43 [29]		nd	
Stable response	Roger 2011 UI21505096 Multi		C.E.R.A Q4W 153/153	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W 154/154	CKD Stage 3- 4	μg/L (23.8%/207 μg/L)	μg/4wk (110 μg/4wk) ³⁷⁹	9.53 g/dL (9.53 g/dL)	11.3 g/dL (11.5 g/dL ³⁸⁰)	105 (69%) [112 (73%)]	RR 0.94 (0.82, 1.09) ³⁸²	NS	Good
Hb values exceeding 12 g/dL	-	8 wk (20 wk)				,	,			39 (25%) [72 (48%)]	RR 0.55 (0.40, 0.75) ³⁸³	<0.000	

³⁷⁷ Calculated by ERT
378 Calculated by ERT
379 Estimated from figure
380 Estimated from figure
381 Calculated by ERT
382 Calculated by ERT
383 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome	Treati (Number Analy			Baseline	Median ESA	Hemoglob	oin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Assessment Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	CKD Stage	TSAT/ Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	dose Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	RR/OR/HR (95% CI)	P- value	Quality
ESA dose													
Required dose change to achieve stable Hb						24%/186	Median 80			65 (62%) [64 (57%)]	RR 1.02 (0.79, 1.33) ³⁸⁶	NS	
Mean number of dose changes per patient	Roger 2011 UI21505096 Multi	28 wk (20 wk)	C.E.R.A Q4W 153/153	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W 154/154	CKD Stage 3- 4	μg/L (23.8%/207 μg/L)	µg/4wk (110 µg/4wk) ³⁸⁴	9.53 g/dL (9.53 g/dL)	11.3 g/dL (11.5 g/dL ³⁸⁵)	1.12 [1.10]		nd	Good
Multiple dose adjustments										10.7% [21.3%]		nd	
C.E.R.A vs. C.E	.R.A.												
Mortality							Madian IOD						
Death [safety]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3- 4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 μg/kg/wk (0.22 μg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	2 (2%) [1 (1%)]	RR 1.97 (0.18, 21.28) ³⁸⁷	NS (0.576)	Fair
Transfusion							,						
Transfusions [safety]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3- 4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 μg/kg/wk (0.22 μg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	2 (3%) [0 (0%)]	nd	nd	Fair
Hb	-	-				-		-		-	-		•
Hb levels maintained within ±1 g/dL of the response value [ITT]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3- 4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.22 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	55 (76%) [50 (70%)]	RR 1.08 (0.89, 1.33) ³⁸⁸	NS (0.428)	Fair

³⁸⁴ Estimated from figure 385 Estimated from figure 386 Calculated by ERT 387 Calculated by ERT 388 Calculated by ERT

Supplemental Table 31. Summary table of RCTs examining ESA vs. ESA in CKD patients with anemia (continuous outcomes)

		Outcome Assessment	Treati	ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA dose	•	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults	ъ	
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
Darbepoetin	ı vs. EPO												
Hb													
ΔHb, g/dL	Nissenson 2002 UI12087569 US & Canada	28 wks (28 wks)	IV Darbepoetin α QW + placebo 169/169	IV EPO TIW+ placebo 335/335	5D: HD	32%/411ng/mL (32%/425 ng/mL)	14,177 U/wk (13,576 U/wk)	11.2 (11.2)	11.36 (12.8)	11.2 (11.2)	0.16 (1.6) ³⁸⁹	nd	Fair
Δ Hb level g/dL	Tolman 2005 UI15788469 UK	9 mo (9 mo)	SC Darbepoetin α QW 99/112	SC EPO β TIW 97/105	5D: HD	478 μg/L (499 μg/L)	Median 91 IU/kg/wk (79 IU/kg/wk)	11.86 (11.73)	11.9 (11.5)	11.86 (11.73)	+0.04 (-0.23)	NS (0.08)	Fair
ΔHb, g/dL											0.05 (0.00)	nd	Fair
Difference in ∆Hb, g/dL	Vanrenterghem 2002	EQ vols	Darbanastin a	rHuEPO		205.0//	6000 IU/wk	11.0	11.5	11.0	0.05 (-0.14; 0.24)	Non- inf ³⁹⁰	Fair
Adjusted ∆Hb, g/dL	UI12427142 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	Darbepoetin α 347/347	175/175	5D: HD, PD	305.8 μg/L (288.7 μg/L)	(6000 IU/wk)	(11.0)	(11.0)	(11.0)	-0.03 (-0.06)	nd	Fair
Difference in adjusted ∆Hb, g/dL	Multi										0.03 (-0.16; 0.21)	Non- inf ³⁹¹	Fair
ESA dose													
Mean difference in ESA doses	Vanrenterghem 2002 UI12427142 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	Darbepoetin α 347/347	rHuEPO 175/175	5D: HD, PD	305.8 μg/L (288.7 μg/L)	6000 IU/wk (6000 IU/wk)	11.0 (11.0)	11.5 (11.0)	6000 IU/wk (6000 IU/wk)	-0.04 μg/wk (-5.9; 5.2)	nd	Fair
EPO ζ vs. E	ΡΟ α												
Hb/Hct		-	-	-			-			-	-		
Hb over the last 4 wk of treatment, g/dL	Krivoshiev 2008 UI18394266 EU	24 wks (24 wks)	EPO ζ 273/305	EPO α 268/304	CKD 5D: HD		182.20 IU/kg/wk (166.14 IU/kg/wk)	8.07 (8.04)	11.60 (11.61)	8.07 (8.04)	3.54 (3.59)	Non- inf ³⁹²	Good

³⁸⁹ The lower limit of the two sided 95% CI (DA -0.06; 0.38 and Epoetin -0.6; 3.8) was well above the protocol-specified non-inferiority margin of -1.0 g/dl (-10 g/L) indicating that DA was as effective as epoetin for maintaining Hb concentrations.

³⁹⁰ The lower limit of the two-sided 95% CI was therefore above the pre-specified non-inferiority margin of –0.5 g/dL whether adjusted (-0.16) or unadjusted (-0.14) for covariates, demonstrating that darbepoetin alfa was as effective as rHuEPO in maintaining the mean hemoglobin in this group of patients. The lower limit of the 95% CI was similar to the PP analysis set whether adjusted (-0.14) or unadjusted (-0.13) for covariates, and was well above the pre-specified non-inferiority margin of –0.5 g/dL.

³⁹¹ The lower limit of the two-sided 95% CI was therefore above the pre-specified non-inferiority margin of –0.5 g/dL whether adjusted (-0.16) or unadjusted (-0.14) for covariates, demonstrating that darbepoetin alfa was as effective as rHuEPO in maintaining the mean hemoglobin in this group of patients. The lower limit of the 95% CI was similar to the PP analysis set whether adjusted (-0.14) or unadjusted (-0.13) for covariates, and was well above the pre-specified non-inferiority margin of –0.5 g/dL.

³⁹² This was within the predefined equivalence range of ±1.0 g/dL, so both products showed equivalent efficacy in increasing low Hb concentrations to achieve target levels.

Author, Year, Country			Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults		
No. No.	Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment	Arm 1	Arm 2	Arm 1 (Arm 2)		Arm 1	Arm 1	Arm 1	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
SGN Control Control	Hb, g/dL													Good
Hold	intra- individual difference of	2008 UI18208642 Germany &		α	ζ	CKD 5D: HD					Equivalence		Non- inf ³⁹³	Good
Hb, g/dL PP PO α PP α														Good
FPO ζ dose over last 4 wks of treatment, IU/kg/wk Sample over last 4 wks of treatment, IU/kg/wk Sample over last 4 wks of treatment, IU/kg/wk Sample over last 2008	[PP]	2010 UI20369312				CKD 5D: HD	nd	(86.0					nd	Good
Over last 4 wks of treatment, lU/kg/wk sof treatment, lU/kg/wk 2008 (24 wks) 24 wks (273/305) EPO α (268/304) CKD 5D: HD 182.20 IU/kg/wk (166.14 IU/kg/wk) 8.07 (11.61) 11.60 (11.61) 182.20 Non-life (166.14 IU/kg/wk) Weekly EPO dose, IU/kg/wk (10/kg/wk) Wizemann (2008) 24 wk (24 wk) EPO ζ -EPO (24 wk) EPO α -EPO (24 wk) CKD 5D: HD 11.6 (11.7) 11.6 (11.5) 11.35 (11.5) Equivalence range +/-45 4.67; 4.29 (92.58) Non-life (16.14) Non-life (16.14														
Weekly EPO dose, Wizemann 2008 24 wk EPO ζ-EPO EPO α -EPO CKD 5D: HD 11.6 11.35 Equivalence of EPO dose EPO δ s. EPO δ EPO δ EPO β EPO	over last 4 wks of treatment,	2008 UI18394266		EPO ζ 273/305		CKD 5D: HD							Non- inf ³⁹⁴	Good
95% Cl of intra-individual difference of EPO dose EPO θ vs. EPO β CKD 5D: HD A CKD 5D: HD Hb, g/dL CKD 5D: HD A CKD 5D: HD Hb, g/dL CKD 5D: HD Hb, g/dL CKD 5D: HD T1.6 11.35 (11.7) (11.54) Equivalence range +/-45 A-6.7; 4.29 Non-inf³95 Non-inf³95 Non-inf³95 CKD 5D: HD Hb, g/dL CKD 5D: HD A TO2.5 IU/kg (97.5 IU/kg) TO.87 TO.60 TO.87 TO.60 TO.87 [Net: -0.08 (0.46) (-0.30, 0.14)]	Weekly EPO dose,			FD0 7 FD0	FD0 FD0									Good
EPO θ vs. EPO β Hb, g/dL Gertz, 2010 13-24 wk EPO θ EPO β CKD 5D: HD nd 102.5 U/kg 10.87 10.60 10.87	95% CI of intra-individual difference of	UI18208642 Germany &		α	ζ	CKD 5D: HD						-4.67; 4.29	Non- inf ³⁹⁵	Good
Hb, g/dL UI20812790 13-24 wk EPO θ EPO β CKD 5D: HD nd 102.5 IU/kg 10.87 10.60 10.87 (-0.20) NS (0.46) Multi (24 wk) 180/180 90/90 CKD 5D: HD nd (97.5 IU/kg) (10.87) (10.66) (10.87) [Net: -0.08 (0.46) (-0.30, 0.14)]		ΡΟ β												
	Hb, g/dL	UI20812790				CKD 5D: HD	nd					(-0.20) [Net: -0.08		Good
HX575 vs. EPO α Hb		ΡΟ α												

Level 1 of the strategy was the calculation of the 95% confidence interval (CI) of the intra-individual difference (epoetin zeta compared with epoetin alfa) of the mean Hb level during double-blind treatment with each study drug, and comparison with the predefined acceptance range (± 0.6 g/dL).

394 These values were within the range of ±45 IU/kg/wk, which takes into account TIW dosing with the minimum clinically effective dose (15IU/kg)

395 The statistical tests for dose equivalence assumed that a difference in dose of <15 IU/kg would not be clinically significant. This was based on evidence from epoetin alfa dose—response trials that have shown that a dose of 15 IU/kg, administered three times per week, is close to the no-effect dose. On this basis, the equivalence margin was defined as ±45 IU/kg/wk

	Author Ver	Outcome Assessment		ments yzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT / Ferritin	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Re	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
Absolute ΔHb, g/dL (PP)		24-28 wk	HX575	ΕΡΟ α						11.7 (12.0)	0.147 (0.063) Point estimate of difference 0.084 (-0.170; 0.338)	Non- inf ³⁹⁶	Fair
Absolute ΔHb, g/dL (ITT)	HaagWeber 2009 UI19863881 Germany & Austria	(≥24 wk)	207/314	118/164	CKD 5D: HD	25%/677 ng/mL (26%/672.2 ng/mL)	6649 IU/wk (6236 IU/wk)	11.7 (12.0)	11.8 (12.0)	11.7 (12.0)	0.003 (-0.187) Point estimate of difference 0.189 (-0.039; 0.418)	Non- inf ³⁹⁷	Fair
Range of mean Hb values in Part II)	29-56 wk (≥24 wk)	HX575- HX575 304/314	EPO α- HX575 161/164						11.7 (12.0)	11.6-11.9 (11.5-12.1)		Fair
C.E.R.A. vs.	. EPO												
Hb													
Mean ∆Hb,			C.E.R.A. Q2W 154/190	EPO QW-TIW 167/191		30%/418 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)	11.70 (11.65)	0.032 (-0.109)		
g/dL [PP]	Sulowicz 2007 UI17699476 Multi	36 wk (36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q4W 153/191	EPO QW-TIW 167/191	CKD 5D: HD & PD	28%/427 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)	11.66 (11.65)	-0.131 (-0.109)		Good
Difference in mean ∆ Hb between	_		C.E.R.A. Q2W 154/190	EPO QW-TIW 167/191		30%/418 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)	11.70 (11.65)	0.141 (-0.098; 0.380)	Non- inf ³⁹⁸	•

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 $^{^{396}}$ Therapeutic equivalence of HX575 to the comparator epoetin- α was considered to be demonstrated if the 95% confidence interval (CI) of the difference in mean changes in Hb levels between treatment groups lay within the interval of \pm 0.5 g/dL.

 $^{^{397}}$ Therapeutic equivalence of HX575 to the comparator epoetin- α was considered to be demonstrated if the 95% confidence interval (CI) of the difference in mean changes in Hb levels between treatment groups lay within the interval of \pm 0.5 g/dL.

³⁹⁸ The lower limit of the 97.5% CI was therefore well above the prespecified margin of -0.75 g/dL in both groups, demonstrating that once-monthly or twice-monthly C.E.R.A. (both p <0.0001; Figure 4) is as effective as epoetin in maintaining anemia control among these patients who randomly converted directly from epoetin (one to three times a week).

		Outcome Assessment	Treatr	nents zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA dose	Hemogl	obin (g/dL)	Re	sults		
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
groups			C.E.R.A. Q4W 153/191	EPO QW-TIW 167/191		28%/427 ng/mL (31%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)	11.66 (11.65)	-0.022 (-0.262; 0.217)	Non- inf ³⁹⁹	
Mean ∆Hb, g/dL	Levin 2007 UI17950856	29-36 wk	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 118/223	EPO QW-TIW 180/226	/ CKD 5D:	27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 μg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	-0071 (-0.075)	Non- inf ⁴⁰⁰	Good
[PP]	Multi	(52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 172/224	EPO QW-TIW 180/226	HD & PD	28%/522 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	200 μg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	-0.025 (-0.075)	Non- inf ⁴⁰¹	Good
ESA dose													
Median ESA	Sulowicz 2007	36 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W 154/190	EPO QW-TIW 167/191	CKD 5D: HD	30.45%/417.75 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)	60 μg/2wk (6000 IU/wk)	-4 μg/2wk (-500 IU/wk)		Ozzak
dose	UI17699476 Multi	(36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q4W 153/191	EPO QW-TIW 167/191	& PD	27.55%/426.50 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)	120 μg/4wk (6000 IU/wk)	+30 µg/4wk (-500 IU/wk)		Good
Median ESA	Levin 2007	29-36 wk	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 196/223	EPO QW-TIW 205/226	V CKD 5D:	27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 μg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	-43 μg/2wk (+1200 IU/wk)		0 1
Median ESA	UI17950856 Multi	(52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 188/224	EPO QW-TIW 205/226	HD & PD	28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 μg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	-25 µg/4wk (+1200 IU/wk)		Good

QoL

³⁹⁹ The lower limit of the 97.5% CI was therefore well above the prespecified margin of -0.75 g/dL in both groups, demonstrating that once-monthly or twice-monthly C.E.R.A. (both p <0.0001; Figure 4) is as effective as epoetin in maintaining anemia control among these patients who randomly converted directly from epoetin (one to three times a week).

 $^{^{400}}$ The lower limit of the 97.5% CI was above the prespecified concentration of -0.75 g/dL for both groups given methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta, indicating that this treatment was as effective as conventional epoetin treament for maintenance of haemoglobin in this population (p<0.0001 for both comparisons). This analysis was robust for the intention-to-treat and per-protocol populations (p<0.0001 for both comparisons).

⁴⁰¹ The lower limit of the 97.5% CI was above the prespecified concentration of –0.75 g/dL for both groups given methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta, indicating that this treatment was as effective as conventional epoetin treament for maintenance of haemoglobin in this population (p<0.0001 for both comparisons). This analysis was robust for the intention-to-treat and per-protocol populations (p<0.0001 for both comparisons).

		Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults	_	
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Δ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
∆Physical functioning											4.0 (3.0) ⁴⁰²		Fair
Δ Physical role											3.5 (9.5) ⁴⁰³		Fair
∆Body pain											1.0 (2.0) ⁴⁰⁴		Fair
∆General health											6.0 ⁴⁰⁵ (4.0) ⁴⁰⁶		Fair
∆Physical component score	Macdougall 2008	28 wks	C.E.R.A. Q2W	Darbepoetin α	OVD 2.4	24%/175 μg/L	0.34 µg/kg	10.2	12.18		0.5 (1.0) ⁴⁰⁷		Fair
ΔVitality	UI18287255 Multi	(28 wks)	162/162	QW 162/162	CKD 3-4	(24%/186 µg/L)	(0.19 μg/kg)	(10.2)	(12.01)		7.0 ⁴⁰⁸ (11.0) ⁴⁰⁹		Fair
∆Emotional role											5.5 ⁴¹⁰ (7.0) ⁴¹¹		Fair
∆Social functioning											5.0 ⁴¹² (4.0) ⁴¹³		Fair
∆Mental health											2.0 (4.0) ⁴¹⁴		Fair
ΔMental component score	-										2.0 (3.0) ⁴¹⁵		Fair
Hb													
ΔHb, g/dL [PP]	Canaud 2008 UI18586762	52 wk (52 wk)	C.E.R.A. 157/157	Darbepoetin α 156/156	CKD 5D	28%/nd (28%/nd)	0.35 µg/kg/wk (0.44 µg/kg/wk)	12.0 (11.9)	12.1 (11.8)	12.0 (11.9)	0.06 (-0.12)		Fair

⁴⁰² Estimated from graph

404 Estimated from graph

⁴⁰³ Clinically meaningful improvement in DA arm from baseline to weeks 29 (an increase of ≥5 points)

⁴⁰⁵ Clinically meaningful improvement in C.E.R.A. arm from baseline to weeks 29 (an increase of ≥5 points)

⁴⁰⁶ Estimated from graph ⁴⁰⁷ Estimated from graph

⁴⁰⁸ Clinically meaningful improvement in C.E.R.A. arm from baseline to weeks 29 (n increase of ≥5 points)
409 Clinically meaningful improvement in DA arm from baseline to weeks 29 (n increase of ≥5 points)

⁴¹⁰ Clinically meaningful improvement in DA arm from baseline to weeks 29 (n increase of ≥5 points)
411 Clinically meaningful improvement in DA arm from baseline to weeks 29 (n increase of ≥5 points)
412 Clinically meaningful improvement in C.E.R.A. arm from baseline to weeks 29 (n increase of ≥5 points)
412 Clinically meaningful improvement in C.E.R.A. arm from baseline to weeks 29 (n increase of ≥5 points)

⁴¹³ Estimated from graph

⁴¹⁴ Estimated from graph 415 Estimated from graph

		Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	sults	_	
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
Mean difference in ∆Hb, g/dL [PP]	Multi									12.0 (11.9)	0.18 (-0.05; 0.41)	Non- inf ⁴¹⁶	Fair
Mean difference in ∆Hb, g/dL [ITT]										12.0 (11.9)	0.29 (0.02; 0.55)	Non- inf ⁴¹⁷	Fair
ΔHb, g/dL										10.2 (10.2)	2.12l (2.02)		Good
Adjusted ⁴¹⁸ ΔHb, g/dL				Darbanaatin a						10.2 (10.2)	2.15 (2.00)		Good
Difference in adjusted ΔHb between the 2 groups, g/dL	2008 UI18287255 Multi	28 wks (28 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 162/162	Darbepoetin α QW 162/162	CKD 3-4	24%/175 μg/L (24%/186 μg/L)	0.34 µg/kg (0.19 µg/kg)	10.2 (10.2)	12.18 (12.01)	10.2 (10.2)	0.16 (-0.05; 0.35)	Non- inf ⁴¹⁹	Good
Hb, g/dL			C.E.R.A. Q2W 162/162	Darbepoetin α QW 162/162			nd		12.2 (12.1)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	+1.2 to +4.2 (+1.1; +4.1) ⁴²⁰	nd	Fair
Hb, g/dL [ITT]	11110999049	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	Darbepoetin α - QW/Q2W	CKD Stage 3-4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100	Median IQR range 0.17 μg/kg/wk (0.17 μg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.89)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	+0.92 to +3.92 (+0.89 to +3.89) ⁴²¹	nd	Fair
Hb, g/dL [ITT]	UI19888948		C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	151/151		ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	-	11.70 (11.89)	8-11 g/DI (8-11g/DI)	+0.7 to 3.7 (+0.89; +3.89) ⁴²²	nd	Fair

^{....}

⁴¹⁶ The lower limit of 95% CI was greater than the predefined -0.75g/dL non-inferiority threshold demonstrating that C.E.R.A. was non-inferior to DA (p<0001)

⁴¹⁷ The lower limit of 95% CI was greater than the pre-defined -0.75g/dL non-inferiority threshold demonstrating that C.E.R.A. was non-inferior to DA (p<0.0001)

⁴¹⁸ Adjusted for baseline Hb and geographic region

⁴¹⁹ The lower limit of the 95% CI was well above the prespecified level of -0.75 g/dL, demonstrating that C.E.R.A. once Q2W is as effective as DA QW for anemia correction (p<0.0001)

⁴²⁰ The Hb was given in a range at baseline (taken from the inclusion criteria). Therefore the achieved Hb is also given in a range of what the difference could be.

⁴²¹ The Hb was given in a range at baseline (taken from the inclusion criteria). Therefore the achieved Hb is also given in a range of what the difference could be.

⁴²² The Hb was given in a range at baseline (taken from the inclusion criteria). Therefore the achieved Hb is also given in a range of what the difference could be.

		Outcome Assessment		ments yzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	sults	_	
Outcome	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	TSAT / Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	∆ (95% CI) Arm 1 (Arm 2)	P- value	Quality
Hb, g/dL	Carrera 2010 UI20522670 Multi	14 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 245/245	Darbepoetin α QW 245/245	CKD Stage 5D: HD	27%/427 μg/L (27%/446 μg/L)	Median 30.0 μg/wk (20.0 μg/wk)	12.09 g/dL (12.07 g/dL)	11.8 (10.7)	12.09 (12.07)	-0.99 (-0.87)	nd	Good
∆Hb over time	Roger 2011			Darbepoetin α		24%/186 μg/L	Median 80		11.3 g/dL		1.62 (1.66) ⁴²⁵	Non- inf ⁴²⁶	
Mean increase in Hb, g/dL/wk	UI21505096 Multi	28 wk (20 wk)	C.E.R.A Q4W 153/153	QW/Q2W 154/154	CKD Stage 3-4	(23.8%/207 μg/L)	μg/4wk (110 μg/4wk) ⁴²³	9.53 g/dL (9.53 g/dL)	(11.5 g/dL ⁴²⁴)	9.53 (9.53)	0.20 (0.27)	nd	Good
ESA dose													
Δ Mean monthly dose, %	Carrera 2010 UI20522670 Multi	52 wk (52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 211/245	Darbepoetin α QW 219/245	CKD Stage 5D: HD	27%/427 μg/L (27%/446 μg/L)	Median 30.0 μg/wk (20.0 μg/wk)	12.09 g/dL (12.07 g/dL)	11.8 (10.7)	159.38 (64.85)	6.8 (58.8)	nd	Good
∆Median dose from baseline to evaluation	Roger 2011 UI21505096 Multi	28 wk (20 wk)	C.E.R.A Q4W 153/153	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W 154/154	CKD Stage 3-4	24%/186 µg/L (23.8%/207 µg/L)	Median 80 μg/4wk (110 μg/4wk) ⁴²⁷	9.53 g/dL (9.53 g/dL)	11.3 g/dL (11.5 g/dL ⁴²⁸)	80 (110)	6.6% (35.6%)	nd	Good
C.E.R.A vs. C	C.E.R.A.												
Hb													
Hb, g/dL [ITT]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948 Multi	53 wk (53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	CKD Stage 3-4	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL (≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 μg/kg/wk (0.22 μg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.70)	8-11 g/dL (8-11g/dL)	+0.92 to +3.92 (+0.7; 3.7) ⁴²⁹	nd	Fair

⁴²³ Estimated from figure ⁴²⁴ Estimated from figure

⁴²⁵ Between-group treatment difference of -0.036 g/dL 426 The lower limit of the 95% CI for the group difference was -0.25 g/dL, which was above the protocol-specified non-inferiority limit of -0.75, demonstrating that C.E.R.A. was statistically non-inferior to darbepoetin alfa (P < 0.0001).

⁴²⁷ Estimated from figure 428 Estimated from figure

⁴²⁹ The Hb was given in a range at baseline (taken from the inclusion criteria). Therefore the achieved Hb is also given in a range of what the difference could be.

Supplemental Table 32. Summary table of adverse events in RCTs examining ESA vs. ESA in CKD patients with anemia (categorical outcomes)

		Outcome Assessment	Treati (Number Analy	ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	ults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-valu
Darbepoetin vs	. EPO											
AEs										AE occurring in at 10% of the patients	158 (94%) [332 (99%)]	0.005
HTN	Nissenson 2002	28 wks	IV Darbepoetin α	IV EPO TIW+ placebo	5D: HD	32%/411ng/mL	14,177 U/wk	11.2	11.36	nd	48 (28%) [80 (24%)]	NS
Drug D/C	UI12087569 US & Canada	(28 wks)	QW + placebo 169/169	335/335	05.115	(32%/425 ng/mL)	(13,576 U/wk)	(11.2)	(12.8)	Did not complete the study	48 (28%) [94 (28%)]	NS
Thrombosis, vascular access	-									nd	27 (16%) [59 (18%)]	NS
Drug D/C	Tolman 2005 UI15788469	9 mo	SC Darbepoetin α	SC EPO β TIW	5D: HD	478 µg/L	Median 91 IU/kg/wk	11.86	11.9	Withdrawal	1 (1%) [4 (5%)]	NS
Hypertension	UK	(9 mo)	QW 87/112	82/105		(499 µg/L)	(79 IU/kg/wk)	(11.73)	(11.5)	Intercurrent hypertension	6 (7%) [7 (9%)]	NS
At last one AE	-									nd	96% (95%)	nd
Hypotension	-									nd	39% (38%)	nd
Myalgia	Vanrenterghem 2002	52 wk	Darbepoetin α	rHuEPO	5D: HD, PD	305.8 μg/L	6000 IU/wk	11.0	11.5	nd	34% (36%)	nd
HTN	UI12427142 Multi	(52 wk)	347/347	175/175	05.115,15	(288.7 μg/L)	(6000 IU/wk)	(11.0)	(11.0)	nd	30% (28%)	nd
Pruritus										nd	14% (5%)	nd
Back pain										nd	10% (16%)	nd
EPO ζ vs. EPO	α									Emergent AE's		
Total AE	Krivoshiev 2008	24 wks	EDO 7	ΕΡΟ α			182.20 IU/kg/wk	8.07	11.61	that occurred in ≥5% of the patients.	123 (40%) [114 (38%)]	NS
AE leading to withdrawal	2006 UI18394266 EU	(24 wks)	EPO ζ 300/305	298/304	CKD 5D: HD		(166.14 IU/kg/wk)	(8.04)	(11.63)	Withdrew because of AE	21 (7%) [15 (5%)]	NS ⁴³⁰
SAEs										SAEs	54 (18%) [53 (17%)]	NS ⁴³¹

⁴³⁰ Calculated by ERT ⁴³¹ Calculated by ERT

	A - 4h V -	Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Res	ults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
Infections and infestations	-							, ,		Most commonly reported	38 (13%) [39 (13%)]	NS ⁴³²
Nervous systems disorder	_										17 (6%) [10 (3%)]	NS ⁴³³
Vascular disorders											26 (9%) [27 (9%)]	NS ⁴³⁴
HTN											20 (7%) [13 (4%)]	NS ⁴³⁵
GI disorders	•										16 (5%) [13 (4%)]	NS ⁴³⁶
Cardiac disorders	Wizemann 2008 UI18208642 Germany & Poland	24 wk (24 wk)	EPO ζ -EPO α 121/155	EPO α-EPO ζ 118/155	CKD 5D: HD			11.6 (11.7)	11.35 (11.54)		19 (6) [17 (5%)]	
Total AE [safety]										All AEs that occurred in >5% of the patients	91 (39%) [92 (40%)]	NS (0.865 ⁴³⁷)
AE related to study drug [safety]	Krivoshiev 2010 - UI20369312	28 wks	EPO ζ 232/232	EPO α 230/230	CKD 5D: HD	nd	97.0 IU/kg/wk (86.0	10.56 (10.40)	10.94	A relationship between study drug and event could not be ruled out	5 (2%) [3 (1%)]	NS (0.488 ⁴³⁸)
SAEs [safety]	- 0120369312 Multi	(28 wks)	232/232	230/230			IU/kg/wk)	(10.40)	(11.02)	SAEs belonging mainly to system organ classes of surgical and medical procedures	38 (16%) [30 (13%)]	NS (0.313 ⁴³⁹)

⁴³² Calculated by ERT
433 Calculated by ERT
434 Calculated by ERT
435 Calculated by ERT
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437 Calculated by ERT
438 Calculated by ERT
439 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome Assessment	Treati	ments vzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	ults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
SAEs related to study medication [safety]	_									Possibly related to study drug administration	3 (3%) [1 (2%)]	NS (0.344 ⁴⁴⁰)
HTN [safety]										Hypertensive crisis	6 (3%) [13 (6%)]	NS (0.107 ⁴⁴¹)
Thrombolic event [safety]										nd	9 (4%) [4 (2%)]	NS (0.177 ⁴⁴²)
Stroke [safety]										nd	9 (4%) [9 (4%)]	NS (0.985 ⁴⁴³)
MI [safety]										nd	5 (2%) [9 (4%)]	NS (0.278 ⁴⁴⁴)
EPO θ vs. EPO (β										0 (50/)	
Withdrawal 2° AE	_									nd	9 (5%) [6 (7%)]	NS
Total										nd	136 (76%) [73 (81%)]	NS
Headache										nd	21 (12%) [11 (12%)]	NS
Muscle spasms										nd	20 (11%) [15 (17%)]	NS
Procedural hypotension	Gertz, 2010	24 wk	ΕΡΟ θ	ΕΡΟ β			102.5 IU/kg	10.87	10.60	nd	17 (9%) 14 (16%)]	NS
Severe intensity AE	UI20812790 Multi	(24 wk)	180/180	90/90	CKD 5D: HD	nd	(97.5 IU/kg)	(10.87)	(10.66)	nd	17 (9%) [10 (11%)]	NS
Cardiac disorders										nd	8 (4%) [5 (6%)	NS
Adverse drug reactions										nd ⁴⁴⁵	39 (22%) [20 (22%)	NS
Serious AE	-									nd	36 (20%) [20 (22%)]	NS
Serious AE "related to study medication"										nd ⁴⁴⁶	9 (5.0%) [5 (5.6%)]	NS

⁴⁴⁰ Calculated by ERT
441 Calculated by ERT
442 Calculated by ERT
443 Calculated by ERT
444 Calculated by ERT
444 Calculated by ERT
445 Most common: hypertension, headache, arteriovenous fistula thrombosis
446 Most common: arteriovenous fistula thrombosis, cardiac failure, "worsening of disease," myocardial infarction, pneumonia, extremity necrosis

		Outcome Assessment		ments yzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	obin (g/dL)	Res	ults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
HX575 vs. EPO	α	·						,	,		-	
Vascular hypotensive disorders	HaagWeber 2009					25%/677				Incidence (Events/pt-y)	23.1 (0.95) [12.8 (0.33)]	
Vascular hypertensive disorders not elsewhere classified	UI19863881 Germany & Austria	56 wk (≥24 wk)	HX575 451	EPO α 164	CKD 5D: HD	ng/mL (26%/672.2 ng/mL)	6906 IU/wk (6477 IU/wk)	11.7 (12.0)	11.7 (11.9)	Incidence (Events/pt-y)	12.2 (0.34) [6.1 (0.22)]	
C.E.R.A. vs. EP	0											
Any AE	Spinowitz 2009 36	36 wks (36 wks)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 165/168	EPO QW-TIW 168/168	CKD 5D: HD & PD	29%/515 ng/mL (30%/482 ng/mL)	60 µg/2weeks (7,310 IU/week)	11.85 (11.83)	11.99 (11.82)	Blood loss, infection, osteomyelitis, aneamia, acute MI, congestive cardiac failure	156 (95%) [159 (95%)]	NS ⁴⁴⁷
SAEs						,					66 ⁴⁴⁸ (31%) [69 (41%)]	NS ⁴⁴⁹
HTN			C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		30.45%/417.75 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)		27 (14%) [25 (13%)]]	
ПІМ		Sulowicz 2007 1117 600476 36 wk		CKD 5D: HD	27.55%/426.50 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)		30 (16%) [25 (13%)]		
Procedural		(36 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	& PD 30.45%/417.75			11.70 (11.52)		17 (9%) [20 (10%)]			
hypotension			C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		27.55%/426.50 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)		29 (15%) [20 (10%)]	

⁴⁴⁷ Calculated by ERT 448 Calculated by ERT 449 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
			C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		30.45%/417.75 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)		171 (90%) [167 (87%)]	
Any AE			C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		27.55%/426.50 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)		177 (93%) [167 (87%)]	
045-			C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		30.45%/417.75 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)		70 (37%) [85 (45%)]	
SAEs			C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		27.55%/426.50 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)		73 (38%) [85 (45%)]	
AE leading to			C.E.R.A. Q2W 190/190	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		30.45%/417.75 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	56 μg/2wk (5500 IU/wk)	11.70 (11.65)	11.70 (11.52)		1 (1%) [2 (1%)]	
withdrawal			C.E.R.A. Q4W 191/191	EPO QW-TIW 191/191		27.55%/426.50 ng/mL (30.50%/435 ng/mL)	150 μg/4wk (5500IU/wk)	11.66 (11.65)	11.46 (11.52)		0 (0%) [1 (1%)]	
	Levin 2007	52 wk	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	CKD 5D:	27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	203 (92%) [214 (95%)]	RR 0.97 ⁴⁵⁰ (0.92; 1.01)	NS
Any AE	U117950856 Multi	(52 wk)	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	HD & PD	28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	202 (92%) [214(95%)]	RR 0.97 ⁴⁵¹ (0.92; 1.01)	NS

⁴⁵⁰ Calculated by ERT ⁴⁵¹ Calculated by ERT

	A (1 V	Outcome Assessment		ments rzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Re	sults		
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value	
Diarrhea		,	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	38 (17%) [30 (13%)]	RR 1.29 ⁴⁵² (0.83; 2.00)	NS	
Diarriea			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	26 (12%) [30 (13%)]	RR 0.89 ⁴⁵³ (0.54; 1.45)	NS	
Negaphan varitie			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	100 μg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	28 (13%) [24 (11%)]	RR 1.19 ⁴⁵⁴ (0.71; 1.98)	NS	
Nasopharyngitis			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 μg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	39 (18%) [24 (11%)]	RR 1.66 ⁴⁵⁵ (1.04; 2.67)	NS	
	ension			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	-	27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	23 (10%) [35 (16%)]	RR 0.67 ⁴⁵⁶ (0.41; 1.09)	NS
Hypertension			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	<i>I</i>	28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	29 (13%) [35 (16%)]	RR 0.85 ⁴⁵⁷ (0.54; 1.34)	NS	

⁴⁵² Calculated by ERT 453 Calculated by ERT 454 Calculated by ERT 455 Calculated by ERT 456 Calculated by ERT 457 Calculated by ERT

	A (1 - V	Outcome Assessment		ments rzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bbin (g/dL)	Re	sults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
Ateriovenous		ŕ	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	25 (11%) [32 (14%)]	RR 0.80 ⁴⁵⁸ (0.49; 1.30)	NS
graft thrombosis			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	26 (12%) [32 (14%)]	RR 0.83 ⁴⁵⁹ (0.51; 1.35)	NS
Upper respiratory tract infection Headache			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	100 μg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	20 (9%) [25 (11%)]	RR 0.81 ⁴⁶⁰ (0.47; 1.42)	NS
			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 μg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	30 (14%) [25 (11%)]	RR 1.23 ⁴⁶¹ (0.75; 2.02)	NS
			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	-			11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	30 (14%) [24 (11%)]	RR 1.27 ⁴⁶² (0.77; 2.11)	NS
			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226			28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	17 (18%) [24 (11%)]	RR 0.72 ⁴⁶³ (0.40; 1.31)

⁴⁵⁸ Calculated by ERT 459 Calculated by ERT 460 Calculated by ERT 461 Calculated by ERT 462 Calculated by ERT 463 Calculated by ERT

	A (1 V	Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bbin (g/dL)	Re	sults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
Fluid overload		·	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	27 (12%) [17 (8%)]	RR 1.62 ⁴⁶⁴ (0.91; 2.88)	NS
riuid overioad			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	22 (10%) [17 (8%)]	RR 1.32 ⁴⁶⁵ (0.72; 2.42)	NS
Muselo engeme			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 225/226 225/226 27%/453 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L) (9600 IU/wk)		11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	19 (9%) [24 (10%)]	RR 0.81 ⁴⁶⁶ (0.45; 1.43)	NS			
Muscle spasms			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 μg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	19 (9%) [24 (10%)]	RR 0.81 ⁴⁶⁷ (0.46; 1.44)	NS
CAF			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β 225/226 225/226 221/223 27%/453 μg/L 100 μg/2wk 11.97 11.80 101 (46%)		RR 1.04 ⁴⁶⁸ (0.85; 1.28)	NS						
SAE			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	87 (40%) [99 (44%)]	RR 0.90 ⁴⁶⁹ (0.72; 1.12)	NS

⁴⁶⁴ Calculated by ERT 465 Calculated by ERT 466 Calculated by ERT 467 Calculated by ERT 468 Calculated by ERT 469 Calculated by ERT

	A (1 V	Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bbin (g/dL)	Re	sults		
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value	
Canaia		·	Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	5 (2%) [9 (4%)]	RR 0.57 ⁴⁷⁰ (0.19; 1.66)	NS	
Sepsis			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	6 (3%) [9 (4%)]	RR 0.68 ⁴⁷¹ (0.25; 1.88)	NS	
Programania			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	9 (4%) [5 (2%)]	RR 1.83 ⁴⁷² (0.62; 5.38)	NS	
Pneumonia			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 μg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	5 (2%) [5 (2%)]	RR 1.02 ⁴⁷³ (0.30; 3.48)	NS	
Serious				Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	2 (12%) [7 (8%)]	RR 0.29 ⁴⁷⁴ (0.06; 1.38)	NS
arteriovenous graft thrombosis			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	8 (4%) [7 (8%)]	RR 1.17 ⁴⁷⁵ (0.43; 3.17)	NS	

⁴⁷⁰ Calculated by ERT
471 Calculated by ERT
472 Calculated by ERT
473 Calculated by ERT
474 Calculated by ERT
475 Calculated by ERT

		Outcome Assessment		ments zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	ults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
AE leading to			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q2W 221/223	EPO QW-TIW 225/226	-	27%/453 µg/L (31%/ 505 µg/L)	100 µg/2wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.97 (11.91)	11.80 (11.82)	9 (4%) [1 (0.4%)]	RR 9.16 ⁴⁷⁶ (1.17; 71.72)	NS
withdrawal			Methoxy polyethylene glycol-EPO β Q4W 220/224	EPO QW-TIW 225/226		28%/522 μg/L (31%/ 505 μg/L)	200 µg/4wk (9600 IU/wk)	11.85 (11.91)	11.61 (11.82)	6 (3%) [1 (0.4%)]	RR 6.14 ⁴⁷⁷ (0.74; 50.56)	NS
C.E.R.A. vs. Dar	rbepoetin α											
Any AE	-										135 (88%) [143 (92%)]	NS ⁴⁷⁸
SAEs	UI18586762	(5.7 WK)	C.E.R.A. 157/157	Darbepoetin α 156/156	CKD 5D	28.4%/nd (28.0%/nd)	0.35 µg/kg/wk (0.44 µg/kg/wk)	12.0 (11.9)	12.1 (11.8)		71 (46%) [75 (48%)] ⁴⁷⁹	NS ⁴⁸⁰
AE leading to withdrawal	- Multi	,				,	, 100,	,			1 (1%) [1 (1%)]	NS ⁴⁸¹
Treatment related AE											13 ⁴⁸² (8%) [9 ⁴⁸³ (6%)	NS
SAEs	Macdougall 2008	28 wks	C.E.R.A. Q2W	Darbepoetin α	CKD 2.4	24%/175 μg/L	— 75 μg/L 0.34 μg/kg 10.2 12.18		49 ⁴⁸⁴ (30%) [58 ⁴⁸⁵ (36%)	NS		
SAEs related to study medication	2008 UI18287255 Multi	(28 wks)	162/162	QW 162/162	CKD 3-4	(24%/186 µg/L)	(0.19 μg/kg)	(10.2)	(12.01)	Maculopapular rash, angioneirotic adema HTN	10 ⁴⁸⁶ (1%) [2 ⁴⁸⁷ (1%)	NS

⁴⁷⁶ Calculated by ERT ⁴⁷⁷ Calculated by ERT ⁴⁷⁸ Calculated by ERT

⁴⁷⁹ Serious adverse events were considered to be related to study treatment in one patient in CERA group (arteriovenous graft thrombosis) and three patients in DA group (arteriovenous graft thrombosis, AVF site hemorrhage and cerebral infarction)

and cerebral infarction)
480 Calculated by ERT
481 Calculated by ERT
482 Calculated by ERT
483 Calculated by ERT
484 Calculated by ERT
485 Calculated by ERT
486 Calculated by ERT
487 Calculated by ERT

	Andhan Va	Outcome Assessment		ments rzed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	ults	
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value
AE leading to study withdrawal		·						,		Withdrawn as a result of AE	5 ⁴⁸⁸ (3%) [10 ⁴⁸⁹ (6%)	NS
Any AE										Most common: HTN, peripheral edema, diarrhea, nasopharyngitis	146 ⁴⁹⁰ (90%) [147 ⁴⁹¹ (91%)	NS
AV thromboembolic events										Limb venothrombosis, pulmonary embolism, MI, stroke	5 ⁴⁹² (3%) [2 ⁴⁹³ (1%)	NS
SAE			C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73				Median IQR range 0.17 μg/kg/wk (0.17 μg/kg/wk)		11.92 (11.89)	None considered to be treatment related	wn as a 5488 (3%) of AE [10489 (6%) mmon: ripheral 146490 (90%) mea, [147491 (91%) mbosis, 5492 (3%) parry [2493 (1%) me ered to 11494 (15%) ttment [30 (20%)] (0 ted ne ered to 11495 (15%) ttment [30 (20%)] (0 ted to study 1 (1%) ation [0 (0%)] tto study 0 (0%)	NS (0.391)
[safety]	Kessler 2010	53 wk	C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72	Darbepoetin α	CKD Stage	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL	Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	8-11 g/dL	11.70 (11.89)	None considered to be treatment related		NS (0.415)
	- UI19888948 Multi	(53 wk)	C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73	QW/Q2W 151/151	3-4	(≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	(8-11g/dL)	11.92 (11.89)	Related to study medication		nd
			C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72				Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)		11.70 (11.89)	Related to study medication	0 (0%) [0 (0%)]	nd

⁴⁸⁸ Calculated by ERT
489 Calculated by ERT
490 Calculated by ERT
491 Calculated by ERT
492 Calculated by ERT
493 Calculated by ERT
494 Event rate calculated by ERT
495 Event rate calculated by ERT
496 Calculated by ERT

	A 41 V -	Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	sults			
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value		
Any AE Inefetyl	_		C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73				Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)		11.92 (11.89)	At least 1 AE mild or moderate in intensity	48 (67%) [99 (66%)] ⁴⁹⁷	NS (0.978)		
Any AE [safety]			C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72				Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)	-	11.70 (11.89)	At least 1 AE mild or moderate in intensity	46 (64%) [99 (66%)] ⁴⁹⁸	NS (0.808)		
HTN [safety]			C.E.R.A. Q2W 73/73				Median IQR range 0.17 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)		11.92 (11.89)	nd	1 (1%) [5 (3%)] ⁴⁹⁹	NS (0.416)		
TTN [Salety]			C.E.R.A. Q4W 72/72				Median IQR range 0.22 µg/kg/wk (0.17 µg/kg/wk)		11.70 (11.89)	nd	3 (4%) [5 (3%)] ⁵⁰⁰	NS (0.748)		
Hypertension							, , , ,				24 (16%) [37 (24%)]			
Renal impairment											9 (6%) [16 (10%)]			
Hyperkalemia											13 (9%) [8 (5%)]			
Upper respiratory tract infection	Roger 2011 UI21505096	ZO WK	ae ZOWK C.		C.E.R.A Q4W	Darbepoetin α QW/Q2W	CKD Stage	24%/186 μg/L (23.8%/207	Median 80 µg/4wk	9.53 g/dL	11.3 g/dL (11.5	nd	9 (6%) [11 (7%)]	nd
Constipation	UI21505096 Multi	(20 wk)	153/153	154/154	3-4	µg/L)	(110 µg/4wk) ⁵⁰¹	(9.53 g/dL)	g/dL ⁵⁰²)		5 (3%) [12 (8%)]			
Diarrhea											10 (7%) [6 (4%)]	•		
Urinary tract infection											6 (4%) [8 (5%)]			
Hypotension											5 (3%) [8 (5%)]			

⁴⁹⁷ Calculated by ERT
498 Calculated by ERT
499 Calculated by ERT
500 Calculated by ERT
501 Estimated from figure
502 Estimated from figure

	A (1 V	Outcome Assessment		ments /zed / Enrolled)	Baseline GFR	Baseline TSAT /	Mean ESA dose	Hemoglo	bin (g/dL)	Res	ults		
Adverse Event	Author, Year, Country	Time (Treatment Duration)	Arm 1 (Intervention)	Arm 2 (Comparator)	Arm 1 (Arm 2) [CKD Stage]	Ferritin Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Baseline Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Achieved Arm 1 (Arm 2)	Definition	Events No (%) Arm 1 [Arm 2]	P-value	
Nasopharyngitis											5 (3%) [8 (5%)]		
Pneumonia	•										2 (1%) [8 (5%)]	•	
C.E.R.A vs. C.E.R	.A.										- \ /-		
SAE [safety]	_									None considered to be treatment related	11 ⁵⁰³ (15%) [11 (15%)]	NS (0.972)	
AE related to study medication [safety]	Kessler 2010 UI19888948		53 wk	C.E.R.A. Q2W	C.E.R.A. Q4W	CKD Stage	≥20%/≥100 ng/mL	Median IQR range	8-11 g/dL	11.92	Related to study medication	1 (1%) [0 (0%)] ⁵⁰⁴	nd
Any AE [safety]	Multi	(53 wk)	73/73	72/72	3-4	(≥20%/≥100 ng/mL)	0.17 μg/kg/wk (0.22 μg/kg/wk)	(8-11g/dL)	(11.70)	At least 1 AE mild or moderate in intensity	48 (67%) [46 (64%)] ⁵⁰⁵	NS (0.814)	
HTN [safety]										nd	1 (1%) [3 (4%)] ⁵⁰⁶	NS (0.330)	

⁵⁰³ Event rate calculated by ERT 504 Calculated by ERT 505 Calculated by ERT 506 Calculated by ERT